BRADEN'S COUGH CURE
WILL CURE YOUR COLD.
TRY A BOTTLE.
D. E. CAMPBELL, PROPRIETOR.

The Daily Colonist.

We have received a consignment of
DR. FLINT'S COMPOUND EXTRACT OF
SARSAPARILLA
The Great Skin and Blood Remedy.
DEAN & CRYDERMAN,
Yates Street. Sole Agents.

VOL LXVII.--NO. 101. VICTORIA, BRITISH COLUMBIA, SUNDAY APRIL 10. 1892. THIRTY-FOURTH YEAR.

BRITISH COLUMBIA
LAND and INVESTMENT AGENCY, L'd

HEAD OFFICE, 15 Serjeant's Inn, Fleet Street, LONDON, ENGLAND.

DIRECTORS IN LONDON: T. D. GALPIN, T. ALLSOP, W. WALTER.

The business of ALLSOP & MASON has been merged in the above Company, and will be carried on by the Company from this date as a general Land Investment and Insurance Agency.
MONEY TO LOAN on Mortgage at Low Rates.
Town Lots and Farming Lands for Sale on Easy Terms.
Time deposits in large or small amounts received at interest.

LOCAL DIRECTORS: HENRY S. MASON. C. A. HOLLAND.
Victoria, B. C., May 16th, 1887. je24-tf-dw

NOTICE OF REMOVAL.

A. W. JONES & BRIDGMAN
—HAVE—
Removed Into New Offices
—AT—
NO. 28 FORT STREET, FIVE SISTERS' BLOCK.

L. B. HAMLIN, C. E. and D. L. S.
FRANCIS BOURCHIER, Notary Public.

HAMLIN, BOURCHIER & CO.
SYNDICATE
—AND—
ESTATE - BROKERS,
Fort Street.

ALBERNI TOWN EXTENSION
ANDERSON PROPERTY.

A survey of this property is now being made, and the proprietors propose to offer a number of Lots for Sale by Public Auction during the month of May.
The Anderson property commands all the deep water frontage suitable for shipping, at the head of Alberni Canal, where there is a splendid harbor, and where vessels of large tonnage loaded lumber cargoes when the Alberni Mills were in operation.
The townsite is the shipping point for the rapidly-growing Settlement of Alberni, which is extending towards, and will in time be connected with, Comox, and the Coal Mines of that District; and it is the natural outlet for the shipment, Foreign, of Coal and other products from the North-east part of the Island.
Maps of the townsite will be distributed as soon as the survey has been completed
MATTHEW T. JOHNSTON,
AGENT FOR ANDERSON, ANDERSON & CO., - WHARF STREET.
ap3-1m

NOTICE.
If your watch wants repairing, bring it to us, and we will guarantee satisfaction.
We also make a specialty of MANUFACTURING and REPAIRING all kinds of JEWELRY at the lowest possible price. We solicit a trial.
DAVIDSON BROS.,
Five Sisters' Block, 59 Government St.

MONAVALE FARM
FOR SALE IN
10-ACRE BLOCKS.
Situate on Saanich Road, About 7½ Miles from P.O.
Good land, suitable for Ranches, Orchards or Market Gardens. Good Spring all the year round.
$50 TO $125 PER ACRE.
TERMS EASY.
SWINERTON & ODDY,
REAL ESTATE BROKERS AND NOTARIES PUBLIC,
ap9 12m N. W. Corner Government and Yates Streets.

NOTHING NEW UNDER THE SUN.
MR. CARL KOSCHE, ARTIST IN HAIR work, 31 Government Street, Victoria, where he is prepared to show the most artistic variety of Hair Goods; also Ladies' Hair Cutting and Dressing. All work guaranteed. mc31

CURTAINS CLEANED.
Lace curtains cleaned equal to new 'French system; reasonable rates, according to size. Those wishing curtains called for please send postal. MRS. McLEAN,
ap3-1m 24 Rithet Street.

REMOVED.—Mrs. Randall has removed her Dressmaking Parlors to 37 View street, and is prepared to take orders for Spring and Summer Dresses. A perfect fit guaranteed.
m?30-1m

SPECIAL NOTICE.
Mr. Chas. P. Lowe is no longer authorized to transact any business for us, and never had authority to act as our agent, and was only employed to solicit orders on commission, which authority has been revoked.
DEMING-PALMER MILLING CO.
Victoria, April 7th, 1892. ap8 6t

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

WANTED—A furnished house. Apply Box 753. ap10-6t

WANTED—First-class vestmaker; two pants hands; highest wages, 42 Broad st. ap10.

WANTED—A Waitress. Apply Hotel Janion, 26 Store street. 3t-ap10

EXPERIENCED, careful, trusty nurse, in any capacity. Address H. P. Simpson, 77 Henry street. ap10-12t

TO LET—Three large offices, ground floor, in the Victoria Theatre building. Apply 65 Wharf street. ap10.

LADIES can have their dresses made in the latest styles at their own houses, by applying to Miss Freer, (Late of Toronto), corner Vancouver and Pandora streets. ap10.

SEND me 50 or more well preserved Canadian, Columbian, or other postage stamps, (old and new) and you will receive the same number of Swiss or other European ones.—R. Rieser, Postoffice, Wetzikon, Switzerland. a10

FOR SALE CHEAP—A Weber piano almost new, also a lot of furniture and carpet. Apply 178 Yates street. ap10-t7

TO LET—Furnished house, corner Belleville and Montreal streets, James Bay. Apply John J. Austin, 63 Government street. ap10-tf

Jockey Club Grounds
GRAND GALA DAY!
Easter Monday, April 18
HALF HOLIDAY
FOR EVERYBODY.
Athletic Sports,
May Day Festivities,
Bicycle Races,
High Rope Performances,
Invisible Wire Display,
Tug of War,
Scottish Highland Dancing,
and other attractions too numerous to mention
SEE BILLS.
Admission, 50cts. and $1,00.
School Children, 25c.
Prizes on view at Messrs. Davidson Bros.' Jewelry store, Government street. ap10



HE HAS RHEUMATISM BAD!
ATWOOD'S
MAGIC -:- LINIMENT
IS A SURE REMEDY FOR
RHEUMATISM OR GOUT
SAMPLE FREE.
68 DOUGLAS ST. ap10

Johnson Street Ward.
Ladies and Gentlemen, I beg to announce myself as a candidate for Alderman, and solicit your vote and influence.
ap10 ANDREW GRAY.

GREAT UNRESERVED SALE
At Auction
SATURDAY, APRIL 16th,
1 P.M. SHARP, AT
Mortimer's Live Stock Mart
BROAD STREET, OPPOSITE TO DRIARD HOTEL,
One car of Extra Good Road Horses.
One car of Family Driving and Draft Horses.
One car of Thoroughbred Stock, and two THOROUGHBRED STALLIONS.
The Thoroughbred Stallion OPHER, the SIRE of BOGUS, the fastest half-mile heat horse in America.
The Clyde Stallion LORD DERBY (weight 1,975 lbs).
The pedigree of above will be furnished on sale. Twenty-five of the horses to be sold are the progeny of the above from half-bred Oregon and Percheron mares.
A written guarantee from a qualified veterinary surgeon as to age and soundness given with each horse.
TERMS—Cash on approved notes.
JAMES MORTIMER,
ap10 Auctioneer.

LADIES who have to earn their living can make it easier by selling our HYGEIA Electro-Magnetic Corsets than anything else. For terms apply to WESTERN CORSET CO., ST. LOUIS, MO. mc6-su-13t

Lots in Alberni City—a good investment—Apply to O'Neill & Cowie, 104 Yates St.

Easter Cards at Hibben & Co.'s.

NEWS OF THE PROVINCE.

Dead Body Found by Comox Indians—Confirmation by the Lord Bishop.

To Encourage Trade and Manufactures in New Westminster—The Experimental Farm.

VANCOUVER.

VANCOUVER, April 9.—The B.C. Fishing and Trading company have recently increased their capital, to enable them to carry on their business with better facilities, and will purchase a steam trawler in England. They are shipping a large amount of fish East.

Mr. L. S. Ailes, of Tacoma, who holds a patent for making pressed brick out of sand, and other ingredients, is making arrangements for the establishment of the manufacture here.

Mr. Sharpe, manager of the Experimental Farm at Agassiz, has decided to erect large barns there, capable of housing all the produce of the land brought under cultivation. Large shipments of lumber are now being sent from the Royal City Mills. Mr. Rockett is the contractor in charge.

At the Trades and Labor Council meeting the case of Alderman Gavin, who went out as conductor during the C.P.R. strike, was discussed at great length, and it was finally decided to have written statements from each side. A report unfavorable to the employment of sailors on ships in place of longshoremen, who make a living in that way, was received and adopted.

Messrs. Armstrong, Eckstein & Gaynor, of Westminster, are opening a law office here. Mr. Armstrong will be in charge.

There is no special feature to note in business circles during the past week, and trade continues steady. The changeable weather had been rather unfavorable to dry goods merchants, but the business transactions of the last few months fully equal those of the previous year. Building operations are still being carried forward briskly, as is all other outdoor work.

WESTMINSTER.

NEW WESTMINSTER, April 9.—Geo. McLean was sent up for three months for breaking the door of Annie Brown, a klootchman, and forcing her to drink whiskey. Charles Sullivan, while drunk, broke in the door of a private house and was fined $20, or two months' hard labor. Daniel Matheson, while drunk, thrashed Officer Douglass, and got one month.

The Westminster Board of Trade has appointed committees to make investigation and enquiry into prospects and inducements for the establishment of industries to be established and encouraged in and around the city, and to report to the council of the Board on the 15th inst. One of the industries to be considered, is the deep sea fisheries. Another, is the proposal to increase the manufacture of machinery and iron works, and it will be proposed to establish on a large scale, a factory for the making of sealed tins and the canning of all kinds of native grown fruit. The action of the business men of the city in this matter will receive the support of every class and condition of citizens.

A fracas at a disreputable house, run by Lena Grant, was settled out of court. The Grant woman failed to appear against Frank Plant, charged with robbing her of a watch and diamond ring and with assault.

The salmon exporters have made several large shipments during the past week, and the spring salmon have been in very active demand. The run so far has been slight, and the old fishermen say that it will not improve till the weather gets warmer. The freezers are well prepared to handle the fish in any quantities when they come.

NANAIMO.

NANAIMO, April 9.—Dan Galbraith met with an accident at the saw mills on Thursday, as he was about to quit work, by running a stick of wood through the palm of his hand.

At the meeting of Nanaimo Lodge, No. 53, A.O.U.W., W. Wolfe, M. Bate, sr., and Charles Horth, were elected as representatives to attend the convention to arrange for the institution of the Grand lodge. Mr. J. Hilbert was elected as alternative representative.

The dead body of George Gibbs, a Virginian, was found by Indians at Comox on the 3rd inst. Gibbs was a coal trimmer, and a noted whiskey drinker. He left Union on the 24th of March in an open canoe with three bottles of whiskey, and was not seen again till his dead body was found.

The Bishop of Columbia administered the rite of Confirmation to a number of candidates. At Wellington there were eleven candidates confirmed and six at Cedar. His lordship delivered an address respecting the origin of the rite, its spiritual and apostolic authority and the development of the higher and spiritual life. En route to Wellington the Bishop spent an hour at Northfield, and in company with Mr. Robins and Rev. S. Agassiz, inspected the new approach to the church and also the beautiful font presented by Mr. Robins, a handsome work of art.

DENMAN ISLAND.

The weather has been very fine lately, and in some places the grass is headed out, though last week has been rather cold, with frost at nights.

Mr. Stafford McKelvy has returned from the old country after a nine months' visit, bringing with him a young bride.

On the last trip of the San Mateo she loaded in two and one half days, at the Union wharf, the quickest time yet.

CHILIAN CONCERNS.

Minister Egan Declines the French Mission—Balmaceda's Ministers.

VALPARAISO, April 9.—U.S. Consul McCreery stated to-day that Minister Patrick Egan has been offered by Secretary of State Blaine the appointment of minister either to Paris or to Pekin. Mr. Egan declined both offers. He did not want to go to Paris on the ground that it was too expensive. His objection to Pekin was the distance. The president of the Chamber of Deputies will not call a session of that body for the consideration of matters relative to the accusations against the late President Balmaceda's ministers. The Senate will meet for that purpose, however, during the latter part of this month. The railway between Huanchoca and Oruro, Bolivia, will be opened for traffic on April 16.

FROM MONTREAL.

Floods Not Now Feared—Rowing Association Formed—Young Allan's Legacy.

MONTREAL, April 8.—All danger of floods here has disappeared, and the water is falling.

Representatives of the various boating clubs of the province met here, last night, and decided to organize themselves into an association, to be known as the Rowing Association of the Province of Quebec.

The iron bridge of the Drummond R. R., over the Nicolet river, at St. Leonard, has been carried away by the high water and ice.

The Transfer Committee of the Methodist Church has concluded its business. The following transfers were made: H. L. Lovering, Toronto, to British Columbia; E. V. Smith, Niagara, to British Columbia; D. Burks, Guelph, to British Columbia.

The Liberals have taken proceedings to contest the election of Mr. McMillan, M.P. for Vaudreuil.

The youngest son of Sir Hugh Allan, having attained his majority, will, under the terms of his father's will, which bequeaths an estate valued at about $7,000,000, receive about six-twentieths of the profits of the business. His two brothers, Bryce J. and H. Montague, will receive each seven-twentieths.

Jack Becose and W. McKenna, well-known lacrosse players, left, this week, for New Westminster. They will play with the lacrosse team of that city during the season. McVey, of the Shamrocks, will also leave, in a few days, to join the same team.

CABLE NEWS.

Home Rule in Ireland—Attitude of Ulster Loyalists Creates a Sensation.

What is Brewing in the Argentine?—Hard Experiences of a British Ship.

A Hard Voyage.

LONDON, April 9.—The British sailing ship Dundrennen, Captain Potter, which left Tacoma October 13th, for Liverpool, reached Queenstown, to-day, after a voyage of 188 days, during the latter part of which, the crew suffered frightfully from scurvy. Five of the crew were in a dying condition when the vessel sailed into Queenstown, and were taken ashore when the situation of affairs became known to the authorities. The crew had been living for a long time on salt food, being out of fresh provisions. The sickness of the five men threw all the work on the remaining three, who were able to be on duty, and the latter were fast running down when the vessel got into port.

Ulster and Home Rule.

LONDON, April 9.—The declaration of the Ulster Loyalists, through their representatives, that they would use all possible means to overthrow Irish Home Rule, if it were enacted, besides preventing its enactment if possible, has caused a sensation in political circles. No one pretends that the Irish Loyalists are in earnest. It is known that they are organized and ready for a struggle whenever a Home Rule Parliament should attempt to assume authority over them. Meantime the Ulster Loyalists propose to appeal to English Protestants generally, and especially to the Nonconformists for aid in preventing the calamities which they claim Home Rule would bring upon them.

Argentine Troubles.

LONDON, April 8.—The Times Buenos Ayres special says: Pitkin, American Minister to Argentine republic, and Admiral Walker, commander of the American squadron, are holding daily conferences with the Uruguayan Minister of Foreign Affairs. A quasi-secret agreement has been reached by which Uruguay guarantees to provide a depot for coal and provisions for the United States navy. Foreign diplomats agree that the speeches of Minister Pitkin and his secretary, Fasback, at Buenos Ayres at a banquet given by officers of the American squadron, were indiscreet, and annoyed the people of the Argentine Republic. The officers of the battalions at Zarate, Argentine Republic, who were placed under arrest on suspicion of being implicated in a plot to overthrow the Government, will be released unless conclusive proof is brought forward to show their complicity in the proposed revolt.

Forest Fire.

BERLIN, April 9.—An extensive fire is raging in the forest between Hohenzehwangan and Tuessen. An area of 500 acres has already been burned over. A thousand and twenty engines are engaged in efforts to check the progress of the conflagration.

Shot His Wife and Mother-in-Law.

BERLIN, April 9.—A brickmaker named Uckrow, living in the Reinickendorfer Strasse, shot his wife and mother-in-law dead, to-day, and then committed suicide. He had been married but a short time. Jealousy of his wife led to the tragedy.

Adjournment of the Landtag.

BERLIN, April 9.—The sudden adjournment of the Landtag has occasioned considerable criticism, and the newspapers are full of indirect comments upon the erratic political methods of the Emperor. He is said to suffer from a mulitplicity of advisers, outside of his Cabinet, who are unknown to the people, and therefore free to lead him into all sorts of injudicious acts, to suit their ambitions. He is exceedingly susceptible to the suggestions of the men whom he meets in his "Coffee Parliaments," as these informal consultations are called, and is often ready to throw over the careful plans of his Ministers, in deference to the random remarks of a man like Hinzpeter or Dr. Guessfeldt.

CAPITAL NOTES.

Government Strongly Urged to Make a Grant to the B. C. Southern.

Canadian Cattle in Great Britain—Possible Changes in B. C. Representation.

The Offal Regulations to be Rigidly Enforced on the Fraser River.

From our own Correspondent.

OTTAWA, April 9.—Civil suits were yesterday commenced in each Court against Patrick Larkin, M. K. Connolly, M. Connolly, O. E. Murphy and Robert McGreevy, on eight separate courts, arising out of last year's parliamentary inquiry the amount claimed is $770,406.

Sir Charles Tupper cables that owing to the foot and mouth disease, Cheshire is declared to be an infected county, but the landing place of Canadian cattle is exempted. He recommends, however, that only the best cattle—those whose value will not be materially affected by compulsory slaughter—be shipped for the present.

Greynalds' distillery at Berthier, Que., confiscated by the Inland Revenue Department, some time ago, for infraction of the law by the proprietors, was sold at public auction yesterday.

At to-day's meeting of the Cabinet, Chief Justice Hagarty was selected to close the Ontario Legislature in place of Lieut.-Governor Campbell.

The brand "Our Gem," selected as the standard for straight roller flour, by the board of delegates, which met for the purpose of choosing standards for flour, on October 22nd last, having been found too high a grade as to color to meet the requirements of the market, this standard was rejected and the brand "Whitestar" substituted as the standard for "Straight roller" from April 1st.

Mr. Metcalfe, M.P., is recovering his health.

Judge Elliott, of London, has decided that election bets are void. (sic.)

The Toronto by-election for the vacant seat in the Local Legislature takes place on April 27. Geo. Tait Blackstock, an able lawyer, will be the Conservative candidate.

Now that the charter to the B. C. Southern railway has been granted, Messrs. Earle and Prior, and their colleauges, are urging the Government to grant a federal subsidy to the road. The general feeling among the members, however, is that the subsidy will not be granted, as it is morally certain that a line through Crows' Nest will be built irrespective of the subsidy, and they feel that other roads in British Columbia are deserving financial aid as, for instance, the Cariboo railway.

Dr. John Ferguson, ex-M.P. for Welland, has been appointed a Senator.

C. G. Johnson, of Vancouver, has been appointed Registrar of the Admiralty Court of British Columbia.

It seems likely that the redistribution bill will make certain changes in the boundaries of the Mainland constituencies, in order to equalize the representation. Yale and Cariboo may be united and additional members given to the Westminster district, or an entire change made in the boundaries of the constituencies.

In the despatch dated April 1st, a paragraph relative to the fishery regulations should read: "The offal regulations will be rigidly enforced this year."

The grand jury at Cayuga has thrown out the bill of indictment for perjury against J. B. Wood, on whose evidence Mr. German, ex-M.P., was disqualified. Wood was sent for trial at Welland, some time ago, but owing to the political feeling which existed against him there, a change of venue was granted him with the above results.

THE CANADIAN WESTERN.

An Act Extending Charter and Land Grant—Railway to Northern End of Island.

Canadian Northern to Secure Land Grant if Canadian Western Does not Begin.

The Hon. Mr. Turner, yesterday, brought down a bill entitled, "An Act respecting the Canadian Western Central Railway Company, and the Canadian Northern Railway Company." The Act is divided into three parts.

Part I provides for the extension of the time limit of the subsidy and charter of the Canadian Western Central.

Part II provides for a conditional grant of land to the Canadian Northern Railway, similar in extent to the Canadian Western Central grant.

Part III, sec. 4, provides that upon security being furnished that there will be an expenditure of fifty thousand dollars by the 1st of August, 1893, in surveys, etc., for the railway, the first part of the Act shall be declared to be in force. No such order will be made after four months from the passage of the Act. Sec. 5 provides that, in case no order is made under the provisions of sec. 4, the second part may be declared to be in force. Sec. 6 makes it lawful for the Government to arrange for the building of a line of railway from the terminus of the E. & N. railway at Wellington, to a convenient point on the northernend of Vancouver Island, by the company that undertakes to build the line on the Mainland. Sec. 7 provides for the granting of a land subsidy of — acres, per mile, in alternate sections, to the railway so built on the Island.

The above bill revives, under certain conditions, the charter and land grant of the Canadian Western. If that company does not come up, within four months, with the necessary guarantee that $50,000 will be expended by the 1st August, 1893, their charter and subsidy lapses. It will then be within the power of the Lieut.-Governor in Council to arrange that the land grant be given the Canadian Northern Co., on the necessary guarantee of expenditure by the 1st August, 1893, being furnished. This gives the Canadian Western Co., who have been negotiating with Eastern capitalists to build the line, the opportunity to complete the deal, and secure their charter and land grant. In the event of these negotiations not coming to a successful completion, then the new company, the Canadian Northern, may take their place and carry out the scheme, under similar conditions.

The provision made for the building of a line from Wellington to the northern end of the Island is a wise one. It will permit the necessary connections with the mainland line, and also open up the northern districts of the Island, a scheme which will meet with the hearty approval of all residents of Victoria and the Island.

Col. Kane, at present in Victoria, states that his syndicate have all the money and executive ability to carry out the extensive undertaking. He will immediately arrange for the formation of a construction company to carry on the work, which will be begun immediately by sending surveyors into the field. The necessary deposit as a guarantee will be forthcoming as soon as he can communicate with his principals.

Mr. Northey, the active promoter of the Canadian Northern, is absent from Victoria, but will return in a few days. He has associated with him the principal capitalists of Tacoma and several of Philadelphia. Mr. Northey will shortly take up his residence in Victoria.

CANADIAN NEWS.

Damages by Ice in New Brunswick—An Election Witness Charged with Perjury.

Fire at Brandon—Expenses of the Quebec Legislature to be Reduced—Death of Captain Aird.

GUELPH, Ont., April 9.—Carle, the only son of Thomas Huga, was killed this morning by the upsetting of a cart in which he was riding.

BRANDON, April 9.—Last night a fire broke out in the second flat of McKelvey & Dumwoody's dry goods establishment here, burning and damaging goods to the amount of about $4,000.

CAYUGA, April 9.—The grand jury at the assizes here, in the case of James B. Wood, for perjury, on whose evidence Mr. German was unseated as M.P. for Welland, and disqualified for parliamentary honors, returned a true bill, but afterwards found they had been improperly served. The finding was consequently quashed; but Wood was immediately re-arrested on the information of Mr. German.

ST. JOHN, N. B., April 9.—The ice in the Naswa, opposite Fredericton, ran out, carrying with it about a million logs belonging to Mr. Gibson. The second pier of the Woodstock bridge, located in the centre of the river, gave way before the pressure of the ice against it and tearing down two of the largest spans.

BELLEVILLE, April 9.—While out with his two brothers, shooting pike, Alexander McMullen was killed by the accidental discharge of his gun.

QUEBEC, April 9.—L'Evenement confirms the news that the members of the late Government would be sued before a court of justice.

LONDON, April 9.—Dr. G. P. Jones, one of the best known physicians in the Dominion, died suddenly on Wednesday.

MONTREAL, April 9.—Captain Aird, formerly of the Allan steamship Sarmatian, and for many years in the service, was accidentally drowned, yesterday, at Cowansville. Captain Aird was a popular navigator, and was well known throughout the Dominion.

QUEBEC, April 9.—An attempt is to be made to reduce, by $10,000 a year, the expenses of the Parliament House here.

A Priest Reprimanded.

CITY OF MEXICO, April 9.—Alfonzo Munoze, the Catholic priest of this city, who made such a sensational and vicious attack on the United States and Americans through the Tiempo newspaper, the organ of the clerical party, a few days ago, was yesterday summoned before Archbishop Jose Maria Alarcon and received a severe reprimand.

England's Reply to Canada.

LONDON, April 8.—In the House of Commons, to-night, the parliamentary secretary for the colonial office, replying to an enquiry, said a reply had been sent to the Canadian Parliament praying that the Queen denounce and terminate the provisions of certain foreign treaties that are incompatible with the rights of the Canadian Parliament for the regulation of commerce and calculated to produce complications within the Empire. The secretary added that it would not be proper to make the text of the reply known until it had been communicated to the Canadian Parliament.

TORONTO TOPICS.

Ontario Legislature By-Election—Outbreak of Diphtheria.

TORONTO, April 9.—The by-election to fill the vacancy caused in the Legislature by the death of H. E. Clarke, will be held on the 29th inst., the nomination taking place a week earlier.

Diphtheria has broken out in the Infants' Home, here. Two nurses and five children have been removed to the Isolation Hospital.

Easter Cards at Hibben & Co.'s.

To the Front.
Jackson's Irish tweed, serge and summer freize suitings to hand this day. *

Easter Cards at Hibben & Co.'s.

Orders for engraving and lithographing promptly executed by first-class artists, at the COLONIST office. *

A few elegant French China Dinner Services at Weiler Bros. *

Easter Cards at Hibben & Co.'s.

E. A. McEachern, fruit importer, promises to have ripe fruit about April 20. *

VICTORIA WATER.

It Does Not Deserve Half the Abuse that it Receives.

A Recent Analysis by Mr. Herbert Carmichael, with Comments.

"It's a wonder to me that there is not more sickness in Victoria, with the water that we have to drink"—and the speaker shrugged his shoulders, as if to express his compassion for the unfortunate Victorians.

The speech was not a new one by any means; there are hundreds who are constantly affirming, and who in all likelihood believe, that the water supplied by the mains to citizens of Victoria, is not fit to drink. And yet their condemnation of the water of Victoria is ill-deserved; scientific analysis has established the fact that for purity and healthfulness, it is above the average, and compares very favorably with waters whose reputation is world-wide.

Mr. Herbert Carmichael, provincial analyst, has recently made an analysis of Victoria City water, taken from the tap on the 4th, 5th and 6th of the present month, with the following result:

Total solid matter....	2 grains per gallon	
Chlorine.....	1.2 " "	
Free ammonia	.00345 parts per million	(animal and vegetable contamination.)
Albuminoid ammonia..	.0238 parts per million	(principally vegetable contamination.)
Hardness	3 degrees.	(No poisonous metals).

For purposes of comparison, the analyses of a few other waters are given:

TOTAL SOLID MATTER.

London (Thames Cos.)..	18.5 grains	per gallon.
Bala Lake	3.2 "	"
The Rhine at Basel	11.8 "	"
Glasgow (Loch Katrine)	2.3 "	"

CHLORINE.

London (Thames Co's)..	1.2 grains	per gallon.
Bala Lake	.7 "	"
Tunbridge Wells	3.7 "	"
Sample of sewage.....	9.9 "	"

ORGANIC MATTER (AMMONIA).

	Parts of Millious. Free Ammonia.	Albuminoid Ammonia.
London (West Middlesex Water Company..	.01	0.7
London (Grand Junction Co	.01	.08
Glasgow (Loch Katrine)	.00	.08

HARDNESS.

London (Thames Co's)	16.5 degrees.
Well in Derbyshire	7.5 "
Manchester water.. ...	3.0 "

Mr. Carmichael remarks, in discussing the foregoing figures, "The general analysis of Victoria water as shown is good, in fact a little above the average at the present time. The less total solids in a water, taken as a rule, the purer it is; but for drinking a small quantity of mineral solid matter is beneficial rather than otherwise: Victoria water has a very small amount of solid matter.

"Chlorine occurs in drinking water usually in combination with sodium as common salt, in itself it would not do much harm, but the presence of chlorine is, in some indirect manner, an indication of sewage contamination. If a sample of water is nearly free from chlorine it cannot have been charged with sewage; five or ten grains of chlorine per gallon are not an absolute bar to the use of a water, but only a reason for suspicion.

"If a water yield no albuminoid ammonia it may be considered as organically pure; if the yield is over ·10 parts per million it is a suspicious sign; and over ·15 ought to condemn a water absolutely. Nor should it contain more than ·08 parts per million of free ammonia."

THE SEWERAGE SYSTEM.

What is Being Done on this Important Work —Many Items of Interest.

The following items concerning the work that has been done on the sewerage system, during the past few months, will be found to be of general interest. They show how well matters are progressing:

Commencing at the outlet of Clover Point, during the low tides, a large number of men are working blasting out the remainder of the trench for the reception of steel mains running out beyond low water. That portion of the work from the steel main to the commencement of the tunnel is already completed. It measures a distance of four hundred feet, and is all inverted and arched with concrete, showing a perfectly smooth and even surface. It has only been finished for a short time, but, notwithstanding this, is already as hard and firm as granite, proving beyond a doubt the excellence of the material used in its construction. From this point, running north on Moss street for a distance of thirteen hundred feet, the invert, or lower half, is also completed, and a good deal of it is also arched. Over four hundred feet of this piece, however, will not need arching, as the native rock is so hard that it does not require any support or covering. The top of this stretch is carried up with concrete, the sides sloping back to the height of one foot above the line of springing. This will, of course, effect a considerable saving of costly concrete work.

Of the tunneling work and large main there remain, not yet completed, about four hundred feet, and labor on this portion has been suspended for several days, on account of the water having been dammed up by parties claiming some of the adjacent land, thereby obstructing a natural water course. Thus it will be seen that only a small portion of the 2,100 feet of tunnel work remains uncompleted.

From the point last spoken of, the main sewer through Snowden street to Cook and thence to View street is completed, and all that piece along Southgate, through the MacTavish and Convent grounds, is now being worked on by a large force of men, as is also that part, as yet unfinished, between the foot of Government street along Wharf to the Custom House. From this point, the main is also nearly completed to Pembroke and Douglas streets. Three gangs of men are now filling it in and finishing up generally. The man holes on Humboldt, Vancouver and Douglas streets are all finished.

A NEW COAL MINE.

The Black Diamond Discovered on Tumbo Island in Great Quantity.

The transfer of the Tumbo Island Coal Co. to Messrs. Green & Watelet was announced in the COLONIST some time ago. On the 21st January last, Mr. P. Watelet arrived in Victoria, and at once proceeded to the property and commenced development work. He has continued his arduous labors ever since, and a few days ago was rewarded by discovering a rich seam of coal at a depth of 60 feet, and running a considerable distance from south-east to north.

The works for the sinking of the shaft, etc., are on the south side of the island, about 50 feet from high water mark, with ample harbor accommodation, so that the shipment of the black diamond will be comparatively inexpensive. Operations have been progressing wonderfully, more than 50,000 square feet of rock having been blasted, and a shaft of 10x12 sunk to a depth of 60 feet. The machinery is all in position, and Mr. Watelet is delighted with the prospects, and hopes soon to commence the shipment of coal. From the position of the mine and the quantity of the coal, a sample of which was shown to some experts and a COLONIST reporter, yesterday, it is safe to predict a large output and a cheap article. Mr. Chas. Gabriel, one of the old proprietors of the mine, returned from the island with Mr. Watelet, yesterday, and is equally sanguine as to the prospects.

THE MOHICAN IN PORT.

A Vessel Distinguished in Actual Service—Interesting Reminiscences.

The U. S. warship Mohican cast anchor in Esquimalt harbor at 1:30 p. m. yesterday. She left Seattle at 5:30 a. m., in obedience to telegraphic orders form Washington, and will go into the dry dock on Monday morning. She left San Francisco two weeks ago with orders to visit the Sound ports, and off Point Wilson, near Port Townsend, she went aground. After she had got off an inspection by the ship's diver showed that the only damage she had suffered was the loss of about 10 feet of her false keel, and two days in the dry dock will amply suffice to repair this damage.

The Mohican is a modern cruiser of 1,900 tons displacement. She was rebuilt in 1885 on the lines and partly on the keel of the old Mohican, which was built by the Federal Government during the Civil war and did good service against the South. In 1885, when the Mohican was reconstructed, the alterations made were so great that it would be very difficult to recognize in the present cruiser the ship which served against the Confederates. Her full complement of men, including 25 marines, is 203. The primary battery consists of one 8-inch rifle, pivot, one rifled 60-pound breech-loading gun, and eight 9-inch smoothbore guns. As a secondary battery, she carries three Hotchkiss, three Gatling and three 3-inch boat guns. The Mohican is supposed to be able to steam twelve knots an hour, and coming up the Sound, yesterday, using four only of her eight boilers, she made a little better than ten knots an hour. The following are her officers: Captain, C. S. Cotton; 1st Lieut., S. W. Very; Navigator, W. C. Strong; Lieutenants, H. R. Tyler and A. F. Fechtler; Ensigns, J. B. Beale, H. Eldridge, J. D. Macdonald and W. K. Harrison; Surgeon, M. H. Simons; Assist. Surgeon, E. L. Long; Paymaster, J. C. Sullivan; Chief Engineer, C. J. McConnell; Assist. Engineer, S. Arnold; Captain Marines, O. C. Berryman; Pay Clerk, A. Norly. Captain C. S. Cotton served in the U. S. navy during the war, and was repeatedly mentioned for conspicuous bravery, both on the Mississippi and before New Orleans.

Lieut. Very was in Victoria in 1867. He was, at that time, on the U.S. warship Ressaca, which put in here with many of the crew down with yellow fever. Since then he has been here twice, and he can recall nothing but the most pleasant recollections of his previous visits. He has heard so much of the growth of the capital of British Columbia, that he expects to hardly recognize the city which he visited for the first time twenty-five years ago.

When her repairs are completed, it is expected that the Mohican will receive orders to cruise around Sound ports for the summer, and there seems to be a general impression among the officers that the services of the Mohican will not be utilized in Behring Sea during the coming season.

PASTE THIS IN YOUR HAT.

Patients visiting Drs. Darrin will do well to come direct to their offices on arriving in Seattle or Portland, and to be aware of "cappers" or strangers advising you to consult other doctors. Paste this in your hat, and remember their offices, one in Seattle, Wash., at the corner of Third and James streets, for a limited time only, and the other (head office) at Portland, Or., corner Fourth and Washington streets, where they are permanently located. Keep this for reference, as this will be the last advertisements of the doctors appearing in this paper. The doctors' reputation is so well known, and the rush of invalids to their offices is now so great, that it is not necessary for them to continue advertising.

They make a specialty of all diseases of the Eye, Ear, Nose and Throat, Catarrh and Deafness, Bronchstis, La Grippe, Consumption, Dyspepsia, Heart, Liver and Kidney Diseases. All Nervous, Chronic and Private Diseases of Men, such as Loss of Manhood, Blood Taints, All peculiar Female Troubles, Leucorrhœa, Displacements, etc., are confidentially and successfully treated, and will under no circumstances take a case that they cannot cure or benefit. Charges reasonable. Cures of private diseases guaranteed and never published in the papers. Most cases can receive home treatment after a visit to the doctors' office. Out-of-town patients treated with unfailing success through correspondence; one visit desirable but not necessary. Remedies sent safely and free from observation to any part of the country. Circulars and question blanks sent free. Inquiries answered. Office hours: 10 a.m. to 8 p.m. daily. Consultation free.

Lots in Alberni City—a good investment —Apply to O'Neill & Cowie, 104 Yates St.

The purest Jams are O'Kell & Morris'. *

TO LET. OR LEASE.

TO RENT.—Three rooms, furnished, suitable for housekeeping. 36 View street. ap9-2t

TO RENT—Seven rooms, with bath and pantry, over drug store. Apply to Thomas Shotbolt, 59 Johnson street. ap8

TO LET OR LEASE—A 7-room house, 76 Chatham street, east of Douglas. Enquire at 113 Quadra street. ap8-5t

TO LET—A small four-roomed cottage, situated on View street. Apply Dr. Hartman, 247 Yates street. ap7-tf

TO LET—Neatly furnished rooms, terms moderate, by day, week or month. No. 103½ Government street. Mrs. Dow. Ap.6-1m

TO LET—A twelve-roomed house, with modern improvements. Apply on premises, 112 Pandora avenue. ap5-6t.

TO LET—The third flat in the Lewis building, Yates street, containing seven fine rooms, suitable for offices. Apply to H. F. Heisterman & Co. mc6-tf

TO LET—Comfortable room, with use of kitchen if desired, at 139 Michigan St. m5

THOMAS HOOPER, ARCHITECT.

Office over SPENCER'S ARCADE, Government Street. tf

KEEFER & SMITH, CIVIL AND HYDRAULIC ENGINEERS
TURNER BLOCK, VICTORIA, B.C.
G. A. Keefer, M.I.C.E. H. B. Smith, M.I.C.E.

IMPERIAL FIRE INSURANCE CO.,
ESTABLISHED 1803.
INVESTED FUNDS OVER $8,000,000.
LOSSES PROMPTLY ADJUSTED.
Agent, H. E. CROASDAILE, 42 Fort Street.
oc29

Advertisements under the heads of Lost, Found, For Sale or To Let and Situations Wanted will be inserted at the rate of one cent a word each insertion. Payment always in advance. No advertisement received for less than twenty-five cents.

WANTS.

WANTED—A good live man to start a general store in Barclay; liberal inducements offered by the company. Apply at once to P. C. Macgregor, secretary, 18 Trounce Ave. ap8-tf

ENGLISHMAN with capital wishes to reside for few months on first-class farm, stock or dairy preferred, with view either to partnership or purchase. A picturesque neighborhood with good shooting and fishing desired, or might entertain the lumber business if good opening shown. Address "Vic," COLONIST, Victoria. ap8-3t

WANTED—By a single gentleman, about the 18th of April a furnished room in a private family, within five or ten minutes' walk of postoffice, where there are no other roomers. Address "E. S.," Colonist office. apl 5 tf

WANTED—A suitable person to take the position of matron of the Refuge Home. Applications to be made to Mrs. David Spencer, 12 Belleville Street. a6-6t

WANTED—Ward maid and male nurse. Apply at the Jubilee Hospital ap2-tf

WANTED—Two first-class female cooks, one to act as first, and the other to act as second; also two girls for kitchen work, for first-class restaurant. Apply to G., Colonist office. ap2-tf

SALESMEN—LOCAL AND TRAVELLING S—wanted to sell nursery stock for the old-established Fonthill Nurseries, comprising 700 acres; first-class hardy stock; new specialties; previous experience not essential; good pay; steady work; outfit free. Apply to British Columbia branch offices of STONE & WELLINGTON; J. Allen Clark, manager, Doan Block, Victoria, B. C. mc17-d&w

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—Good English saddle. Apply 17 Frederick street. ap9-1w

FOR SALE—Old fascioned mahogany bedroom set, child's crib, Singer sewing machine, good saddle, shotgun, etc. J. L. Farwig, 123 Fort street. ap1

FOR SALE—Farm of 200 acres in Shawnigan District; level land, good soil, no rocks, 60 acres slashed, 20 acres fenced and under cultivation; over 200 fruit trees of all kinds bearing; balance of land in prop and pile timber; frame house, log house, barn 60x125, 5 or 6 chicken houses, brooding house, 3 wells of water, 1½ miles from railroad station, on good Government road, 2 miles from water front. This is one of the finest farms in Shawnigan District. Price $3,300. $800 cash, balance to suit. O'Neil & Cowie, 104 Yates street. ap8

FOR SALE—About fifty loads of choice black soil. Apply at once to F. H. Curry, 22 Yates street. ap8-3t

FOR SALE—Eggs first cross—leghorn hens and houdan cockerels; show birds; excellent layers and non-setters. $1.50 per setting. 116 Toronto street, James Bay. ap5-6t.

ORANGES—Just received, a car load of Riverside oranges, large, juicy, and guaranteed free from frost. Wholesale and retail. E. A. McEachern, fruit importer, 41½ Government street. an3-1m

FOR SALE—Steam engine, cheap; 14x20; new slide valve engine, Waters' patent regulating governor; warranted first-class in every respect. Apply to John A. Johnson, Box 313, City. mc31 1m

FOR SALE—A nearly new 54-inch tangent spoked bicycle with ball bearings, cheap for cash. For price and particulars apply to R. Maynard, 41 Pandora street. mc31-1m

FOR SALE—China silk pongees, ex ss. Batavia, at $6 per piece of about 20 yards; also fine lawn grass cloth. Apply to C. F. Moore, corner Clarke and Taunton streets, Spring Ridge; three minutes walk from tram car. mc22-3m

FOR SALE—The beautifully situated property, 49 Third street; good house, and well stocked fruit and vegetable garden, with back and front entrance. Apply on the premises, mc20-1m

FOR SALE—Two splendid lots, 60x120, Ontario street, near Outer wharf, $2,500. Terms, Flint & Williams, cor. Fort and Broad streets. mc17

FOR SALE—Paper racing shell. Apply W., Colonist office. mc4-tf

FOR SALE.—The Sportsman's Paradise.—Choice farm, 200 acres, 150 acres good land, one and a half miles from railway station, post office, general store, etc., convenient to school, churches, etc., good Government road. Over 100 acres very rich bottom land, about 40 acres cleared, free from stumps and under grass. A beautiful trout stream runs through it. A picturesque lake about six acres in extent, in nearly the centre of it, affords excellent fishing and duck shooting. The uncleaned portion is covered with valuable timber of cedar and fir. This farm is well adapted for market gardening, hop-growing and small fruit culture. Frame house, barn, chicken houses and fencing. Price $5,000, terms to suit. O'NEILL & COWIE, 104 Yates street, ap6-tf

FOR SALE—

We have something new to offer.

Good houses; well located; low prices, and to be sold on the instalment plan.

We believe many will be pleased with the opportunity, and we now offer houses from four to eight rooms, well-built, well finished, in different localities, at a price from $1,050 to $3,500; terms, $150 to $350 cash, the balance on monthly or quarterly payments.

These houses would be good bargains for cash, and it is worth your while seeing about them. Crane, McGregor & Boggs, 30 Broad street.

FOR SALE—

Thirty acres; suitable for market garden; a bargain. $2,200. Crane, McGregor & Boggs, 30 Broad street.

LOST OR FOUND.

LOST—On Saturday afternoon, on Cadboro Bay road, near the Willows, one brown Horse, with white hind foot; and one white horse. Any person bringing the same to I. A. Lemm, City Market, will be rewarded. ap5-6t

SPECIAL BARGAINS.

FOR SALE—Five acre blocks, 3½ mil from City; cleared, rich soil.

FOR SALE—Tolmie Avenue, ¼ acre and 1 acre blocks, cleared, near tramway.

FOR SALE—Two acres on Edmonton Road, cleared, fine soil, etc.

FOR SALE—Lots, cleared, no rock, Victoria West Park; terms, $50 cash, balance in monthly instalments.

FOR SALE—Fine building sites, Victoria West, on tram line, easy terms.

NELSON.

I have arranged to open an office at this rising city. I shall be prepared to act as agent for those who desire to purchase lots at the Government sale to be held at Nelson, April 27th inst.

HENRY CROFT,
SUCCESSOR TO
The Vancouver Island
LAND AND INVESTMENT COMPANY,
LIMITED LIABILITY.
Real Estate, Financial and Mining
BROKER,
COLONIST BLOCK, VICTORIA.
ja16

ARCHITECTS.

A. MAXWELL MUIR, ARCHITECT, Rooms 3 and 8, Turner Block, corner Douglas and View Streets. ap18

COLE WOODALL, Architect and Superintendent Belmont Block, Yates Street, Victoria. B ap18-1m

JOHN TEAGUE, ARCHITECT, CORNER of Broad Street and Trounce Avenue Established, 1862. f-1

THOS. C. SORBY.
mc16 8 Bastion Square.

MR. E. MALLANDAINE, Architect.
mc19 Room 4, Bank B. C. Building.

SOULE & DAY, Roms 1 and 20, Turner Block.
C. J. SOULE. mc16 R. S. DAY, B. E.

MR. R. ROSKELL BAYNE, Mem. Ryl. Inst. British Architects,
mb26 6m Rooms 7 and 8, Williams' Block

BAKERS.

VICTORIA STEAM BAKERY, M. R. SMITH & Co, 57 Fort Street. Factory 91 Niagara Street. P.O. Box 289. Telephone call 121. f-1

CLOTHING AND GENTS' FURNISHINGS.

MCLEAN & STEWART, CLOTHIERS & Outfitters, 31 Fort Street. f-1

COMMISSION MERCHANTS.

F. C. DAVIDGE & CO., COMMISSION Merchants, 131 Government Street. P.O. Box 318, Victoria. Agents Samuel Samuel & Co., Rice, Silk and Curios, London, Yokohama and Kobe; and The Tokio Leather Paper Mills, Japan; Chas. Cammell & Co., Ltd. Cyclops Steel and Iron Works, London, Sheffield, Worthington, etc.; Compania Gral, de Tabacos de Filipinas; The Canvas Mills of Kobe. f-1

DOCTORS.

HOMOEOPATHY.—DR. JOHN HALL, 98 YATES st., over Cochrane & Munn's drug store, Chronic and Children's Diseases a specialty. Office hours from 1 to 4 p.m., only excepting Sundays and holidays. f1

DENTISTS.

A. R. BAKER, D.D.S. SPECIAL CARE given to all diseases of the teeth and mouth. Gold, crow and bridge work a specialty Office, cor. Yates and Douglas Sts. mc10 6m

DRAUGHTSMEN.

W. B. WOODS—(Late chief draughtsman Fairhaven and Southern Ry.) Blue prints of all kinds. Room 4, Five Sisters' Block. mc17

DRESSMAKING.

LADIES' TAILOR SYSTEM, ALMOST perfect without trial, guaranteed after once fitting. Lessons given free. Mrs. Niles, 83½ Yates street. mc16

GUNMAKERS.

HENRY SHORT, GUNMAKER, IMPORTER of Sporting Goods, Turner Block, Douglas St., near Yates. Established 1862. f1

HOTELS.

COLONIAL METROPOLE—HAS BEEN entirely rebuilt, and refurnished with all modern improvements. Rates from $1 to $2 per day. Best moderate price hotel in city. 31 and 33 Johnson street. Thos. Tugwell f1

HARNESS MAKERS.

W. DUNCAN, MANUFACTURER AND dealer in saddles, harness, etc. English and domestic goods of the very best quality. Repairing promptly done. 88 Johnson Street. mc10-6m

HAY, FLOUR AND FEED.

BRACKMAN & KER MILLING CO., LTD. Dealers in Hay, Oats, Flour, etc. Office and warehouse, 125 Government street. f-1

LAND SURVEYORS & CIVIL ENGINEERS

GORE, BURNET & CO.
Rooms 1 to 3, Five Sisters' Block.
T. S. Gore. H. Burnet. J. H. McGregor
mc17

LOANS.

VICTORIA LOAN OFFICE, cor. Govt. and Pandora Sts. Money advanced on all kinds of Approved security. Unredeemed pledges for sale cheap. my5-1y

MERCHANT TAILORS.

GEO R. JACKSON, (SUCCESSOR TO J C. Leask). The leading Tailor, Turner Block, 68 Douglas street. Fine dress suits a specialty. f-1

MANUFACTURING JEWELLERS.

KINGHAM & MINOR, THE LEADING Manufacturing Jewellers and Diamond Setters, 49 Government street, opposite Bank of B. C. f-1

PAINTERS AND PAPER HANGERS.

R. LETTICE—DEALER IN PAINTS, OIL, varnish and window glass. Agent for Brilliant Sign Letter Co., and Aspenall's Enamel. 40 Fort street. mc17

PHOTOGRAPHERS.

MAYNARD'S ART STUDIO, 41 PANDORA Street. Dealers in all kinds of photographic material, views of British Columbia and Alaska.
Same Block—Maynard's Shoe and Finding Store, 41 Pandora St., Boots, Shoes, Leather and Shoe Findings. "K" boots a specialty. f-1

WHOLESALE DEALERS.

HENRY SAUNDERS, IMPORTER AND Dealer in Groceries, Provisions, Liquors, &c. 39 and 41 Johnson street. P.O. drawer H. Telephone No. 28 f-1

MISCELLANEOUS.

GRADUATE in honors, Oxford, England, highest references, testimonials, 10 years' experience, 2 in U. S., seeks post, teacher tutor, secretary, June or later. Box 657, San Rafael, California. ap1-12t

FREDRICK S. ROPER, Provincial Inspector of Contagious Diseases among Horses and other Domestic Animals. 6 Kane Street, Victoria, B.C. ja9-tf

PERSONAL—George, call around and let me see that new suit you got from the Canadian Co-operative Supply Co. Sadie. mc23-1m

EMPLOYMENT BUREAU.

WANTED.—Lady solicitors—good pay.
" Farmers, Millmen, Contractors and Builders to leave orders with us.
" By a competent man, position as surveyor or draughtsman.
H. SIEPMANN, Manager,
103½ Government Street, Second Floor.

SCAVENGERS.

ED. LINES, General Scavenger. 222 Yates street. Yards, etc., Cleaned. Orders left at Munro & Hughes', 82 Douglas street; J. P. Matthews', cor. Douglas and Fort; or W. Blair, cor. Menzies and Michigan, will be promptly attended to. dc3

BROWN LEGHORN EGGS FOR HATCHING. Price, 50c. per setting 13.

MRS. R. M. COHIM
McPherson's Station, E. & N. R.
ap7-1m

WEILER BROS.'
LATEST - ARRIVALS.

GUIPURE D'ART CURTAINS, REVERSIBLE CRETONNES, HONEYCOMB QUILTS, ROOM MOULDINGS,
LACE CURTAINS, ART MUSLINS, ART SQUARES, TABLE COVERS
—ALSO—
CARPETS, LINOLEUMS, OILCLOTHS, FURNITURE, WALL PAPERS, WINDOW SHADES, ETC.
Nos. 51 TO 55, FORT STREET

OUR JUDGE—THE PUBLIC.
THE CHARGE—SELLING THE FINEST SHOES IN VICTORIA
THE VERDICT—FOUND GUILTY.
THE SENTENCE—"KEEP ON DOING IT,"
AND WE WILL.
A. B. ERSKINE, 132 GOVERNMENT ST

EDISON GENERAL ELECTRIC CO.
BRITISH COLUMBIA BRANCH:
EDISON BUILDING, RICHARD STREET, VANCOUVER, B. C.
The Largest and Most Complete Stock of Gas, Electric and Combination Fixtures in Canada.
CHANDELIERS, PENDANTS, PORTABLES, ETC., ETC., HALL LIGHTS, BRACKETS, GAS AND ELECTRIC SHADES.
We are the largest manufacturers of these goods on the continent and our prices are past competition. Goods put up by competent electricians, and the highest grade of workmanship guaranteed.
FINE RESIDENCE WORK A SPECIALTY.
CORRESPONDENCE SOLICITED. (fc3) ADDRESS, FIXTURE DEPARTMENT.

MRS. WHITLAW'S FORT STREET.
FORT STREET. MILLINERY PARLORS
OPENING DAY, MARCH 21ST.
First selection of Spring and Summer Novelties made in London and Paris by Miss Whitlaw.
French Pattern Hats and Bonnets, the most fashionable styles. The greatest Novelty in Bonnets is the "New Poke," The "Spa" Hat is to be the great favorite A large variety of Untrimmed Toques, Bonnets and Hats, Mixed Straws in the new coarse plait, Fancy Velvets, Ribbons and Plumes, new Gold, Steel, Jet, Lace, Straw and other Fancy Trimmings. Very fine assortment of Mourning Flowers and Embroidered Trimmings. mc18-1m

KOOTENAY
THE BOUNDARY CITY
UNSURPASSED SITUATION.
UNLIMITED WATER POWER.
PERFECT DRAINAGE FACILITIES
By Geographical Position the PORT OF ENTRY
from the United States to the greatest Mining District of British Columbia. It is bounded on the West by the Columbia River, on the North by the Pen D'Oreille River, on the South by the International Boundary Line, on the East by the Government Reserve. The Terminus of the SPOKANE & NORTHERN RAILWAY, which, connecting with the Columbia River Steamers, will make it the DISTRIBUTING CENTRE for NELSON, AINSWORTH, SPROATS', BALFOUR, KASLO, HOT SPRINGS, GALENA, and other points in the Kootenay District.
The CITY OF KOOTENAY LAND AND IMPROVEMENT COMPANY, Limited, have placee a number of full-sized lots of this City on the Market.
Persons desirous of making a judicious investment may obtain full particulars, plans, etc., upon application to the Victoria Agents, MESSRS. LEE & FRASER, Trounce Avenue. ap2-

NICHOLLES & RENOUF,
81 YATES ST., VICTORIA, B. C.
DEALERS AND IMPORTERS IN ALL KINDS OF
HARDWARE, - FARM
AND DAIRY IMPLEMENTS,
GRIST and SAWMILL and MINING MACHINERY,
Brick and Tile Machinery, Cutlery, Paint, Varnish and Oils.
Country orders promptly and carefully filled. my22

BANK OF MONTREAL
Established in 1817. Incorporated by Act of Parliament.
CAPITAL, (all paid up).....$12,000,000
RESERVE FUND.....6,000,000
UNDIVIDED PROFITS.....506,371
HEAD OFFICE, MONTREAL
SIR DONALD A. SMITH, President.
HON. GEO. A. DRUMMOND, Vice-Pres.
E. S. CLOUSTON, General Manager.
Branches and Correspondents in all the Leading Cities of the World.
Victoria Branch: Corner Bastion and Government Streets.
Every description of banking business transacted. Savings Bank Department—Deposits of $1 and upwards received and interest allowed at the highest current rates.
NELSON, KOOTENAY DISTRICT, B.C.—A branch of the Bank at this point is now ready for business.
ap8 A. J. C. GALLETLY, Manager.

Choice German Flower Seeds.
I have just received an invoice of very fine
Asters, Stocks, Wallflowers, Etc.,
IN GREAT VARIETY.
Plant these now if you want to compete for prizes at the Agricultural Exhibition next autumn.
G. A. McTAVISH,
9 Park Road. VICTORIA.
au21

THE TIME FOR
PLANTING TREES
Having now arrived
P. T. JOHNSTON & CO.
are prepared to supply in any quantity desired, Fruit Trees, Ornamental Trees and Shrubs Evergreens, etc., at lowest prices.
Their Nursery Business is still carried on in the same premises, St. Charles St., Cadboro Bay Road, the frontage only having been sold. At their Store, removed to
52 DOUGLAS STREET,
Grass, Clover and all other kinds of Seeds, best quality. For further particulars see Priced Catalogues, which will be sent post free on application. c20-6m d&w

VICTORIA COLLEGE.
LADY PRINCIPAL—MRS. WASTIE GREEN.
MASTERS—MR. HENRY GOWARD, M.A., LL.B., Double Honors Prizeman, University of London, England.
MR. L. H. FULLAGER, B.A., Caius' College, Cambridge, England.
MR. E. P. LEAKEY, Queen's College, Cambridge, England.
Thorough preparatory training for the Universities, Public Schools and Business.
Boarders are admitted at the age of 9.
Terms on application. Address
LADY PRINCIPAL,
Victoria College,
ap1 Victoria, B. C.

PREPARE FOR SPRING
LEAVE YOUR ORDERS FOR
Repairs, -:- Alterations
Office and Store Fittings or Other Carpenter Work, With
J. P. BURGESS,
10 Broughton Street.

The Westminster Slate Co.,
LIMITED,
Manufacturers and Dealers in
ROOFING SLATE
New Westminster, B. C.
above Company are now prepared to receive and fill orders (March delivery) for Roofing Slate of all sizes, from 21x12 downwards. Our Slate is of the very best quality and our prices moderate. All orders sent to the undersigned promptly filled.
A. G. GAMBLE,
Secretary.
New Westminster, B.C. de1

To Consumers Who Appreciate a Good, First-class CUP OF TEA.
We are pleased to announce that the new season's crop of
"M. M."
Tea, packed in 5 lb. and 10 lb. boxes, is unsurpassed in flavor and quality. We pack only strictly first-class Teas under this well-known brand, and, as sole proprietors of the "Trade Mark," we caution consumers against purchasing any of the worthless imitations now in the market. To insure receiving the genuine article, see that every package bears across the top of each label the words, "TRADE MARK, registered at Ottawa, Canada, by Siegfried & Brandenstein." Genuine "M. M." Tea can be found on sale at the stores of all first class dealers.
jan14-3m SIEGFRIED & BRANDENSTEIN

SIMPLEX.
CASH - REGISTER,
—THE VERY—
LATEST AND BEST.
Nothing to get out of order.
$45 ONLY $45
For information and circulars apply to
H. G. ROSS & Co.,
New Westminster, B. C.
Agents wanted. mc20-tf



Rice Lewis & Son,
(LIMITED).
SHELF AND HEAVY
HARDWARE
TILES, GRATES, MANTELS,
—FINE—
BRONZE - METAL - HARDWARE
RICE LEWIS & SON, LIM'D.
TORONTO
ONTARIO au28

CRANE, McGREGOR & BOGGS

Invite your attention to the best list of Property on the Victoria market.

OAK BAY AVENUE:

We ask the attention of those looking for land that offers prospects of rapid increase in price to the nature of improvements in this neighborhood. No other part of the city has improved so much in the last year, and prices are still very low---from $300 PER LOT.

OAK BAY HARBOR:

The Oak Bay Improvement Company's land is the most desirable suburban property around Victoria. The Electric Tramway runs through the property, with a 5 cent fare to any part of the city. The beach is the only one worthy of the name within easy reach of th city.

A beautiful Hotel, with ample grounds, is under way.

The bathing houses, canoe and boat houses, tennis and cricket grounds, will all be in active construction this month.

The plans for several handsome residences in this neighborhood are in the hands of the architects.

Do you want a beautiful home, convenient to business and recreation? You can get a site from the Oak Bay Improvement Company for less per acre than lots are selling for in James Bay.

We have a few sites that command one of the loveliest views in America that can never be built up or even hindered. These sites will become the most valuable residence property in Victoria. To-day you can buy them for less than $10 per front foot.

BUSINESS PROPERTY.

FORT, BROAD, GOVERNMENT, DOUGLAS AND JOHNSON STREETS—Improved Property paying 9 per cent to 12 per cent.

Houses to suit all tastes and purses: $1050, $1200, $1600, $1800, $2000, $2500, $3000, $4500.

CHINESE IMMIGRATION.

Text of the Trades and Labor Petition to be Sent to Ottawa.

Many and Important Changes in Existing Legislation Advised.

Appended is the text of the petition which received the approval of the Victoria Trades and Labor Council, on Friday night, and copies of which will now be circulated in all parts of the province for signature, the object of the Council being to present a monster request to the Dominion Government at Ottawa, before the close of the present session:

To the Honorable, the House of Commons of Canada, in Parliament assembled:

The petition of the undersigned residents of the Province of British Columbia humbly sheweth:

That the Province of British Columbia is the portion of Canada nearest to Asia, and consequently more directly effected by Chinese immigration:

That laborers are shipped from Asia into Canada principally by Chinese companies, and a system of slave labor is thus introduced upon British soil:

That Chinese as a class are injurious to Canada, as they ridicule our religion and our laws; they evade punishment for crime and payment of custom imposts and taxes; they establish organizations amongst themselves which are above the law of Canada and set it at defiance; they introduce loathsome diseases and demoralizing habits, and seldom aid their sick and infirm; they trade almost exclusively amongst their own people, and send a large portion of their earnings to Asia; they are a non-assimilating, alien race, and the Australian colonies of Great Britain and the United States of America are in a great measure protected by law from their presence.

That a few years ago your honorable body was pleased to pass the Chinese Immigration Act;

That the law then enacted has in a great measure been beneficial, but is in some respects insufficiently restrictive, for at present British Columbia is the most favorable portion of the American continent on the North Pacific above Mexico, for Chinese to land, thus neutralizing in a great measure the beneficial effect of the law of the United States upon the same subject, and attracting Chinese to our shores.

That we respectfully represent that, in our opinion, it would be in the interest of the people of British Columbia and of Canada if Chinese immigration were prohibited by law; but if that cannot at present be accomplished, that the entrance duty on persons of Chinese origin entering Canada should be increased from $50, as at present, to $500 per head, and should apply to all Chinese, other than those mentioned in subsections (a) and (b) of section 8 of the Chinese Immigration Act; that the issuance of certificates of leave to depart from and return to Canada should be abolished, and the number of Chinese that a vessel can carry should be limited to one for every five hundred tons of its tonnage.

That every company which will become an employer of labor should be prohibited from employing Chinese upon any work, or in any capacity, payment for which is to be made out of public funds;

Wherefore, your petitioners humbly pray that your honorable House may be pleased to bring about changes in the Chinese Immigration Act, if possible, in the manner indicated, and otherwise to protect Canada from the evil effects of Chinese labor.

And, as in duty bound, your petitioners will ever pray, etc., etc.

THE RECENT ACCIDENT—THE DUTY OF PARENTS.

TO THE EDITOR:—The recent tramcar accident has afforded grave subject for a leading article. No one can think of the bereaved household, over which the Angel of Death now broods, without sympathizing with the parents who have been so suddenly deprived of their child. But, sir, while we drop a tear for the dead, we should not forget that we owe a duty to the living. I have carefully read the evidence taken before the coroner, and I do not find therein justifications for your strictures. It was not shown that the car was running at a high rate of speed, and the fact that it was broken up in a little more than its length, on a down grade, proves that it must have been running at a rate far below 10 miles an hour. In your article, you ignore entirely the evidence that the front of the car had passed the boy, when a man reached out to grasp him, while another boy threw a stone at him, whereupon, the deceased jumped backward, and falling between the fore and hind trucks, was run over by the latter and crushed to death. Granted that the cars habitually run at too high a rate of speed, what can that fact possibly have to do with the accident on Douglas street, when it is shown that that the speed at the moment was not high? May I not claim your indulgence while I further point out that the presence of the above woodcutter drew the poor lad into the street; that the noise of the saws prevented him hearing the approach of the car, although he was at a safe distance from it, and that when he stepped back to avoid the stone and the grasp of the hand, he was unconscious of its proximity, and so fell a victim to a combination of causes. Had any one of those causes been absent, it is probable that the boy would have been alive to-day.

Again, sir, pardon me if I say that you have missed an excellent opportunity of reading a much-needed lesson to parents who permit children of tender age to roam as they list through the streets without a protecting eye or hand to guard them from harm. As well put a loaded shot-gun at full cock in a child's hands and expect him to avoid injuring himself or some one else, as to turn him loose on the streets to care for himself. It is all well enough to blame tramway employes when an accident occurs; but you never chronicle the many instances where fatal accidents have been prevented by the vigilance of those same employes. Complaints are constantly made by the conductors and motormeers that children—especially on Douglas and Fort streets—are in the habit of running in front of a car to "dare" it, and then jumping aside as the car approaches, just in time to escape being run over.

Under such condition of things, how can accidents be avoided? You will say by reducing speed. At Vancouver the legal rate of speed is six miles an hour; yet a few months ago a little boy was crushed to death beneath a car, and a short time before another boy lost a leg from the same cause in the same city. To secure comparative immunity from accidents there must be co-operation—parents, the police, and citizens generally must co-operate with the car company. Small children must be kept off the streets, or at least placed in charge of older children. All care and all watchfulness should not be exacted from the car employes while children are allowed to covet death by suddenly appearing in front of moving cars, and street sawmills are tolerated on narrow or crowded streets. If there is to be a reform instituted (and I think a reform is needed) let it be general and not special in its scope. TRAMWAY.

THE TRAMWAY ACCIDENT.

TO THE EDITOR—I am sure no one, not even the directors of the tramway themselves, can come to any other conclusion upon reading your article in to-day's COLONIST, that it was timely and needed. I have frequently been annoyed at the reckless manner in which cars were rushed along the streets in all sections of the city. Time had to be made, and as there was either a lack of cars or side tracks, the motormeers, to carry out the schedule, had to break the law, and possibly some individual's bones. I do not know who was really to blame, if anyone, for the distressing accident on Douglas street. The enquiry of the coroner does not seem to have been very searching, and it looked as though Chief Sheppard, by his interference with witnesses, had been retained as counsel for the tramway. It is to be hoped that the result of your timely warning will be that the management of the tramway will take steps to provide themselves with a sufficiency of rolling stock, more frequent crossing places, and, most important of all, trained officials capable of directing the movements of the car service, so that it will be continuous and up to schedule. They cannot expect to have first-class motormeers at less than laborers wages. Such men cannot be expected to give good service. Any one who understands the management of a business where a large number of skilled men are employed, will agree that, in order to secure excellent and economical work, the best of workmen must be engaged and decent remuneration given. Careless or ignorant employes are more expensive than these, and the management of the tramway should be aware that such an employe in their service, may cause them far more loss, by a costly suit for damages, or in destruction of their rolling stock, than would pay for the highest priced labor they could secure. It is in their own best interests, as well as that of the public, that the Tramway company should make some radical changes in their present methods of running the cars. COMMON-SENSE.

April 9.

At Home and Abroad.

Physicians, travellers, pioneers, settlers, invalids and all classes of people of every degree, testify to the medicinal and tonic virtues of Burdock Blood Bitters, the most popular and effective medicine extant. It cures all diseases of the stomach, liver, bowels and blood.

MARINE MOVEMENTS.

The "City of Seattle" Laid up for Repairs—The "Victorian" Tied up.

South Bound From San Francisco—The Michigan Beached for Repairs.

Steamers Falcon and Alert went to Nanaimo, yesterday, for coal.

The Government steamer Quadra, which returned from the West Coast the other night, will not go out of port before Tuesday next, when she will return to Nanaimo harbor to complete her work of repairing the buoys.

The steamer Umatilla sailed from San Francisco for this port, yesterday, with the following passengers for Victoria: Mrs. Cameron, Mrs. Denniston, Justice McCreight, F. Borden, J. H. Meldram and wife, J. D. Deburry and wife, W. F. Degaris and wife, Mrs. J. Gillespie, A. G. Sheppard, Mrs. Sychpolt, Mrs. C. A. Rogers and daughter, E. A. Winke, E. B. Winds, R. A. Lorhead, Mrs. Hainer, Mrs. Cameron.

The crew of the steamer City of Seattle have been paid off, and the steamer will be laid up indefinitely, while extensive repairs are made to her machinery.

Steamer Victorian has been taken to Portland, where she will be tied up until further orders.

Steamer Michigan has been placed on the beach, at Tacoma, to have a new wheel put on. It is what is known as a Buffalo trout wheel, and, Capt. Graves says, is the only one of the kind on the coast. He is putting it on for a test, as it is said to be the speediest wheel made. The vessel will then take a cargo of lime from Roche Harbor to Portland.

Capt. Cutler, of the Agnes McDonald, will "receive" on board his trim little schooner, today.

The Albion Ironworks are repairing the boilers of the tugboat Lorne, now lying in Esquimalt harbor. The old boilers have been found to be in a very dilapidated condition, and the boat will be thoroughly overhauled before she is again sent on service.

The elegant and speedy steam launch, built at Warren's wharf for C. T. W. Piper, was given a trial around the harbor, yesterday. She gave great satisfaction, and will be a very valuable acquisition to the pleasure boats of the city.

Ship Crown of Denmark sailed, yesterday, from San Francisco for Victoria.

Steamers Empire and Wellington have cleared from San Francisco for Nanaimo, and steamer San Mateo for Comox.

ENTERED.

Str. Islander.....from Vancouver.
" City of Kingston.... " Port Townsend.
" Isabel..... " Nanaimo.
" Princess Louise..... " N. Westminster.

CLEARED.

Str. Islander..... for Vancouver.
" City of Kingston.... " Port Townsend.
" Princess Louise ..... " N. Westminster.
" Falcon ..... " Nanaimo.
" Lottie..... " "
" Alert..... " "

ANASTUY GUILLOTINED.

The Murderer Desired to be Experimented On After Death.

PARIS, April 9.—Lieut. Anastuy, the murderer of Madame Dellard, was executed this morning at fifteen minutes after five o'clock. The chief executioner had received a number of threatening letters from the anarchists. A crowd was waiting around Roquette prison for two nights. The officials entered the cell at five o'clock to notify Anastuy of his approaching execution and found him awake and almost ready to go to the guillotine, having had a previous unofficial intimation of the hour. He dressed himself without assistance, and made confession to Abbe Validir, who has been his spiritual attendant since his condemnation. Anastuy was prepard for the scaffold by M. D'Iblete, the noted Paris executioner, and his aides. Anastuy, ghastly pale, but with a firm step, walked to the guillotine. He submitted quietly to the executioner, and everything was over at 5:35 o'clock. The father of Anastuy claimed the body with a view of having a special examination to prove the murderer suffered from cerebral troubles. The criminal had also requested his brother, a medical student, to experiment on his head as soon as it was decapitated. He promised to reply by the movement of his eyes to certain question regarding the sensations experienced when the knife cut the head from the body. The object of the conversation was to afford a test as to whether any vestige of life remains in the human head immediately after it has been severed. The authorities refused to permit a special post mortem examination.

THE KHEDIVE'S INVESTITURE.

England and Italy Overrule Turkey, France and Russia.

LONDON, April 8.—Lord Salisbury scored in the diplomatic contest with France and Russia, over the firman of investiture of the Khedive of Egpyt. When the Sultan's envoy, Eyoub Pasha, arrived at Cairo, the British Minister, Sir Evelyn Baring, suspecting something of duplicity, asked for a copy of the document, and when Eyoub Pasha refused to communicate the contents of the firman until after investiture, Minister Baring advised the Khedive not to proceed with the ceremony. Eyoub Pasha then disclosed the substance of the firman, the nature of which had been known and approved by France and Russia before the missive left Constantinople. The Italian squadron, which was about to leave Alexandria, got orders to stay, and the officers on leave were recalled to their ships.

Yesterday the British and Italian ambassadors at Constantinople sent a joint note to the grand vizier, saying that the firman must be altered or Eyoub Pasha recalled. There seems to be no mistaking the emphatic and peremptory character of the note and the immediate result. Telegrams were received by the khedive from the Sultan to-day, saying that the firman would be modified, omitting the definition of the frontier. To night Cairo dispatches state that the settlement has given the greatest satisfaction there. The foreign office is reticent, except to confirm the statement of the difficulty on the point of solution, although the day for an investigation is not fixed.

For Over Fifty Years.

MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP has been used for over fifty years by millions of mothers for their children when teething, with perfect success. It soothes the child, softens the gums, allays all pain, cures wind colic, and is the best remedy for Diarrhœa. It will relieve the poor little sufferer immediately. Sold by Druggists in every part of the world. Twenty-five cents a bottle. Be sure and ask for "Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup," and take no other kind

au1-d&w-1y

THE WORLD BY WIRE.

Injured at Valparaiso.

SAN FRANCISCO, April 9.—There are at least three victims of the outrages on American sailors at Valparaiso whom the doctors regard as hopelessly ruined in health. Patrick Shealds, sailor on the steamer Keweenaw, was examined yesterday by marine surgeons. They discovered that there is a clot of blood on his spinal column and pressure of the skull upon his brain, which produce relaxation of the muscles and nerves of the neck. Sailor Davidson of the Baltimore, who was cut in 12 places, had to be removed from the war ship to Island Hospital as he is a complete wreck. Shields, the baker's assistant on the Baltimore, who was paralyzed, has not left the hospital since his arrival from Chile.

Hetherington Acquitted.

WASHINGTON, April 9.—A cablegram received at the Navy Department from Commander J. R. Bartlett, of the United States ship Marion, announces the acquittal by the consular court at Yokohama, Japan, yesterday, of Lieutenant J. H. Hetherington, U. S. navy, of the murder of Gower Robinson. Robinson was a wealthy Englishman, who was killed by Hetherington for being too attentive to his wife.

Balmaceda's Bullion.

LONDON, April 8.—The correspondence relating to the shipment of 22 tons of silver to England by the late President Balmaceda of Chile, is published in a blue book to-day. In Lord Salisbury's last dispatch, dated February 23rd, he refrains from detailed discussion of the pending Chilian law suit to recover the bullion, but maintains that a claim can be founded against the English government on the action of H.M.S. Espiegle. Mr. Kennedy, British agent in Chile, later writes to Lord Salisbury expressing regret that he neglected to assure himself of the destination of the silver and to dissuade the captain of the Espiegle from carrying it.

Ravachol's Joke.

PARIS, April 8.—At his examination, today, Ravachol played a joke on the crowd in the court room which had a startling effect. He suddenly produced an article of cylindrical shape, which had the appearance of a dynamite cartridge. He explained that it was an infernal machine, and he intended to blow himself and all others in the building to pieces. There was a stampede by the spectators, and the judge and clerk fled in terror and sought places of safety. The article which looked like a cartridge proved to be a banana. It was stated by Ravachol's attorney that he had made a confession, although innocent, in order to shield his comrades.

Assassinated by Anarchists.

BERLIN, April 8.—Near Kosreleg, a village in Prussia, Dr. Poninsky, a high Polish ecclesiastic, was waylaid by four men and riddled with bullets. The villagers pursued the assassins and after a desperate fight killed two of them, and the two remaining, seeing escape impossible, took their own lives. On each body was found a red ticket with the words "Execution Committee of Polish anarchists." Dr. Poninsky had incurred the wrath of the anarchists. Great indignation exists, and efforts will be made to capture the other conspirators. Some persons assert that the assassins were nothing but common robbers, who took advantage of the prevailing excitement to use cards signed "Committee of Polish Anarchists" for the purpose of frightening Dr. Poninsky into surrendering money, of which he was known to have large sums in connection with his position in the church. If it should prove true that the assassins are really anarchists it is thought that the whole band of conspirators will soon be arrested.

Suppression of Dynamiters.

MADRID, April 8.—The Minister of Justice has declared that all fomenters of disturbances, and all persons advocating anti-social principles, must be treated with the greatest severity. Possessors of bombs or other explosives convicted of an intention to use them will be punished with penal servitude for life. The authorities were ordered to break up all socialist meetings.

Anarchist Incendiaries.

VIENNA, April 8.—The alarm occasioned by the frequency of incendiary fires continues. Five have occurred within a week. It is hinted that the fires are the work of anarchists, who have decided to use fire instead of dynamite.

A Rough Voyage.

LONDON, April 9.—The British bark Barqua, from San Francisco, arrived at Crookhaven. She had a stormy voyage and had to throw overboard a hundred tons of cargo, besides losing her main-top gallant sail and her bulwarks in the gale.

IN NOMINATION.

Messrs. Bragg and Gray the Candidates for the Vacant Seat.

At noon, yesterday, Mr. W. K. Bull, the returning officer, attended at the City Hall to receive nominations of candidates to fill the vacancy in the Council Board caused by the resignation of Mr. J. C. Devlin. The event did not excite much attention, and for a time it appeared that Mr. Bragg would meet with no opposition. Such was not to be the case, however, and at 2 o'clock the nominations were announced as hereunder:

EDWARD BRAGG, contractor—proposed by W. H. Snider, contractor, seconded by Michael Baker, merchant.

ANDREW GRAY, engineer, proposed by James A. Grahame, gentleman, seconded by Geo. W. Hayes, real estate agent.

The announcement having been made that the vote of the free and independent electors would be taken at the City Hall, on Tuesday, Mr. Bragg was called on for a speech, and complied, explaining his reasons for entering the lists. It was, he said, by the request of a number of those who had supported his candidature at the last municipal elections. If elected he would strive to work in harmony with his brother aldermen, for the advancement and upholding of the city.

Ald. Humber also spoke briefly, taking credit to the reigning Board for having carried on the work of the city for three months without borrowing a cent. Mr. Gray was not present.

The Colonist.

SUNDAY, APRIL 10, 1892.

PUBLISHED EVERY DAY EXCEPT MONDAY BY

W. H. ELLIS, A. G. SARGISON. } ELLIS & CO.

THE COLONIST BUILDING, GOVERNMENT ST.

TERMS:

THE DAILY COLONIST

Per Year, (Postage free to any part of Canada)..... $10 00
Parts of a year at the same rate.
Per week (if delivered)..... 25

THE WEEKLY COLONIST, PUBLISHED EVERY FRIDAY MORNING.

Per Year, (Postage Free to any part of the Dominion or United States)..... $ 2 00
Six Months..... 1 25
Three Months..... 75

Subscriptions in all cases are payable strictly IN ADVANCE.

ADVERTISING RATES:

REGULAR COMMERCIAL ADVERTISING as distinguished from everything of a transient character—that is to say, advertising referring to regular Mercantile and Manufacturing Business, Government and Land Notices—published at the following rates: Per line, Solid Nonpareil, the duration of publication to be specified at the time of ordering advertisements:—

More than one fortnight and not more than month—50 cents.
More than one week and not more than one fortnight—40 cents.
Not more than one week—30 cents.
No advertisement under this classification inserted for less than $2.50, and accepted only for every-day insertion.
Theatrical advertisements, 10 cents per line each insertion.
Advertisements unaccompanied by specific instructions inserted till ordered out.
Advertisments discontinued before expiration of special period will be charged as if continued for full term.
Liberal allowance on yearly and half yearly contracts.

TRANSIENT ADVERTISING—Per line solid nonpareil:—First insertion, 10 cents; each subsequent consecutive insertion, 5 cents. Advertisements not inserted every day, 10 cents per line each insertion. No advertisement inserted for less than $1.50.

WEEKLY ADVERTISEMENTS—Ten cents a line solid Nonpareil, each insertion No advertisement inserted for less than $2.

SPECIAL NOTICES—Nonpareil, in the first column of third page, 20 cents per line each insertion, or $1.50 per line per month. If inserted among local or other reading matter, 30 cents per line each insertion, or $2 per line per month. No special notice inserted for less than $2.

☞ Where Cuts are inserted they must be ALL METAL—not mounted on Wood.

THE COLUMBIA SOUTHERN.

It is gratifying to find that the British Columbia Southern Railway Bill has been carried in the Dominion Parliament. It has been found that there is room through the Crows' Nest Pass for more than one railway. The probability, however, is that the Canadian Pacific will take measures immediately to get the Columbia Southern Company's charter, and will commence the construction of the line at once. This is what is required. Kootenay needs this railroad, and others, and we have no doubt that when once the line through Crows' Nest Pass is constructed and in operation, branch lines will be built to connect it with every mining town and considerable mining camp in the district.

IN EXPLANATION.

We have no space to make any other comment on our esteemed correspondent "Tramway's" letter than to remark that we purposely refrained from giving parents a lecture about allowing their children to play on the streets, because we did not want the Company's employes to think that there can be any possible excuse for being careless of the lives of the little ones. No matter how many children there may be on the street, or how foolishly and daringly they may act, the motorneers must be most careful not to endanger their lives. Matters have not come to that pass yet in this city of Victoria that it is an offence punishable with death for a child to play on its streets or even to get in the way of a street car when his attention is attracted by something that pleases him or excites his curiosity. We quite admit that the little fellows are sometimes very aggravating, but no amount of provocation should cause a motorneer to do anything that will endanger their lives or their limbs. If it is necessary to stop the car in order to clear them out of the road, it is clearly the duty of the tramway employes to stop the car. There is a time to give parents a lecture but it is not just after a child has been killed on the track. That is the time to warn and admonish the company and its employes.

THE CORONER'S WORK.

A respected correspondent directs attention to the part taken by the Chief of Police at the inquest on the victim of the last tramway accident. We are quite at a loss to understand what warrant that official had to interfere in the proceedings. He had no more right to ask questions of witnesses and to criticise the observations made by jurymen, than any spectator in the room. It is the business of the Coroner to conduct the enquiry, and so strict are Coroners who understand their duty and are capable of performing it, that they question the right of members of the legal profession to do more than to watch the proceedings on behalf of their clients. There are times when it is important that a Coroner's inquest should be most carefully and skilfully conducted, but how can it be so conducted if the Chief of Police is allowed to ask what questions he pleases, and to administer rebukes to jurymen, who have a right to question witnesses. The Chief of Police has no status in the Coroner's Court, and has no authority to examine a witness or to take any part in the proceedings, and the Coroner should not allow him or any one else to exercise the authority, and to perform the duty which he, and he alone, is authorized to exercise and perform.

We are not surprised to see the inquest conducted as it was, described as a "screaning farce." The business was exceedingly serious, and it ought to have been seriously and properly conducted. The jury brought in a sensible verdict in spite of the Coroner and the Chief of Police. But it might have been very different. It is to be hoped that the Coroner will, in future, take upon himself to conduct the enqury, and to give the jury what aid he can in coming to correct conclusions. We trust, too, that he will find out what right the Chief of Police has to take a part in the proceedings of his Court, and keep him, as well as every one else present while the enquiry is going on, in his place.

MORE BOODLING.

Nova Scotia has its boodle enquiry. Two members of the Provincial Assembly are accused of falsifying the pay sheets of road inspectors, increasing the sums-total and drawing the money from the Provincial Treasury. One pay-roll of $220 was increased to $330.40, another of which the sum-total was $100, or less, was raised to $289, a third of $115 was increased to $475, and a fourth from $75 to $364.

There are as many as twenty charges of this kind. It is alleged that false and fraudulent declarations were appended to each and all of the pay sheets, and that the members accused, "wrongfully withheld portions of the money so appropriated to the said county, and received by them as aforesaid." The money said to be stolen in this way, amounts in the aggregate to quite a large sum.

A committee of the Assembly is engaged in enquiring into the charges, and part of the evidence is published in the Halifax Herald of the 1st inst. From the testimony the transactions have certainly an unpleasant appearance. The witnesses appear to have trusted to their memories alone for the amounts on the different pay-sheets, but as far as the enquiry went, each of the road foremen gave as the amount received by him considerably less than the sum shown on the pay sheets and drawn from the Treasury. The indications are just now, that before the enquiry is finished, a very ugly and peculiarly mean scandal will be unearthed.

THE CITY'S WATER SUPPLY.

It will be a pleasant surprise to many to find that the water supplied to this city is purer than that ordinarily supplied to cities. It contains no impurities to speak of. It is in all essential respects purer than London water, and it is very nearly, if not quite, as pure as the water of the famous Loch Katrine. Through the stupidity of those to whom the work of supplying the city with water was entrusted, the water that Victorians have to drink is not quite so clear or so palatable as it ought to have been. But the analysis shows that it is purer, and, therefore, more wholesome than water that sparkles more and is more pleasant to the taste. If Victoria's water supply had not been drawn throught a swamp, instead of being taken from Elk Lake direct, Victoria water would be in every respect as good as that supplied to any city on this continent. Passing through the swamp has not, it appears, done the water so much harm as might be expected. It has given it a swampy flavor, but has not added to it any impurities, worth mentioning. Many of our citizens will feel reassured when they learn that Victoria water, like many other good things, is better than it looks. When the improvement which the Royal Commissioners recommended is effected, the water supply of the city will be as good, and, we believe, as plentiful as could be desired.

PRACTICAL EDUCATION.

The complaint is general that young men and women, in both town and country, no matter what their station in life, are disinclined to engage in any laborious occupation. The young men are on the look out for some "soft snap," and the young women will not, if they can possibly help it, do hard work or engage in domestic service. Everywhere are the farm and the workshop deserted for the counting-house and the store, and everywhere are good female servants most difficult to be obtained. This is not the case in new countries alone. Something like the same state of things obtains in the Old Country. Manual labor and domestic service are not regarded as "respectable." The "shop lady" and the factory girl consider themselves some steps higher in the social scale than the domestic servant, and the dry goods' clerk is offended if he is placed on a level, socially, with the journeyman carpenter or blacksmith. Lady Aberdeen, in a very interesting paper on "Household Clubs," in the March number of the Nineteenth Century, says:

"The growing disinclination to domestic service which exists amongst the rising generation of boys and girls is very marked. The cry of the servantless mistress grows louder and louder year by year on either side of the Atlantic. We hear constantly stories of advertisements appearing for cooks and laundresses and housemaids, offering comfortable situations and good wages; and receiving answers only from a few and unsuitable applicants, if from any at all, whereas advertisements for clerks, secretaries and sales women are answered by the hundred. Why are these things so?"

One of the answers to this question is that the spread of education in every community has caused many persons to be discontented with their positions and ashamed of their occupations. This the friends of popular education indignantly deny. They say, and say with truth, that the intelligent mechanic or farmer makes a better workman or a better agriculturalist than one who is wholly without intellectual culture. Admitting that this is the case, it does not follow that the educated mechanic or ploughboy will be as contented to remain "in that state of life in which it has pleased God to call him" as the one who can barely read and write, and who is in danger of forgeting even the little he had learned in school.

We have long been of opinion that the kind of education which children get in almost all ordinary schools is calculated to give them a distaste for manual labor of all kinds, and has a tendency to cause them to look upon it, and its outward and visible signs, as low and degrading. The education of our time is exclusively literary. The standards of excellence in all schools are purely intellectual. Prizes and praises are bestowed for progress in mental work of many kinds. Naturally the boys and girls come to think that if they become good scholars they have done all that is necessary to prepare them for the battle of life, and they are led to believe that those occupations which require the exercise of the learning they have acquired are the most desirable as well as the most respectable. It would be strange if the education given to the children in all schools would have any other result. Not only does it cause them to prefer intellectual and semi-intellectual pursuits, but it breeds in them a positive dislike of physical exertion—except for sport—and manual labor of all sorts.

The cure for this—and a cure is required—is to make work, work with the hands, part of the common school education of every child, rich and poor, gentle and simple. The boy or girl who learns to work in school, and to take pride in his or her work will not grow up to despise manual labor and those who are engaged in it. Workshops should be attached to every school in the towns, and gardens where sufficient ground can be procured. There is not a boy in the country who will not be benefitted both intellectually and physically by learning the use of tools and by being taught practically that his hands were made to work with, and that bodily strength was given him to be exercised in earning his bread if necessary. There are many boys who have the aptitudes necessary to make good mechanics who have very little intellectual ability, so-called. If the talents which these lads possess were cultivated, we would have many more skilful mechanics and farmers than we can boast of at present, and fewer failures in what are regarded as the learned professions and in mercantile pursuits. The taste for mechanical employment, where it is judiciously cultivated is strong, and a sensible man should sooner see his son a successful carpenter or blacksmith or mechanical engineer than a briefless lawyer, a "stickit minister," or a shiftless, useless dependent on his prosperous relations. We want more sturdy independence in these times and less gentility. Boys should be taught to work, and they should be so educated as not to be ashamed of being engaged in any honest work and to be too proud or too independent, after they are able to gain their own livelihood, to eat bread which they have not earned.

Technical education is now advocated by the leading educationists of the day, and it is evident that the time is not very far distant when it will be the universal opinion that the present system of education is not only defective but positively hurtful.

A fine selection of Children's Clothing, at 37 Johnson street.
GILMORE & McCANDLESS.

TENDERS.

NOTICE TO BUILDERS.

Tenders will be received up to noon Saturday, 16th inst., for the erection of two frame residences facing Quadra street, for Mrs. F. Sehl.
Lowest or any tender not necessarily accepted. JOHN TEAGUE, Architect.
ap9

TENDERS.

Tenders for the erection of a brick or stone PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH, in Nanaimo, B.C., will be received by Mr. Alexander Shaw, secretary of Building Committee, up to 6 o'clock p.m. of the 25th inst.

The lowest or any tender not necessarily accepted. Plans and specifications will be open for inspection at Mr. Thos. McConnan's book store, Fort street, Victoria, from the 15th to the 25th inst.
ap7-td

TENDERS FOR STONE.

TENDERS WILL BE RECEIVED UP TO Monday, the 11th April instant for the purchase of a quantity of stone, now lying upon the premises known as Fleming's wharf, in James Bay. The highest or any tender not necessarily accepted. For full particulars apply to
McPHILLIPS, WOOTTON & BARNARD,
6 Broughton St. Victoria, Solicitors for the Lessors.
Dated the 5th day of April, 1892. ap6

WHARF FOR SALE.

Tenders will be received by the undersigned up to the 13th day of April, 1892, for the purchase of the Fleming Wharf, situate on Belleville Street, Victoria, B. C. The wharf has just been built, has a water frontage of 210 ft., and when the present dredging operations are finished it will have 17 ft. of water at low tide.
The highest or any tender not necessarily accepted.
WM. P. SAYWARD,
Assignee for benefit of Creditors.
April 1, 1892. ap1-td

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS.

Tenders will be received by the undersigned for the erection and completion of the Board of Trade Building, on or before Friday, 22nd of April, at 12 o'clock noon.
The lowest or any offer not necessarily accepted.
Plans and specifications can be seen at my office.
A. MAXWELL MUIR,
Architect,
Turner Building,
Douglas Street.
ap1

Notice for Tenders.

Sealed tenders will be received by the undersigned up to noon on the 5th day of April, 1892, for the purchase of the plant, good will, etc., of the Brick Yard at Roche Point, Burrard Inlet, B.C., commonly known as "McFarland's Brick Yard."
This is a good investment, as the yard is well equipped with machinery, scows, etc., within a short distance from Vancouver. The bricks that have been made are of first-class quality, and there are prospects of a good season's business.
The highest or any tender not necessarily accepted. For further particulars apply to
H. CLIFFORD GODDEN,
Assignee Estate D. A. McFarland,
122 Alexander Street,
Vancouver, B.C.
m30-td

FOR SALE.

ONE HUNDRED AND SIXTY ACRES OF rich bottom land in Somenos District, Cowichan, two miles from railroad station. Apply to
C. BEAUMONT,
Cor. Gov't and Bay Streets,
Victoria, B.C.
February 20, 1892. fe21-tf

AUCTION SALES.

AUCTION SALE

Russells Station, Esquimalt District

PART OF

SPRINGFIELD ESTATE.

J. P. DAVIES & CO.

Are instructed by R. J. Russell, Esq., to offer for

SALE - BY - AUCTION

At their Salesroom, Wharf street, at 12 o'clock, noon, on

Tuesday, May 3rd, 1892

the balance of

27 LOTS

OF THE

SPRINGFIELD -:- ESTATE

This choice residential property is most eligibly situated, adjoining Russells Station, on the Esquimalt & Nanaimo Railroad.
The Electric Car Line runs along the south side of the property.
The soil is very well suited for gardening purposes. Water is laid on from the Esquimalt water works.
Maps, with full particulars and terms and conditions of sale, can be obtained at the office of the auctioneer.

JOSHUA DAVIES,
Auctioneer.

ESTATE JOSEPH DOUGAN,

DECEASED, INTESTATE.

Subject to the approval of the Supreme Court of British Columbia,

J. P. DAVIES & CO.

WILL SELL ON

TUESDAY,

3rd day of May,

AT 12 O'CLOCK, NOON,

SHAWNIGAN DISTRICT:

The West half of Section 19, Range 3.
The East half of Section 19, Range 3.
The East half of Section 20, Range 3.
The South half of Section 20, Range 4.

COWICHAN DISTRICT:

The East half of Section 1, Range 3.
Section 1, Range 4, containing 350 acres.

Particulars with maps to be had of Messrs.
DRAKE, JACKSON & HELMCKEN,
SOLICITORS,
OR THE AUCTIONEERS.

J. P. DAVIES & CO.

have received instructions from the executors in the estate of Catherine Hotz, deceased, to sell by

PUBLIC AUCTION

the property known as

—THE—

Colonist Hotel,

The Good-will of Business, Furniture, Bar Fixtures, Stock of Liquors, Etc., Etc.

—THE—

CORNER - LOT

opposite the Colonist Hotel, fronting on

BEACON - HILL - PARK

Maps containing full particulars to be had from Messrs.

DRAKE, JACKSON & HELMCKEN,
SOLICITORS,
OR THE AUCTIONEERS.

MISCELLANEOUS

MANCHESTER HOUSE

JUST RECEIVED

LACE CURTAINS in all the latest patterns.

WHITE DRESS LAWNS in the Coin spot patterns—the newest thing out.

TWO CASES OF LADIES' BLOUSES in all styles and patterns. Both White and Colored.

A NEW LINE OF DRESS GOODS received to-day. These are beautiful in texture and pattern, and bought 25 per cent. below the usual price.

THOSE KID GLOVES will still be sold at 75 cents per pair.

T. HAUGHTON & CO.,

88 YATES STREET, VICTORIA.

BANK OF BRITISH COLUMBIA.

Incorporated by Royal Charter, 1862.

CAPITAL PAID UP..... £600,000, $3,000,000.
RESERVE FUND..... (With power to increase.) £245,000, $1,225,000.

HEAD OFFICE: - - - - 60 LOMBARD STREET, LONDON ENGLAND.

BRANCHES:

IN BRITISH COLUMBIA—VICTORIA, VANCOUVER, NEW WESTMINSTER, NANAIMO, KAMLOOPS AND NELSON.
IN THE UNITED STATES—SAN FRANCISCO, PORTLAND, SEATTLE AND TACOMA.

Agents and Correspondents in Canada and the United States:

Bank of Montreal, Canadian Bank of Commerce, Imperial Bank of Canada; Bank of Montreal, New York and Chicago.

SAVIGS BANK DEPARTMENT—Deposits received from $1 upwards, and interest allowed (present rate) at 4 PER CENT. PER ANNUM.

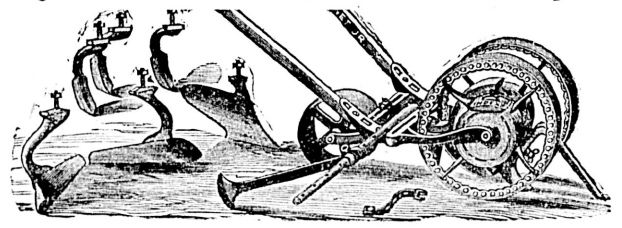
Gold dust purchased and every description of Banking business transacted.
NELSON, Kootenay Lake, B. C. This branch is now open for business.
Victoria, B.C., April 4, 1892. ap5 W. C. WARD, MANAGER.

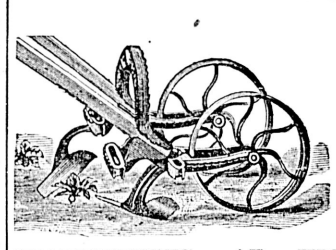
E. G. PRIOR & CO.,

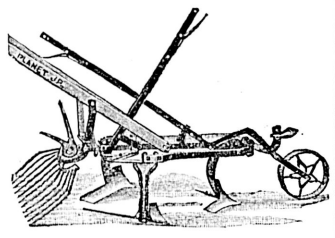
(LIMITED LIABILITY).

Importers of Iron, Hardware, Agricultural Machinery and Vehicles of All Kinds.

Sole Agents for the Planet, Jr., Farm and Garden Implements.







WAREHOUSES AT VICTORIA AND KAMLOOPS.

Write for Special Catalogue and Prices. mr 1

EASTMAN & CLERIN,

COOPERAGE

Manufacturers of Barrels and Kegs for Fish, Beef, Beer and Whiskey; Patent Coiled Elm Hoops for Lime Barrels Constantly in Stock. Packers' Correspondence Solicited.
P. O. BOX 784. SHOP—POWELL ST., EAST,
VANCOUVER, B. C. ap2-tf

THE FIRST

OOLACHANS

FROM THE NAAS RIVER

TENDER ! - DELICATE ! ! - TASTY ! ! !

H. SAUNDERS, - 39-41 JOHNSON ST.



All the Flesh-Forming and strength-giving elements of Prime Beef

ARE SUPPLIED BY

JOHNSTON'S FLUID BEEF

It is valuable Food for the Sick—an invigorating and stimulating beverage.

Nutricious, palatable and easily digested.

THE WEEKLY COLONIST,

The Great Advertising Medium.

RICHARDS & CUTHBERT,

AUCTIONEERS.

AUCTION SALE

REAL ESTATE

VICTORIA CITY.

Wednesday, April the 13th

At 11 A. M., Comprising

SEVEN CHOICE LOTS

On Boyd Street, off Dallas Road,

JAMES BAY.

These lots will compare favorably with any property in this favorite residential suburb of the city. They are in the midst of some of the best and largest residences, near to town and close to that Fine Marine Drive and Promenade, the finest in British Columbia, Dallas Road.

FINE LOT, OAK BAY AVENUE,

Being lot 10, block 1, sub-division of sub lots 8, 9 and part of 7, section 76.

NEW SIX ROOM HOUSE AND TWO LOTS

(58 and 59) on Vining street, off Fernwood road, SPRING RIDGE.

This house and lot will be sold by order of the assignees and subject to mortgage of $2,000 which can either remain or be paid off. The house is new and exceedingly well built and conveniently arranged. The vacant lot is a most desirable site for a residence and one of the most valuable in this district.

ALSO 160 ACRES OF LAND,

Range 4, section 15 and part of section 16, SOMENOS DISTRICT,

Within two miles of a railway station. A large quantity of this land is good farming land. There is a good road and a stream of water running through it and $250 have been spent upon it in improvements.

TERMS:

James Bay property, one-quarter cash; balance in 18 months at 8 per cent. House and lots, Spring Ridge, cash. The rest of the property, one-third cash; balance in 12 months. Five per cent discount allowed all deferred payments if paid in cash.

Plans and full particulars can be had on Friday, April 8th, from

RICHARDS & CUTHBERT, Auctioneers.

SPRINGFIELD ESTATE

VICTORIA, B. C.,

RICHARDS & CUTHBERT,

Are instructed to sell by Public Auction

FINE BUSINESS, WHARF

—OR—

RESIDENTIAL PROPERTY

ON VICTORIA HARBOR

Magnificent Water Frontage

Of about 495 feet,

Being lots 14 and 15, section 31, Springfield Estate, Esquimalt District, on

WEDNESDAY, APRIL 13th,

At 11 A. M.

This is one of the best pieces of residential property in Victoria, its extensive water frontage making it most valuable for Business, Manufacturing, Wharf or Residential purposes. It has a good elevation, commands an exceptionally fine view of marine scenery, and is especially suitable for the erection of 3 or 4 fine residences. The tram car passes the property and the E. & N. Railway station is within three minutes' walk of it.

Full particulars, plans and terms may be had on Friday, April 8th, from

RICHARDS & CUTHBERT,

ap1 6 Auctioneers.

RICHARDS & CUTHBERT,

Real Estate, Furniture and General AUCTIONEERS.

Unreserved Auction Sale

—OF—

DESIRABLE FURNITURE

By order of a gentleman giving up housekeeping, on

SATURDAY, APRIL 9

AT 11 A. M.

In the Auction Mart, corner Broad St. and Trounce Ave.

comprising parlor set of 7 pieces in walnut and plush, bed and other lounges in plush, walnut easy chairs, walnut rockers, occasional tables, walnut bookcase, walnut sideboard, chandeliers, curtain poles and rings, Brussels, tapestry and Wilton carpets, bed and table linen, blankets, comforts, spreads, mirrors, organettes, walnut bedroom set, hardwood bedroom set, bureaus, washstands, bedsteads, toilet ware, Heap's patent dry earth closet, walnut extension table, cane seated chairs, kitchen tables and chairs, garden tools, hose, piping, etc.

Also two fine Oil Paintings, by Rowland Lee—the Temptation of St. Anthony and the Candidate for the Musical Club

On view Friday, from 2 to 4.

The auctioneers desire to draw the attention of ladies to the fact that their salesrooms are conducted on a special system, and are entirely free from the inconveniences and annoyances frequently experienced in some sale rooms. The whole of the furniture is new and in excellent condition.

RICHARDS & CUTHBERT,

ap7-td AUCTIONEERS.

CARD TO THE PUBLIC!

We have decided to discontinue our Tailoring Department at an early date and devote our attention to Ready-Made Clothing only. We intend to enlarge this branch of our business second to none in Canada.

The balance of our cloth will be sold at cost, either in the piece or made to order, for Cash only,

Parties wishing Cheap Suits or Cloth by the yard will do well to give us a call.

GILMORE & McCANDLESS,

37 Johnson Street.

AUCTION SALES TO BE HELD.

April 19th—Desirable Furniture. Richards & Cuthbert.
13th—Residental Property and Water Frontage. Richards & Cuthbert.
18th—Choice Residence and Farm Property.
April 27th—Government Sale of Nelson Town Lots. Sale in Nelson, Kootenay. J. P. Davies & Co.
May 3rd—Springfield Estate, 27 Lots. J. P. Davies & Co.
3rd—Estate of Joseph Dougan. Farm Lands in Shawnigan and Cowichan Districts. J. P. Davies & Co.
—Colonist Hotel and Property. No date fixed. J. P. Davies & Co.

THE CITY.

Lucky Louis.

Master Louis Chamberlain, of 85 Chatham street, won the writing desk at the Imperial Theatre matinee, yesterday.

Grows Slowly.

The subscription list for the relief of the sufferers by the Russian famine, is still at the City Hall, but it grows slowly. Subscriptions are few and far between.

A Veteran's Funeral.

The funeral of the late John Sullivan, one of British Columbia's early pioneers and one of Victoria's first policemen, who died suddenly on Friday last, will take place, tomorrow, at 10 a.m., from St. Andrews R.C. Cathedral.

Artistic Furnishings.

McLennan & McFeely, Victoria Hotel block, have just received a consignment of handsome and artistic mantels, grates and tiles. The mantels are in various woods, beautifully carved and finished. The grates are of new pattern and material.

Results of Advertising.

On Thursday last Mr. McCullum, the tailor on Broad street, decided to advertise in the COLONIST the bargains he had in suitings. Orders at once began to crowd him; to-day he is advertising for more help to meet the increased demands for his goods.

A Dangerous Playmate.

"Jumbo," the heavy road roller of the corporation, came within an ace of crushing to death a little youngster who was enjoying a stolen ride while the machine was working on Humboldt street, yesterday. The possible accident was averted by the prompt action of a city police officer.

To-morrow Evening.

The Epworth League of the Gorge Road church, announce an entertainment of unusual attractiveness for to-morrow evening. Refreshments will be provided in abundance, in addition to a good musical programme. There will be no admission fee, only a collection at the close.

The Victoria Divorce Case.

The divorce case of Green vs. Green, set down for hearing, yesterday morning, was adjourned till to-morrow, when the case of Welch vs. Welch, will also be heard, before a judge without a jury. The latter is a New Westminster divorce suit, in which John O'Flagherty, of London, Ont., is named as co-respondent.

"The Victoria Band."

The Victoria city band, recently organized under the leadership of Mr. J. M. Finn, turned out, last evening, and treated pedestrians to a fine promenade concert, besides giving a number of serenades, the COLONIST office being one of the honored ports of call. The band is neatly uniformed, is composed of good musicians, and is now prepared to take contracts for supplying any class of brass band or orchestra music.

A Salutory Lesson.

Messrs. Robert Ward and N. Shakespeare, J's. P., were again called upon to preside in the police court, yesterday, although nothing of importance came up. The only cases booked for thedaywere a drunk, Chas. McCormick, and John Kelly, for fighting, and Rosie Stewart, for being an inmate of a disorderly house. A five dollar fine was the penalty imposed on the drunk and on Kelly, while the other cases were remanded.

Big Auction Sale.

There was a large and intelligent audience present, yesterday afternoon, at the city pound, when pound-keeper Shaw mounted the rostrum and proceeded to auction off the dozen or so dogs that had been captured during the last week or ten days. The buyers were cautious and crafty, each one of them looking out for a canine bargain. The animals offered were of especially high grade, but the heavy rain falling at the time seemed to have rather dampened the ardor of the buyers, as it did the shaggy coats of the puppies. The total amount realized from the sale was $00.1670, which will be devoted to the parish poor fund. Eleven dogs which where not sold will be destroyed. The funeral will leave the family residence, on Tuesday afternoon next, at half-past 4 o'clock. Mr. P. Green is the undertaker employed.

Tramway Company Land Grant.

His Honor, Lieutant-Governor Nelson, yesterday, sent down to the Legislature a bill, No. 77, entitled an act to authorize the granting of a certain land subsidy for and in aid of The Upper Columbia Navigation and Tramway Company. The land proposed to be granted, is not to exceed 2,000 acres for each mile of tramway, and not exceeding in all 16,000 acres, to be selected by the company from the following area, viz: Bounded on the north by the southern boundary of the Canadian Pacific Railway belt; on the south by the fiftieth parallel of north latitude; on the east by the eastern boundary of the Electoral District of East Kootenay; and on the west by the western boundary of said district, upon condition of their commencing and constructing the said portion of the line of the company within the time and according to the terms of their Act of Incorporation, and upon the further condition that the said company furnish due security for such construction.

The Silver Currency.

The somewhat sudden and unexpected announcement on the part of the banks, that they would receive American silver only at a discount, caused a good deal of trouble in commercial circles. The tramcar company and a good many of the leading merchants were obliged to follow suit, and the general public were, in consequence, put to considerable inconvenience and loss. At the time the banks' decision was made known, there was not in Victoria a Canadian silver currency sufficient for the purpose of every day trade. Mr. McLaughlin, of the Government Savings Bank, at once telegraphed to headquarters, and the result was a shipment of silver, but not sufficient to meet the emergency. A second shipment was subsequently made, and, yesterday, a third arrived, consisting of thirteen cases of $2,000 each. The silver was of the various denominations in circulation, and, with the previous consignments, will, it is thought, be sufficient for present needs. Further shipments of silver are expected.

Their Monthly Meeting.

The B. C. Marine Engineers held their regular monthly meeting, last evening, at which a large amount of important business was disposed of, of interest to the craft.

The Aldermanic Election.

Mr. Andrew Gray, having been solicited by the citizens of Johnson street ward, has allowed himself to be nominated for alderman, and prints his card in this morning's issue. Mr. Gray is well known as a man of business experience and ability, and stands a good chance of election.

Another Rehearsal.

The "Pirates of Penzance" will be fully rehearsed, on Monday next, at 8 p.m. sharp, in the Victoria Theatre. In order to insure a successful rendition of this popular opera, it is requested that every performer who can possibly attend the rehearsal will do so, as the dates set for the performance, the 26th and 27th, are rapidly approaching.

A Fine Structure.

Some weeks ago, it will be remembered, the new building of the Victoria Brewing and Ice Co. was fully described in the columns of the COLONIST, and at the time attracted a good deal of attention, especially among contractors and architects. This morning, the illustration is published, and it will be seen at a glance that the magnificent structure now being built is in every way worthy of the progress of the city, and a credit to all concerned in its erection.

Attempted Housebreaking.

Mrs. Ross, of 38 Harrison street, reports to the police that, on Friday night, about 11 o'clock, she was awakened by a noise as of some one trying to break into the house, and, on getting up, saw some parties running away. An examination of one of the doors of the house showed that there had been an attempt made to force an entrance. The would-be burglar left his rubber coat behind. He can have the same by paying costs of this advertisement and calling on the Chief of Police.

Judgment Summonses.

Sir Matthew Begbie sat in the County Court for a couple of hours, yesterday, and disposed of a number of judgment summonses, adjourning the court until to-morrow morning, when the case of Earle vs. The Corporation, to recover damages for the loss of a horse killed by the fall of an electric wire, will probably be heard. It is one in which a great deal of interest is centered, as the result will decide a very important question—the responsibility for the due protection of the public from electric wires.

Street Crossings.

The public thoroughfares and street crossings of Victoria are at present in a most deplorable condition, and a general spring cleaning would not be at all unacceptable. Recent heavy rains have had the effect of turning into liquid stuff what ought to be clean and solid surface. If even the street crossings were kept clean it would minimise the torture of pedestrianism, but in most cases the crossings are as bad as the general thoroughfare. The sanitary officer is no doubt doing his best, but considering that he has only six men at his disposal for street cleaning purposes—half a dozen men to look after a whole city!—his efforts in this direction must of necessity, be almost imperceptable. A few dozen men put to work on the streets for a few days would make a great improvement.

A Pioneer's Funeral.

The funeral of the late Wm. D. Ferris took place from the residence of T. W. Carter and from the Reform Episcopal Church yesterday afternoon. at 2:30 o'clock, a large number of the Pioneer society and other friends attending. A very solemn and impressive service was performed at the church by the officiating clergymen, who were Bishop Cridge, Dr. Reed and the Rev. C. E. Dobbs, and the sacred music, rendered by the choir, was most appropriate. The deceased was an old pioneer of British Columbia. He spent a great many years of his life on the Fraser river, and he could well remember when Victoria was principally inhabited by Indians. The pall-bearers at his funeral, who were all members of the society to which he belonged, were: Mr. Moss, James Graham, W. Humphrey, W. J. Clearihue, C. Booth and T. Harvey.

At Christ Church Cathedral.

To-day being Palm Sunday, there will be appropriate services and music at Christ Church cathedral, both morning and evening. After the evening services, "The Story of the Cross," arranged to music, will be rendered by the full choir. The Story is divided into five parts—The Question, the Answer, the Story of the Cross, the Appeal from the Cross, and Our Cry to Jesus. This will be also sung at the evening services during Holy Week, and on Good Friday evening, Mr. H. Kent will sing the solo, "By Jesu's Grave," the subject of the sermon being the burial. The services on Easter day will surpass anything before, the choir having been hard at work for some time, practicing new anthems and services. On Tuesday in Easter week, an Easter festival will be held in the evening, particulars of which will be given later.

PERSONAL.

E. C. Bates, of Boston, is in Victoria.
I. H. Kenney, of Toronto, is in town.
E. L. Decker, of Boston, Mass., is in the city.
H. E. Lewis, of San Francisco, is at the Driard.
Archdeacon Sulger is a guest at Hotel Victoria.
W. R. Miller, of Winnipeg, is a guest at the Oriental.
Alexander Begg returned from the South, yesterday.
C. E. Mallette came home by the Kingston, last evening.
S. S. Hyams returned home by the Kingston, last evening.
P. Watelet is back again from his coal mine, onTumbo Island.
E. E. Rand was a passenger inward by ye-s terday's Kingston.
Hon. Justice McCreight, left San Francisco for here, yesterday.
David Fitzsimmons, of Los Angeles, is registered at the Oriental.
J. H. Meldrum and wife, are on their way home from California.
Rev. Temple, C. P. Pyremont, of Warwickshire, England. is at the Driard.
T. S. Higginson and F. C. Gamble, were passengers by the Islander, last night.
C. Gilbert, of Chicago, is at the Driard. He is paying a flying visit to British Columbia.
Wm. Gill, of the department of Inland Revenue, came home from the Mainland, last night.
C. H. Stickles, engineer for the Edison Electric Light Co. in British Columbia, is in the city.
H. E. Bidwell, of Stockton, Cala., came over on the Sound steamer, last night. He is registered at the Driard.
J. P. Dow, of Buffalo; G. O. Patterson, of Toronto, and J. A. Martin, of Paris, Ont., are guests at the Hotel Dallas.
Benjamin T. Rogers, of the Vancouver sugar refinery, came over from the Terminal city last night, to spend Sunday here, as usual.
John Keen, C.E., leaves for Kaslo City, Kootenay, by this evening's steamer. He will take charge of the surveying work on the wagon road and railroad, to be built by the Kaslo-Kootenay Land Co., into the famous Slocan mines.

A SPECIAL MEETING.

Mr. Wilmot Appointed to the Office of Water Commissioner and City Engineer.

The Special Committee Report on the Advisability of Such a Course.

A special meeting of the City Council was held at the City Hall, last night, to receive and discuss the report of the Special Committee appointed to advise the Council as to the best means of filling the vacancy in the office of the city surveyor and water commissioner.

There were present Mayor Beaven (in the chair) and Ald. Hunter, Styles, Lovell, Munn, Baker, Hall, McKillican, and Humber.

The report was as follows:—

Having made inquiry they beg to report that in their opinion the best method of filling the vacant position of city engineer, surveyor and water commissioner is to appoint Mr. A. E. Wilmot, who is now engaged on the sewerage work, and who could also attend to the duties of city engineer, surveyor and water commissioner, and that an additional sum of $75 per month to his present salary would secure his services. Your committee would further recommend that Mr. Wilmot have the right to name an assistant surveyor in the office subject to the approval of the City Council.

ALD. MCKILLICAN moved the adoption of the report.

ALD. STYLES said that the present manner of appointing a commissioner was hardly fair. The Board knew very well the circumstances attending the election. The man chosen was subsequently thrown out. Why should not the Council fall back on the man who received the second highest number of votes?

ALD. MCKILLICAN said that if the Council could choose a better man than any candidate, they were entitled to do so.

ALD. BAKER asked, if Mr. Wilmot were chosen, whether that gentleman would give up his sewerage work.

The MAYOR said that he would not do that under any circumstances. The importance of having his name connected with the work, was what he looked at even more than salary.

ALD. LOVELL said that in any case Mr. Wilmot would need an assistant.

ALD. BAKER called attention to the fact that the Royal Commission had censured a previous Council for over-expenditure on officials.

ALD. LOVELL replied that the city needed proper officers, and that it would have to get them. They were there to look after the true interests of the ratepayers.

ALD. STYLES said that it seemed peculiar that Mr. Wilmot offered to do for $75 per month, what the last Council had got done for $5,000 per year.

After considerable discussion Ald. Munn said, that as a matter of courtesy, the report should be adopted. The committee had been appointed by the Council, and they had, no doubt, done their best.

ALD. HUNTER seconded the adoption of the report.

ALD. STYLES moved in amendment, that the matter be deferred till Tuesday, to ascertain if Mr. Wilmot would be willing to devote his whole time to the office.

ALD. BAKER seconded the motion.

The amendment was put and lost. The vote stood.

For the motion—Ald. Lovell, Hunter, Munn, McKillican, Humber.

Against—Ald. Styles, Baker, Hall.

A ballot was then taken, resulting in seven votes out of nine being cast for Mr. Wilmot.

ALD. MUNN moved that Mr. Wilmot be notified of his appointment.

Carried.

The Council then adjourned.

Delayed Mails.

The Postoffice Inspector has been advised that certain mails despatched from Montreal on the 5th of March last, for this Province, Manitoba, and the Northwest Territory, had been mislaid en route at Fort William, Ont., and were not discovered until the 5th inst., when they were forwarded to destination. The letters for Victoria contained in these mails, arrived, last night, and as numerous complaints have been received by the Inspector of the delay in their transmission, the above explanation is made for the information of those whose correspondence may have been so delayed.

At the Germania To-night.

Concert by the celebrated duet, Messrs. Bullock & Farrell, of Chicago.

SYDNEY HOUSE
SYDNEY, NORTH SAANICH.
Fine Shooting, Salmon Fishing and Boating. Excellent accommodation and the best of everything in season.
W. A. BISSETT, PROPRIETOR.
ap9-1m

SMOKE
"McLeod's Own"
The best 10c. cigar in the city.
For sale only at the
WHITE -:- ELEPHANT,
19 TROUNCE AVENUE. ap9

To the Electors of Johnson Street Ward:

A vacancy having occurred in the representation of Johnson Street Ward in the City Council, and having been requested by a large number of those that voted for me at the last election to again offer myself as a candidate, I have consented to do so. If elected I will endeavor to serve you faithfully.

ED. BRAGG.
ap5-td

KOOTENAY - INVESTMENTS.
E. C. CARPENTER begs to inform intending purchasers that he will be in Kootenay after March 5th.
Information given on Mines, Claims, and Real Estate in Nelson, Ainsworth and Slocan (Slocan especially).
Correspondence solicited. Confidential enquiries answered promptly. Address—P. O. Nelson, Kootenay, B. C, fe28-tf

HERBERT CARMICHAEL,
Official Analyst for the Province.
OFFICE, · 32 GOVERNMENT ST.
mc9-3m

MR. VICTOR AUSTIN
Teacher of Violin, Guitar & Mandolin.
Application can be made at the Conservatory of Music, 95 Douglas St. oc11

PR. HILLIGER,
Teacher of VIOLIN, PIANO AND GERMAN.
Apply 56 Pandora Street.
ap3-w&su-3m

May Day Sports.

An unusual novelty is promised for Easter Monday, when everybody will enjoy their holiday at the grounds of the Victoria Jockey Club. Everything possible in the amusement line has been secured, and some of the most interesting contests for the handsome prizes now on view at Davidson Bros'. windows, will take place between the athletic clubs. Prof. LeCroix will give a wonderful exhibition of skill and daring on the slack wire, and owing to the great success which Mr. Adamson achieved when he exhibited with the amateur minstrels, something grand is assured. There will be an exciting bicycle race, a tug of war, Maypole dancing, flower dances, Highland dances and innumerable other sports. There will be two bands in attendance and in the evening there will be a grand full dress promenade concert, with beautiful electric and lantern display. The programme will be announced later in the week.



Comrade G. W. Hammond
of Root Post, G. A. R., of Syracuse, N. Y.

Wounded at Gettysburg

"C. I. Hood & Co., Lowell, Mass.:
"I was in the Army of the Potomac and in the great battle of Gettysburg was struck in the ankle by a minnie ball, which smashed the bone. My leg was amputated in the field hospital, and after a long time it healed. I was discharged and went home. After 8 years

My Wound Broke Open

afresh. Dr. Pease amputated an inch of the bone, and it healed. Four years later it once more opened, and for eight years how I suffered! I do not believe it possible for a human being to suffer worse agony. During this time I had to go on crutches, being unable to wear a wooden leg. Whenever possible I relieved my sufferings by taking opiate, but when I was obliged to go without it, I suffered fearfully and thought I **should go crazy.** I tried every thing I could get with my limited means. Physicians said I would never be any better. Finally my

Blood Became Poisoned

and it broke out all over my face and on some parts of my body so that my face is all covered with scars now. One day I read of what Hood's Sarsaparilla would do. The first dollar I got I sent and bought a bottle and began taking it. A week or two later, my wife in dressing my leg, said it seemed to be improving, and after taking

Hood's Sarsaparilla

a few months, thank God (and I say it reverently), the sores all over my body had healed, and now, four years later, have never shown any sign of reappearing." GEORGE M. HAMMOND, 219 Magnolia Street, Syracuse, N. Y.

Col. C. A. Weaver

Commander of Root Post, G. A. R., himself a one armed veteran, fully confirms Mr. Hammond's statement, and J. L. Belden, the pharmacist, also endorses it.

Hood's Pills cure Sick Headache.

W. R. CLARKE
Auctioneer,
40 YATES ST.

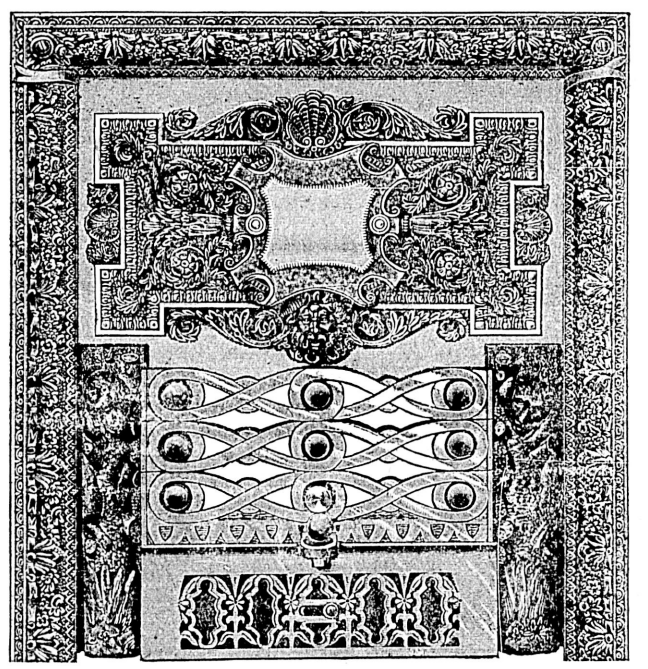
Removed from 13 Store St.
fe5

MISCELLANEOUS.

PEMBERTON & SON,
REAL ESTATE
—AND—
FINANCIAL - AGENTS.
Half-acre lots in the City, beautifully situated, best of land, for sale, from $650 upwards, on very easy terms.
MONEY TO LOAN ON APPROVED SECURITY AT CURRENT RATES
P. O. BOX 243. · · mc26 · · VICTORIA, B. C.

Price "STAY THERE." Within
LACED. MANSELL'S ELASTIC SIDE
$3.50
SHOE FOR GENTS
Reach 95 GOVERNMENT ST. mc27 of All.

FOR MANTELS, GRATES & TILES
RECOMMEND ME TO



McLENNAN & McFEELY,
ap10 Corner Government and Johnson Streets.

SIMPSON, HALL, MILLER & Co.
16 AND 18 DE BRESOLES ST.
MONTREAL.
TRADE MARK FOR 1847 ROGERS
MANUFACTURERS OF THE KNIVES, FORK AND SPOON
FINEST QUALITY
ELECTRO-PLATED WARE.
ALSO SOLE MANUFACTURERS OF THE CELEBRATED
WM. ROGERS' KNIVES, FORK & SPOONS, &C. A. J. WHIMBEY MANAGER FOR CAN.

FIRE INSURANCE.
PHŒNIX INSURANCE CO., Of Hartford, Conn.,
ESTABLISHED · · · 1854.
Cash Capital, · $2,000,000.
CANADA BRANCH: Head Office, 114 St. James St. MONTREAL.
GERALD E. HART, · · · · · · · · General Manager.
A share of your Fire Insurance is solicited for this reliable and wealthy company, renowned for its prompt and liberal settlement of claims.
au29 J. J. AUSTIN, H. M. YATES, } Victoria Agents, 63 Government St.

SPENCER'S ARCADE
NEW GOODS.
LINOLEUMS AND FLOOR CLOTHS, New Light Patterns,
CARPETS. New designs from Crossley & Bunton's. Rugs to Match in all Sizes.
WINDOW SHADES AND CURTAIN POLES.
Lace and Swiss Applegie Curtains. China and Japan Mattings.
KIDDERMINSTER SQUARES AND CARPETINGS.
INSPECTION INVITED.
DAVID SPENCER, - Government Street.

JAPANESE GOODS
Just received by last steamer, consisting of
All Kinds of Silk Goods
TEA SETS, VASES, TRAYS,
Cabinets, Writing Desks, Screens, Chairs, Tables, Toys of all kinds, great variety of Curios, Bronzeware, etc. The finest lot of Goods in the city.
ROKUBAN CO.,
150 Government Street.
ja6-1y

THEY LEAD ALL!
THE WEBER
AND
HAINTZMAN
PIANOS.
See them before you select at
WAITT'S MUSIC STORE,
64 GOVERNMENT ST. mc6-y

AMUSEMENTS.

GRAND BALL,
Under auspices of L. O. L. Nos. 1,426 and 1,610, will take place in
ASSEMBLY HALL
—ON—
EASTER MONDAY, APRIL 18TH,
TICKETS, · · $2.50.
There will be four prizes given to Ladies in the best set of Lancers, also a medal for the best Highland dancer. The prizes will be on view in the window of Jackson & Mylius, Government street. Any prize can be exchanged, if so desired, by the winner.
mc23-td GEO. BRIMSTON, Sec'y.

VICTORIA - THEATRE.
JAMES COLLINS, Manager.
ONLY 2 NIGHTS | APRIL 14 & 15
THE FOREMOST CLASSICAL ACTOR OF AMERICA,
MR. FREDERICK WARDE
And a most complete company, in two classical and artistic representations.
THURSDAY, APRIL 14TH, HIS LATEST SUCCESS,
THE LION'S MOUTH
FRIDAY, APRIL 15TH, BANIM'S GRAND OLD PLAY,
DAMON & PYTHIAS
The sale of seats for this notable engagement commences Monday morning at Jamieson's Stationery Store. The price will be $1.50, $1.00 and 50 cents. ap10

IMPERIAL -:- THEATRE
MALLANDAINE & BURNER, PROPRIETORS,
GEO. BERRY, · MANAGER.
Last Week of Our Stock Company
Week Commencing April 11.
Monday--Rip Van Winkle.
Tuesday--Our Boys.
Wednesday--Black Diamonds.
Thursday--Rosedale.
Friday--Divorce.
Saturday Matinee--Kathleen.
Saturday Night--Planter's Wife.
POPULAR PRICES—25c., 35c., 50c. Remember the PRESENT given away at the Saturday Matinee. ap10

GRASPING
THE DIFFICULTY!
Eastern shoddy peddlers
KNOCKED OUT
☞JOHN McCALLUM,
The Fashionable Tailor,
42 Broad Street,
Has decided to give for the next 30 DAYS to his numerous customers a chance to secure their SPRING SUITS at such close prices as will startle the most inveterate bargain hunter.
Scotch Tweed Pants to order from $5.00 to $9.50.
Scotch Tweed Suits from $20.00 to $36.00.
Indigo Blue Serge Suits from $28.00 up.
A large and varied assortment of Black Worsteds, Venetian, Overcoatings, Vicunas, etc., etc., to select from.
Fit, style and workmanship guaranteed, as none but those who are artists at their trade are employed.
Every Garment has the personal supervision of
JOHN McCALLUM,
MERCHANT TAILOR,
42 Broad Street.
ap8-1m

MEETINGS.

VICTORIA-COLUMBIA LODGE, No. 1, A. F. & A. M., B.C.R.—Regular Communication first Thursday each month at Masonic Temple, corner Douglas and Fisgard streets, at 7:30 p. m. Sojourning brethren cordially invited.
ja28 tf C. DUBOIS MASON.

ACME LODGE, NO. 14, I. O. O. F., meets every Friday evening in the Odd Fellows' Hall, Douglas street, at 7:30 o'clock. Sojourning brethren are cordially invited to attend.
S. W. EDWARDS, Rec. Sec.
W. H. CULLIN, N. G ja20-6m.

MEN'S AND BOYS' SUMMER SUITS.
STRAW HATS, FELT HATS.
HALIFAX TWEED SUITS.
ap9-su&w

B. WILLIAMS & CO.
CLOTHIERS AND HATTERS. 97 JOHNSON STREET.

NEW SUMMER SUITS FOR MEN AND BOYS.
BEST VALUE IN THE CITY.
BEST ASSORTMENT & LOWEST PRICES.

PLATFORM AND STAGE.

Frederick Warde's New and Great Play—The Comedy Attraction for Tuesday.

A Fortnight of Opera—Last Week of the Imperial Stock Company.



THE visit of Frederick Warde and his Company on the 14th and 15th of the present month, may be looked forward to as a treat by all who appreciate true, legitimate dramatic work. Mr. Warde is no stranger here; his "Virginius" of last season will long be remembered with pleasure by Victorians. This year he has an unusually well balanced company and the selection of plays for the two nights engagement will meet with unqualified approval—"The Lion's Mouth" for the opening, and 'Damon and Pythias" for the second night. The former play, by Henry Guy Carleton, is not one of the kind for which there is always an audience, and in which any popular actor can make a hit. It belongs to the stately society of dramas written in resonant blank verse, in an atmosphere murky with the smoke of all the great passions whose fires smouldered under priestly robes and the rich garments that clothed social and civic powers in the old centuries. From its beginning and its course up to the last act, one can easily anticipate a tragic ending; but Henry Guy Carleton evidently knew his century and his public too well to stake his drama upon such an issue. The play ends as the intelligent spectator would have it end, although it is what the irreverent would call a very close shave for the hero. A diction rich, fluent, smooth, always in keeping with the manner of speech of the time, and always as significant as it is musical and dignified, is one of the chief charms of the play. The action is neither hasty nor lagging. Its interest is comulative, and up to the last moment it is not evident that the end will not be tragic. There is singularly little that is superfluous in either the scenes or the speeches, and there is evidence of most careful revision. The story takes a period and a place in which everything is possible. Venice, when the people were beginning to rebel against noble and priestly tyranny; Venice, where young fancy needed only a look, a sigh, a handclasp to become a passion as strong as that of Romeo and Juliet; Venice, where the crushing power of the secret accusation, the secret tribunal and the secret condemnation was most powerful—that is the Venice that one sees in the play. A usurping Doge's innocent daughter who sees and loves her father's enemy and weds him very much as Juliet loved and wed the Montague; and a son of the real Doge, who sees and loves and weds a lovely girl without dreaming that she is the child of the power against which he is plotting—these are the central figures in the play. The Chief Inquisitor, vindictive, treacherous and merciless; the jailer, who revels in his dreadful duties as the hangman does in Barnaby Rudge; Marco, a staunch friend and supporter of the hero, Paul de Novara; and Marcella, a friend of the heroine, who has the soubrette tendency of most confidantes, are, with Friar Christopher, who is the Inquisitor's Nemesis, the other elements in the working out of the plot. The scenes and situations in which they figure are not only dramatic in themselves, but they are arranged so as to get the best dramatic effect from the arrangement.



In the days of bad burlesque, broad farce comedies and the general bluff and bluster of the stage, it is a relief to turn to something novel, especially if the novelty is funny. For after all the vast majority go to the theater to be amused, to laugh and for the time being to forget the cares of this work-a-day world. In the Scandinavian comedy "Ole Olson" there is a dialect character which was new to the stage only a season ago, but which the people of the Northwest are very well acquainted with. "Ole" the Swede who "haf bane in dees kontry wane yare, femt mont and sex wake," is a delightfully modest hero, who is not like the Irish comedian, everlastingly prating of his love for his native land, whose mistakes are genuinely laughable, and not an imitation of that outrageous libel, the well known German stage clown. All who have seen him like "Ole Olson" and follow him through the pretty little comedy with real interest. Amusement seekers will be glad to know that this successful comedy will be presented here on Tuesday next by a company of well known comedians.

April is to be a great month for opera, but the worst of it is it comes all in the course of a few days. The Jennie Kimball Opera Company with Corinne as prima donna open the season, singing on April 19 and 20. Then "The Spider and the Fly," which has a good deal of the comic opera about it, is sandwiched in on the 21 and 22, and the amateurs present "Pirates of Penzance" on the 26 and 27, to be followed by Emma Juch, with Franz Vetta and all the old support on the 28, 29 and 30. "Pirates of Penzance" is having three rehearsals a week now, and that of last evening shows that practice makes perfect in opera as in all things else. The manager of the Victoria yesterday received a letter from John W. Hanna looking for a week's engagement here in May for the New York Opera Company, in a change of bill every night. Mr. Collins has booked the company, and suggested the 2nd of May as the opening night, or else the 18th, following Gus Williams, whose dates are 16 and 17.

At the Imperial Theatre this week, there will be a change of bill every night, the stock company which has been playing there since the departure of the Belmour-Gray organization, closing their engagement with a flourish of trumpets. Next week the Imperial Stock Company will visit Vancouver, Port Angeles and other neighboring cities, returning to enter upon a second engagement here in ten days or a fortnight. The plays for this week, according to the present arrangements, are as follows:

Monday—Rip Van Winkle.
Tuesday—Our Boys.
Wednesday—Black Diamonds.
Thursday—Rosedale.
Friday—Divorce.
Saturday matinee—Kathleen Mavourneen.
Saturday night—The Planter's Wife.



MISS ESTHER LYONS,

Or as her friends know her, Mrs Burt Ramsay, has taken leave of her Victoria acquaintances, and left for Chicago, where on the 18th inst., next Monday, she opens a long engagement with Alexander Salvini, in Child of Naples. Leaving here on Friday, she will, at best, have not more than two days to fit herself for a role which is sure to be severely criticised, and which many more famous actresses than herself have been hoping to fill. How far the Victorian—for she now calls herself such—will succeed remains to be seen.

STAGE GOSSIP.

Frank Daniels has been booked at the Victoria for May 9 and 10.

Richard Mansfield opens this month in San Francisco with "Beau Brummel". His Victoria date is June 3rd.

Popular Katie Putnam and her company are meeting with great success in the state of Illinois. Katie is a favorite everywhere.

Ovide Musin, the romantic violinist who is booked at the Victoria for May 13 and 14 has all his last season favorites with him again.

Miss St. George Hussy, well known as a character actress has a rattling good Irish part in "Ole Olson", the attraction for Tuesday evening at the Victoria.

Remenyi, the king of violinists, plays in St. Paul on the 12th inst. on his way to the Pacific Coast. He has promised Victoria a visit in the course of his tour.

The charming little soubrette Elsie von Rosen is now a member of Bobby Gaylor's "Sport McAllister" company, and her singing and dancing are winning fame for her.

George Osborne of the Alcazar theatre has telegraphed Arthur Forrest, tendering him the engagement as leading man for next season. The offer will very probably be accepted.

Victoria's Sir Knights of Pythias fully appreciate the compliment paid them by Mr. Frederick Warde, in his selection of Damon and Pythias for Good Friday, and will turn out in a body to witness the drama.

The amature production of Mikado in Nanaimo is reported to have fallen through, and the amateurs are said to have sent to this city for Clement Rowlands to help them through. They could not have done a wiser thing, if they want to see Gilbert and Sullivan's latest popular success produced as it should be.

It is said that there are more genuine hearty laughs in "Ole Olson" than in any other comedy on the road. Ed. R. Salter, the manager of the company, who is compelled to listen to the play every night, is getting so fat that he cannot get inside half the box offices on the road. He is a beautiful illustration of that old axiom "Laugh and Grow Fat."

That Tired Feeling

Is often the forerunner of serious illness, which may be broken up if a good tonic like Hood's Sarsaparilla is taken in season. This medicine invigorates the kidneys and liver to remove the waste from the system, purifies the blood and builds up the strength.

Constipation is caused by loss of the peristaltic action of the bowels. Hood's Pills restore this action and invigorate the liver.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

When Baby was sick, we gave her Castoria.
When she was a Child, she cried for Castoria,
When she became Miss, she clung to Castoria,
When she had Children, she gave them Castoria.

Castoria
For Infants and Children.

Castoria promotes Digestion, and overcomes Flatulency, Constipation, Sour Stomach, Diarrhœa, and Feverishness. Thus the child is rendered healthy and its sleep **natural. Castoria** contains no Morphine or other narcotic property.

"Castoria is so well adapted to children that I recommend it as superior to any prescription known to me." H. A. ARCHER, M. D., 111 South Oxford St., Brooklyn, N. Y.

"I use Castoria in my practice, and find it specially adapted to affections of children." ALEX. ROBERTSON, M. D., 1057 2d Ave., New York.

"From personal knowledge and observation I can say that Castoria is an excellent medicine for children, acting as a laxative and relieving the pent up bowels and general system very much. Many mothers have told me of its excellent effect upon their children." DR. G. C. OSGOOD, Lowell, Mass.

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, 77 Murray Street, N. Y.

jy28-t-t-su

Lyon & Healy

GUITARS
The Marquette. Quarter-sawed Sycamore $7.50
The Lakeside. Quarter-sawed Oak, $9.00
The Arion. Solid Mahogany, $11.00
The Conservatory. Solid Rosewood, $13.50

MANDOLINS
The Lakeside. Variegated Birds-Eye Maple $12
The Arion. Maple and Mahogany $15
The Arion. Same as preceding, inlaid, $20
The Conservatory. Solid Rosewood, $20

Fully warranted and the best for the price the world affords. We manufacture all the component parts and are the largest makers on the globe. 50,000 of our instruments now in use. Sold by all leading dealers. Genuine have name burned on the inside. Take no other. Illustrated pamphlet mailed free. LYON & HEALY, 156 to 164 State St., Chicago.

sun-d&w

HAGYARD'S
"YELLOWOIL"
Cures Rheumatism.

Freeman's Worm Powders

Are pleasant to take. Contain their own Purgative. Is a safe, sure and effectual destroyer of worms in Children or Adults.

RESIDENT - PHYSICIAN.

UNION COLLIERY CO.,
UNION, B. C.

Applications will be received by the undersigned up to **15th April, 1892**, for the position of Resident Doctor for the Union Colliery Co. Union, B. C. All papers and certificates as to standing must be sent, per registered letter, to the undersigned, and all information as to salary, etc., may be obtained at the Union Colliery Co.'s office, Victoria, B. C., or the undersigned.

G. W. CLINTON, Secretary,
mc20-td-d&w Union, B. C.

KOFF NO MORE
WATSONS' COUGH DROPS
WILL GIVE POSITIVE AND INSTANT RELIEF TO THOSE SUFFERING FROM COLDS, HOARSENESS, SORE THROAT, ETC., AND ARE INVALUABLE TO ORATORS AND VOCALISTS. R. & T. W. STAMPED ON EACH DROP. TRY THEM
ja-1-6m

COLUMBIA MILLS
Manufacturers of all kinds of
Rough and Dressed Lumber, Lath, Shingles and Pickets.
A million and a half feet of lumber to select from.
SHIP LUMBER
A general assortment always on hand and cut to order.

WHARF AND BRIDGE BUILDERS
Are especially invited to come and inspect our stock. We also make a specialty of
WELL SEASONED DRY CEDAR.
Prices as low as any,
D. F. ADAMS, PROPRIETOR.
Corner Bridge and David, Three blocks from bridge. P. O. Box 515. Telephone 126.
ap3 6m

C. P. N. CO., L'D.
STEAMER

DANUBE,
(Capt. Meyer), will leave from Rithet's inner Wharf for
Skidegate and Way Ports,
FRIDAY, APRIL 15th,
At 5 o'clock p.m., and from Outer Wharf at 8 o'clock p.m. For freight or passage apply at the office of Company, Wharf street.
The Company reserves the right of changing this time table at any time, without notification.
JOHN IRVING, Manager.
ap9-td

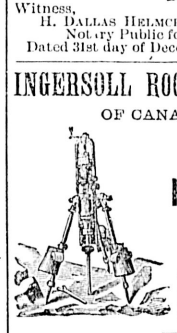
J. P. DAVIES & CO.
AUCTIONEERS.
GOVERNMENT SALE
—OF—
121 LOTS 121
—IN THE TOWN OF—
NELSON
Under instructions from the Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works, on behalf of the Province of British Columbia, we will sell by Public Auction, at 11 a.m., at the Town of Nelson, Kootenay, on
WEDNESDAY, APRIL 27,
Particulars, with maps, can now be obtained at the office of the auctioneers.
Terms of Sale—¼ cash, ¼ six months, ½ twelve months, with interest on deferred payments at the rate of six per cent per annum. Crown Grants $5 each.
JOSHUA DAVIES, Auctioneer.
mc9

ATTENTION!
Mechanics and Laborers, and all lovers of white labor, if you call for a cigar look at the box, see that the Union and Pacific Coast labels are on them, and you will find them in the following brands:
Newman's A1, - Cuban Espanola,
Rialtos, - - Long Havana,
Big Bouquets, - Humbolt,
Etc., Etc., Etc.
These brands are manufactured by first-class Union Hand Workers in a Square Shop. Factory No. 6.
ADOLPH NEWMAN,
apl-6m 131 Johnson Street.

MUNICIPAL NOTICE.
Public notice is hereby given to the electors of the Municipality of Johnson Street Ward that I require the presence of the said electors at the Council Chambers, City Hall, on Saturday, the ninth day of April, at 12 o'clock noon, for the purpose of electing a person to represent them in the Municipal Council as Alderman for Johnson Street Ward, vice J. C. Devlin, resigned. The mode of nomination shall be as follows:
The candidates shall be nominated in writing; the writing shall be subscribed by two voters of the municipality as proposer and seconder, and shall be delivered to the Returning Officer at any time between the date of the notice and 2 p.m. of the day of the nomination, and in the event of a poll being necessary such poll will be opened on the 12th day of April, at the Council Chambers, City Hall, of which every person is required to take notice and govern himself accordingly.
Given under my hand at Victoria, the 4th day of April, 1892.
W. K. BULL, Returning Officer.
ap5-5t

NOTICE is hereby given, pursuant to the provisions of "An Act Respecting Certain Works Constructed in or on Navigable Waters," chapter 92 of the Revised Statues of Canada, 1886, that the Cowichan Company, limited liability, intend to apply to the Governor-General in Canada in council, for his approval of certain works and improvements to be constructed, made and done by the said company in and about the Cowichan river between Cowichan Lake and Cowichan Bay, in the Island of Vancouver, in the Province of British Columbia, and have, in accordance with the provisions of the said Act, deposited a description of the proposed site of said works and improvements, and a descripti n of such works and improvements, together with the plans thereof, with the Minister of Public Works at Ottawa, and also with the Registrar General of Titles at the Land Registry office in the City of Victoria in the said Province.
BODWELL & IRVING,
Solicitors for the Cowichan Improvement Company, Limited Liability.
Dated this 18th day of February, A.D. 1892.
mc5-1m

NOTICE is hereby given that the partnership heretofore subsisting between us, the undersigned, Henry Coppinger Beeton and John Herbert Turner, carrying on business as wholesale dry goods and general merchants, cannery proprietors and commission agents at 33 Finsbury Circus, in the City of London and in Wharf Street, Victoria, Vancouver Island; British Columbia, and at the Inverness Cannery, Skeena River, British Columbia, under the style or firm of H. C. Beeton & Co. in London, and Turner, Beeton & Co. in British Columbia, has been dissolved by mutual consent as and from the thirty-first day of December, 1891. All debts due to and owing by the said late firm will be received and paid by the said John Herbert Turner and Robert Arthur Lawrence Kirk, trading in London, aforesaid, as H. C. Beeton & Co., and in British Columbia, aforesaid, as Turner, Beeton & Co.
H. C. BEETON,
J. H. TURNER,
R. A. L. KIRK,
By his attorney in fact, J. H. T.
Witness,
H. DALLAS HELMCKEN,
Notary Public for B. C.
Dated 31st day of December, 1891. mc25-1m

INGERSOLL ROCK DRILL CO.,
OF CANADA, LTD.
MONTREAL.

ROCK DRILLS
Air Compressors.
General Mining and Quarrying Machinery. A full stock of Drills and Duplicate parts always on hand.
WM. GORDON, Agent for B. C.
OFFICE: GALPIN BLOCK,
P. O. Box 787. 49½ Government St., Victoria.
oc18-su-w-f-d&w-1y

GOLDEN SCHOOL.
WANTED for the Golden school, one duly qualified certificated teacher. Term to commence on the first day of May next. Application to be made to the Board of Trustees, Golden, B.C., April 4, 1892. ap6-6t

IMPORTANT NOTICE
CLOSING OUT SALE,
SCOTCH HOUSE, - 31 FORT STREET
COMMENCING MONDAY, MARCH 28TH.
The entire stock of Clothing and Gents' Furnishings will be sold at cost for cash, as the business must be closed out at an early date.
TENDERS
will be received for the purchase of the entire Stock in Trade, Fixtures and Good-will of the business. The business has been established for thirty years, and is well-known in the province. Any person purchasing the business can secure a lease of the premises on favorable terms. For full information apply on the premises.
McLEAN AND STEWART.
Dated the 25th March, 1892. mc26

THIS IS THE
KITCHEN WITCH,
WITHOUT DOUBT THE
Best Range in the Market
AND CAN ONLY BE BOUGHT OF

GEO. POWELL & CO.,
CHEAPSIDE—127 GOVERNMENT STREET.
A full line of Crockery, Glassware, Hardware, etc., always in stock. Prices right.

BEST AND SAFEST EXPLOSIVE.
ROBURITE
SAVES TIME, LABOR AND LIVES
Cannot be Exploded by Concussion, Friction or Fire, but Only by a Special Detonator.
Safe and Free from Danger Under all Conditions of Transit, Storage and Handling.
NO NOXIOUS FUMES.
The ROBURITE EXPLOSIVES CO., L'D.
28 YATES STREET, VICTORIA, B. C. mc24

$6,000.
AN EXCELLENT BARGAIN.
The undersigned have now for sale Two and Three-Quarter Acres of Land, situated on St. Charles Street, adjoining Government House Grounds and Dr. Davie's residence. It is finely located for one, two or three residences. The property has a large frontage on St. Charles Street, is on a gentle slope, and commands a splendid vision of the Straits and Mountains. It is in every way a fine bargain, the price being, for the whole, $6,000. Terms, half cash.
PEMBERTON & SON,
REAL ESTATE AND FINANCIAL AGENTS,
FORT STREET, - VICTORIA, B.C.
mc12

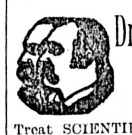
PURE TEAS.
Assam, Ceylon, Japan, China,
Straight or Blended.
BLENDING
is my speciality.
THE "DEVLIN BLEND
COFFEE
is the best in Victoria for the price; is sold a 40 cents per pound, and can only be obtained from
ROWBOTHAM
"THE GROCER,"
Corner Yates and Broad Streets.
P. O. Box 476. Telephone 108.

FOR SALE.
Tenders will be received by the undersigned up to the 23rd day of April, next, for the purchase of Lot Eleven (11), Alberni District.
The highest tender not necessarily accepted.
The terms and conditions of sale can be obtained from
CHARLES E. POOLEY, Solicitor,
47 Langley Street, Victoria.
Victoria, 23rd March, 1892. mc24-1m

TO BUILDERS.
We have a large quantity of thimbles which we will sell at a great sacrifice.
Tenders will be received for the whole or part.
ALDERLEY POTTERY CO.,
ap3-1m Store Street.

NOTICE is hereby given that Wong Mee Why has sold his share in the Yee Yuen Co., 28 Cormorant Street, to Wing Lee Tong. The business in future will be carried on by Wong Si Hoy and Wing Lee Tong.
YEE YUEN CO.
Victoria, B. C., March 24, 1892. mc25-1m

THE GREAT ENGLISH PRESCRIPTION.
A successful Medicine used over 30 years in thousands of cases. Cures SPERMATORRHEA, NERVOUS WEAKNESS, EMISSIONS, IMPOTENCY and all diseases caused by abuse, indiscretion or over-exertion. Six packages GUARANTEED TO CURE when all others fail. Ask your Druggist for the Great English Prescription, take no substitute. One package $1. Six $5, by mail. Write for Pamphlet. Address EUREKA CHEMICAL CO., DETROIT, MICH.
For sale and mailed by LANGLEY & CO., Victoria, B. C jly17-d&w-eod


Drs. Merrill & Merrill
SPECIALISTS
Treat SCIENTIFICALLY and SUCCESSFULLY, cure QUICKLY and PERMANENTLY, PRIVATE BLOOD, AND SKIN DISEASES, NERVOUS DEBILITY, Loss of Power through Indiscretion and all Disorders of the Generative Organs. HYDROCELE, VARICOCELE and STRICTURES radically and safely cured without pain or detention from business, and cures guaranteed. All deformities and impediments to marriage quickly removed. No matter what your complaint, consult these successful specialists, who are able to effect cures in many cases that have been pronounced hopeless.
Consult personally the OLDEST and most EXPERIENCED SPECIALISTS on the coast, or write, sending stamp. Consultation free and confidential. **Tremont Block, 614 Front Street, Seattle, Wash.** ja9-3m-d&w

RAILWAYS.
Esquimalt & Nanaimo R'y
TIME TABLE No. 15.
To take effect at 8.00 a.m. on Tuesday, Oct. 20th, 1891. Trains run on Pacific Standard Time.

GOING SOUTH. READ DT.	No. 3 Passenger Saturdays and Sundays.	No. 1 Passenger Daily.	STATIONS.	GOING NORTH. READ DOWN.	No. 4 Passenger Saturdays and Sundays.	No. 2 Passenger Daily.
		Ar 12. 4	Miles from Victoria. 78			De 8.00 A.M
	Ar 6.58	" 12.59	VICTORIA 77		De 2.30 P.M	" 8.04
	" 5.58	" 12.10 P.M	RUSSELLS, Vic.W 74		" 2.34	" 8.14
	" 5.14	" 11.45	ESQUIMALT 67		" 2.44	" 8.30
	" 4.24	" 10.56	GOLDSTREAM 58		" 3.09	" 9.31
	" 3.53	" 10.40	SHAWNIGAN LK 47		" 4.01	" 9.44
	" 3.40	" 10.27	COBBLE HILL 43		" 4.11	" 9.57
	" 3.41	" 10.12	McGREGORS 39		" 4.20	" 10.12
	" 3.31	" 10.02	DUNCANS 35		" 4.30	" 10.22
	" 3.12	" 9.36	SOMENOS 32		" 4.54	" 10.48
	" 2.14	De 8.55	CHEMAINUS 25		" 5.16	De 11.14
	De 1.39 P.M	Ar 8.25	Miles from Victoria. 0		Ar 6.22	De 11.50
		De 6.1 A.M	NANAIMO 0			Ar 12.14
			WELLINGTON			

On Saturdays and Sundays
Return Tickets will be issued between all points for a single fare, good for return not later than Monday.
Return Tickets for one and a half ordinary fare may be purchased daily to all point good for three days, including day of issue.
No Return Tickets issued for a Single Fare, where such fare is twenty-five cents. Through rates between Victoria & Comox.
A. DUNSMUIR, President. JOSEPH HUNTER, Gen'l Sup.
H. K. PRIOR, Gen. Freight and Passenger Agt.
my20

From Terminal or Interior Points the
Northern Pacific Railroad
Is the line to take
To all Points East and South.
It is the Dining Car Route. It runs through Vestibuled trains every day in the year to
ST. PAUL and CHICAGO
(NO CHANGE OF CARS)
Composed of Dining Cars unsurpassed, Pullman Drawing Room Sleepers, Of Latest Equipment.
Tourist Sleeping Cars.
Best that can be constructed and in which accommodations are both Free and furnished for holders of First or Second Class Tickets, and
Elegant Day Coaches.
A continuous line connecting with all lines, affording direct and uninterrupted service.
Pullman Sleeper reservations can be secured in advance through any agent of the road.
THROUGH TICKETS To and from all Points in America, England and Europe can be purchased at any ticket office of this Company.
For full information concerning rates, time of trains, routes and other details furnished on application to any agent, or
E. E. BLACKWOOD, Freight and Ticket Agent, 82 Gov't St., cor. Bastion, Victoria.
A. D. CHARLTON, Ass't Gen. Pass. Agt., 121 First st., corner Washington, Portland, Or.
feb11

VICTORIA ROLLER FLOUR MILLS
SELF-RAISING PATENT FLOUR
Manufactured by the Hungarian Roller Process from the best Manitoba Hard Wheat for
BREAD, BISCUITS, PASTRY, ETC.,
Prepared on scientific chemical principles, and no deleterious substance used in its manufacture.
For the Housekeeper, Sportsman, Rancher, Mining Camp or Seafaring man it is an invaluable article for producing in a few minutes wholesome Bread, Biscuits, Cakes, etc., only Cold Water is needed to be added, and, for convenience and wholesomeness,
IT - CANNOT - BE - SURPASSED.
ja17-1m

HENRY FRY, Jr.,
Civil Engineer,
PROVINCIAL LAND SURVEYOR;
REAL ESTATE AGENT,
DUNCAN'S STATION, E. & N. R'Y.
(COWICHAN DISTRICT.)
Complete Plans of the District can be seen, and intending purchasers of Agricultural Lands or Town Lots in
DUNCAN'S, MACPHERSON'S, KOKSILAH OR CHEMAINUS
will receive full information by calling at the office, corner of Government and Craig Streets, Duncan's, where a full list of desirable properties can be seen.
Loans negotiated and insurance effected.
no28 6m

VICTORIA RICE MILLS
Store Street, Victoria, B. C.
Millers of China and Japan Rice,
RICE MEAL,
Rice Flour, Chit Rice, Etc
VICTORIA
ROLLER FLOUR MILL!
Delta Brand Family Flour,
Superfine Flour, Bran and Shorts
Nos. 64 and 66 Store Street, Victoria.
ja30

PROVINCIAL LEGISLATURE.

Second Session of the Sixth Parliament.

FORTY-SIXTH DAY.

SATURDAY, APRIL 9, 1892.

The Speaker took the chair at 2 o'clock.

THE GAME ACT.

HON. MR. TURNER moved that Bill No. 35 (Game Act) be placed on the orders of the day for consideration of report on Monday next. Carried.

THE JUROR'S ACT.

Report of the Committee of the Whole on the Juror's Act was adopted; bill read a third time and passed.

HARRISON RIVER MUNICIPALITY.

MR. SEMLIN moved, "That in the opinion of this House the application of A. St. G Hamersley for the incorporation of a Municipality near the mouth of Harrison river be granted; provided, that the limits of the proposed Municipality do not extend beyond the boundary of New Westminster district; further that the necessary steps have been in accordance with the Municipal Act.

HON. MR. ROBSON thought this would be an unnecessary and almost absurd resolution. Municipalities were created under the Municipal Act, and the Government was always most careful in seeing that the provisions of that act were complied with. Further, the whole subject matter of the resolution had been before the Government for some time, and the hon. second member for Yale (Mr. Martin) had had the whole thing in hand, and had been urging the views of his constituents upon the Government. He (Mr. Robson) thought the motion was quite unnecessary, as it was absurd to suppose first, that the Government would not see that the provisions of the law were observed and, second, that the Government proposed to force a municipality upon people who did not want it. The Government would do nothing of the kind, but would see that, in any move that was made, the views of the interested parties would be consulted.

After remarks by Messrs. Kitchen, Booth and Semlin, the mation was withdrawn.

THE COLUMBIAN LIBEL.

HON. MR. POOLEY presented the following report from a select committee of the House, viz.:

MR. SPEAKER:—Your committee to whom the matter of the scandalous libel and contempt of James M. Kennedy and Robt. Kennedy was referred, have the honor to report that having enquired into the matter, they recommend that the House proceed against the said James M. Kennedy and Robert Kennedy, for the said scandalous libel and contempt.

MR. FORSTER asked leave to explain his position as a member of the committee. He had agreed with the report in order to place the matter again before the House, but thought now that it was again before the House, it should be dropped.

The report was received.

HON. MR. DAVIE moved the following resolution, viz.:

Be it resolved in pursuance of the recommendation of a Select Committee of this House, that James M. Kennedy and Robert Kennedy, both of the city of New Westminster, be summoned to personally appear at the bar of this House, on Tuesday, the 12th day of April instant, at the hour of 2:30 o'clock p.m., to answer as to a certain article appearing on Thursday, the 17th of March, 1892, in The Daily Columbian newspaper (whereof it is stated that the said Robert Kennedy and James M. Kennedy are the publishers) entitled, "An Outrageous Presumption," which article is a scandalous libel upon certain members of this House.

HON. MR. BEAVEN claimed that as the motion referred to the report of a committee, notice would have to be given of it. He also argued that before the matter could be dealt with, the report of the committee would have to be adopted, and two days' notice would be necessary in order to adopt the report. On these grounds he claimed the motion was out of order.

MR. SPEAKER held that according to the rules of the House questions of privilege had precedence over all other business, and no notice of motion was necessary.

HON. MR. BEAVEN replied that this was a motion, not a question of privilege.

HON. MR. ROBSON said that this was simply one step in the succession of steps necessary in dealing with the question of privilege.

HON. MR. BEAVEN — The question of privlege was withdrawn.

After further discussion on rules of order,

MR. SPEAKER ruled that the motion was perfectly in order.

MR. GRANT said that he was of opinion that when the first summons had been issued, if the publishers of the paper which contained the alleged scandalous and libelous article had appeared before the Bar of the House and stated that they had no intention of saying anything that would reflect upon the character of any hon. gentleman of this House, they would have been acting in their own interests. This, too, even if they were of the opinion that the House had no power to summon them. He (Mr. Grant) wished to know, however, if the law defining the powers, privileges and immunities of the House, passed a few days ago, and assented to yesterday by his honor, the Lieut.-Governor, would be retroactive. He was not in accord with any project to deal severely with the offenders, but thought that they (Kennedy Bros.) should be made to understand that when they went beyond certain lines of fair criticism in matters of such a nature, they were going outside their rights, and would be dealt with by the House. (Applause.)

MR. BROWN claimed that the present motion offered a complete surrender of the position taken by the Government, when this matter was up before the House a short time ago. He thought the whole question of privilege should be gone into from the first, and that the House should not take up the matter where it last left off. The language used in the article was not outrageous—it was simply a matter of taste—and there had been made next day in the Columbian what was almost a practical apology. (Laughter.) He defended the language used on the ground that the excitement in New Westminster ran high, and that the Private Bills Committee had not acted in a judicious manner in dealing with the application for the charter for the Twin Cities Railway Company. The fact of the matter was that public interests had been sacrificed for private individuals. He called upon every hon. member who had due regard for the liberty of the subject to vote against the motion and defeat it.

MR. MARTIN said that when every hon. member of the House was elected, he laid himself open to fair and honest criticism, but there was a limit to this, and he, for one, objected most strenuously to any such mean, cowardly, dirty, underhand attacks, such as had been made against hon. members of the Private Bills committee. He had no wish or desire to punish the publishers of that libel severely, but had they made an apology, or said that they had no intention of casting such scandalous reflections upon members of the House, he (Mr. Martin) would have, like any other gentleman, been most happy to have accepted the apology.

DR. MINLE asked the Attorney-General if the bill defining the powers, privileges and immunities of the Legislative Assembly would be retroactive in scope.

HON. MR. DAVIE replied that it was not competent for the House to pass retroactive legislation. He stated that the House had abundant authority for its action, irrespective of any legislation that might have been passed since. But in matters of this kind it was well to have the powers of this House established. Although it was not necessary, he inclined to the opinion that the provisions of the Legislative Assembly bill could be made to apply. His reason for this was that by the Legislative Assembly bill, no new offence had been created. It was one thing to create a new offence, and another thing to invest a tribunal, with power to try a case. Matters of procedure were always retroactive. For instance, suppose a law should be passed that all debts up to $200 should be recovered before a justice of the peace, this law would clothe the justices of the peace with power to try and sit in judgement on debts contracted before the law came into force. Under the statute (Legislature Bill) a court of extraordinary jurisdiction was created, but there was no reason for assuming that the creation of the new court would have any effect whatever upon the legal status of the defendant's case. This was a good case to find out what powers the House had, inasmuch as the defendants were willing to be made martyrs of. In reply to the statement of the hon. member for Westminster city that the defendants had practically made an apology for the article complained of, he (Mr. Davie)—and he thought every other hon. member with a right sense of duty—only looked upon the alleged apology as a gross aggravation of the offence. As it was now, the committee having reported that the case should be gone on with, he (Mr. Davie) thought it would be fair to give the defendants a chance to apologize for the wrong they had committed.

MR. SEMLIN advanced the theory that the publishers of the Columbian should not be punished for expressing honest opinions, however erroneous those opinions should be. Supposing, or admitting, that those publishers had been guilty of an error of judgment, what good would be done in summoning them to the bar? Provided the House had a legal power to do what was now proposed, it would be an act of tyranny to exercise this power to its fullest extent. The House would not add to its dignity in any way, but would be making its members supremely ridiculous in the eyes of all sensible people in the province. He claimed that the publishers of the Columbian had apologized for anything libellous they had said.

MR. COTTON reviewed the circumstances of the case, and claimed that to act as it was now proposed to act would be to place the House in a false position. To carry out the course proposed would not add to the dignity of the House. He would not say that the House had not been aggrieved; but thought the present action was wrong. Every dispassionate man must feel that bill No. 71, defining the powers of privileges and immunities of the Legislative Assembly had been passed simply for the purpose of dealing with this especial case. The matter should be let drop just where it was now.

MR. HALL expressed the surprise he felt at the positiou taken by the hon. members who wished to see the matter dropped. He thought it should be carried right to the end—not out of vindictiveness, but out of honor and simple justice to itself.

MR. SWORD moved the adjournment of the debate.

HON. MR. ROBSON claimed that this was a move to shirk the whole thing, as prorogation was so near at hand—that if there was an adjournment to be made, it would simply stop the whole proceedings.

After remarks by Hon. Mr. Beaven, the motion to adjourn the debate was lost on the following division, viz.:

AYES—Messrs. Beaven, Brown, Forster, Keith, Cotton, Kellie, Kitchen, Sword, Semlin—9.

NAYS—Messrs. Robson, Davie, Vernon, Eberts, Stoddart, Booth, Hall, Nason, Pooley, Turner, Martin, Croft, Hunter, Rogers, Anderson, Fletcher, Horne, Smith, Baker, Milne, Grant, Punch—22.

HON. MR. ROBSON said that this question had now come down to a straight party question, so far as the Opposition was concerned, except for two noble examples, who stood out as they had started. But for hon. members of this House to go back and talk about the question of whether there had been a libel or not, was idle, that question having been settled by the House long ago. Furthermore, the House had proceeded regularly and according to all parliamentary authorities, and now it was proposed to take a further step which was in perfect harmony with what had been done in the past. He argued that the bill passed this session defining the powers, privileges and immunities of the Legislative Assembly made practically no difference in the case, as the power had previously existed under the Constitution Act, otherwise how could the Legislature define something which never existed? The proper place, he said, for an apology to be made for the libel that had been perpetrated was at the Bar of the House, and to say, as the hon. member for Westminster City had said, that the newspaper which had offended had apologized was incorrect. The language used was to the effect that the members of the committee had been corrupt. What did that mean except that they had been bought? That was the logical conclusion any one would come to from the use of such words. And yet the hon. member for Westminster city thought an apology had been offered in the following language (Columbian, March 24th):—

The language certainly may have been strong, but, after all that had been said and done in the matter, and, taking into account the irregular, obviously unjust, and high-handed action in the premises, of both the Attorney-General and the majority of the Private Bills Committee—all of which was capped by the audacious attempt to strangle and bury the bill, with indecent haste, and in an unwarranted manner — we submit that strong impressions, if not exactly justifiable, were, at the least, excusable, under the circumstances.

It was ridiculous, continued Mr. Robson, to imagine that any such so-called apology as this could be accepted.

MR. BROWN rose to a point of order. He had not stated that this was an apology.

HON. MR. ROBSON quoted the words the hon. member for Westminster City had used, which had been to the effect that the newspaper had made an apology. The article was no apology at all. It was simply a repetition of the charge.

MR. BROWN—I did not quote that part of the article.

HON. MR. ROBSON—But I say to that hon. gentleman through you, Mr. Speaker, that he did use the words I have said, and I do not go back on my statement. He (Mr. Robson) continued that it was no matter, though, what the hon. member for Westminster city said, or if he had no place in the House at all, or, as a matter of fact, if he had no existence in the universe—the facts were the same, and the House had all the documents and papers before it, and could judge for itself. It was now proposed to bring the publishers of the defamatory article before the bar of the House, and it was perhaps a little too early to say what then would be done. His (Mr. Robson's) impression, though, was, that all that would be required of them, would be that they should make a proper apology, and if the publishers of that newspaper were gentlemen, they would hasten to make that apology, and the proper place for them to make it, was at the bar of the House.

MR. HUNTER said that he proposed doing in this case what he never did before. He would move the previous question.

The previous question was carried, and Hon. Mr. Davie's motion was then put and carried, on the following division, viz:

AYES—Messrs. Robson, Davie, Vernon, Eberts, Stoddart, Booth, Hall, Nason, Pooley, Turner, Martin, Croft, Hunter, Rogers, Anderson, Fletcher, Smith, Horne, Baker, Milne and Punch—21.

NAYS—Messrs. Semlin, Sword, Kitchin, Cotton, Kellie, Beaven, Brown, Forster and Keith—9.

MESSAGES FROM THE LIEUT.-GOVERNOR.

HON. MR. DAVIE presented messages from His Honor the Lieut.-Governor as follows: Returning the Vancouver city bill for amendment; enclosing a bill *re* the Canada Western Railway and the Canada Northern Railway company; and enclosing a bill *re* the Upper Columbia Tramway Co.

On motion it was decided that the House should go into Committee of the whole on Monday to consider these bills.

LAND RECLAMATION SCHEME.

HON. MR. VERNON presented a return to an order of the House for copies of all correspondence between Mr. W. A. Baillie Grohman and the Government *re* the Kootenay reclamation scheme.

QUESTION OF PRIVILEGE.

HON. MR. ROBSON rose to a question of privilege, producing a copy of the Victoria Daily Times of April 8, 1892. He complained of some words that were put in his mouth in an editorial article headed, "Great Give Away." He had compared the report of his remarks in the news columns of the paper, and had not anything to complain of, as that was a fair report, but the editorial was decidedly unfair, as it contained a good many words in quotation marks purporting to be quoted from his (Mr. Robson's) speech. He objected to any such words being put into his mouth. Reporters of the press were in the House on privilege, and were supposed to report correctly, and in most cases they did so, and having reported the speeches correctly, it was most inexcusable for the editor of the paper to resort to such disreputable tactics, to put words in a member's mouth, which not only had he never uttered, but which their own reporter (the Times man) had not reported, and for which it must be apparent, the editor drew on his own wicked imagination.

COUNTY COURTS ACT.

HON. MR. DAVIE moved the second reading of the County Courts Act. Bill read a second time; to be committed Monday.

NELSON WATERWORKS BILL.

The report of the committee of the whole on the Nelson Waterworks Company bill was adopted; bill read a third time and passed.

VICTORIA CITY BILL.

Report of Committee of the Whole on the Victoria City Bill was adopted, bill read a third time and passed.

KOOTENAY POWER CO.

Report of Committee of the Whole on the Kootenay Power Company's bill was adopted; bill read a third time and passed.

CROWN RIGHTS.

HON. MR. DAVIE introduced an act to confirm to the Crown all unrecorded and unappropriated water and water power in the province, and for other purposes.

THE ARCHITECTS' BILL.

MR. COTTON moved the adoption of report of the Committee of the Whole on the Architects' Bill.

The motion was lost on the following division, viz:

AYES—Messrs. Pooley, Turner, Croft, Hunter, Davie, Eberts, Baker, Brown, Rogers, Cotton and Grant—11.

NAYS—Messrs. Semlin, Sword, Kitchen, Punch, Beaven, Smith, Forster, Keith, Robson, Hall, Nason and Fletcher—12.

The bill is, therefore, killed.

BREEDING STOCK ACT.

The House went into Committee of the Whole on the Breeding Stock bill, Mr. Hunter in the chair.

The committee rose and reported the bill complete, with amendments.

The House adjourned at 6 o'clock.

STOCKS IN NEW YORK.

NEW YORK, April 8.—The stock market during the two hours of business, this morning, was dull, only 10,420 shares. Western Union was unusually active and advanced from 89 to 90. Manitoba advanced from 121 to 125. All the other stocks, including the coalers, were very quiet and changed but slightly, except in the case of Atchison, which was very weak and declined 1 per cent. The publication of the Bank statement, showing a material decrease in the reserves, seemed to have no effect, and the market closed steady. Closing prices: Pacific Mail, 35½; Western Union, 89½; Northwest, 119½; Northern Pacific, 21½; do. preferred, 61½; Canadian Pacific, 87½; Oregon Improvement, 13½; Missouri Pacific, 90½; Delaware, Lackawana & Western, 159; Reading, 55; New England, 39½; Atchison, Topeka and Santa Fe, 36½; Denver & Rio Grande, 14; Manitoba, 111; Fargo Express, 140; North American, 14½; Bar Silver, 86¼; Commercial Cable, 153.

Blood poisoned by diphtheria, the Grip, typhoid fever, scarlet fever, etc., is made pure and healthy by Hood's Sarsaparilla.

KEEP YOUR EYE

—ON—

NICOLA-:-VALLEY,

(British Columbia),

AS A FIELD FOR

INVESTMENT.

Charters already granted for construction of Nicola Valley railroad, connecting with C. P. R. at Spencer's Bridge, to develop the rich and extensive coal fields, iron ore, etc.

The undersigned have been commissioned to dispose of certain properties in Nicola, one of which is the well-known "22 Mile House," situated on Nicola and Spencer's Bridge Wagon Road, containing 300 acres of land, including cattle, horses, farming implements, etc. Stage stops here twice a week. Will be sold on easy terms, with or without stock.

—ALSO—

320 acres of farming land situated 15 miles from Coutlee P. O. and store, including 50 head of breeding cattle, 7 head of horses, farming implements, etc. Produces 100 tons of hay yearly. A good opening for any one desirous of going into stock raising. Terms on application.

Properties bought and sold on commission. For further particulars apply to

BLAIR & CO.,
Coutlee P. O.,
Nicola, B. C.

mc11-1m-d-ttsu-&w

ONE PROOF
of a good thing is the attempt to
COUNTERFEIT
OR IMITATE IT
IMITATION IS THE SINCEREST FLATTERY.
MELISSA
Stands alone as a Satisfactory Rainproof Garment.

MELISSA IS THE BEST

beyond a doubt, and it is not only the best but it is the only thoroughly reliable, healthful, porous, odorless, Rainproof Fabric in the World. Now, that is pretty strong language, but it is as true as it is strong.

The season for rainproof wraps is here again.

There are several, so called, Porous, Odorless, Waterproofs in the market, some of them will be found absolutely worthless as Waterproofs; others will appear to stand one or two showers, but then it will be discovered that the proofing substance has washed away entirely and left the fibre of the cloth hard and brittle. Another, the most unreliable and useless of the lot, will be discovered to be proofed only in spots; the tail of a garment may be all right while the shoulders let water through like ordinary cloth, one shoulder may be right and the other all wrong. Wearers themselves will have to find out the frauds, and their experience will be both disappointing and expensive. Not so with MELISSA, for the proofing is done on an entirely different basis and cannot be successfully counterfeited or imitated. The process instead of destroying the fabric, preserves and strengthens it, so that its rainproof qualities are maintained intact to the very end. It is practically impossible for a Melissa Garment to be unevenly proofed, and the above trade mark is an absolute guarantee, not only that the proofing is uniform, but that the material is of excellent quality and thoroughly reliable in every respect.

THE BEST IN THE WORLD. TRADE MELISSA MARK. WARRANTED RAINPROOF REGISTERED

All classes of Melissa Cloth, in the piece, will be sold to retail dealers through the Wholesale Dry Goods, Millinery, and Woollen Houses only, and a large variety of beautiful patterns of

MELISSA CLOTH FOR LADIES' CLOAKINGS, ETC.

are now being shown by the travellers of the houses handling these goods.

Men's and Youths' Garments will be sold as heretofore, through J. W. MACKEDIE & CO.

THE MELISSA MANUFACTURING CO., MONTREAL.

WHEN YOU BUY A RAINPROOF GARMENT
YOU WANT THE BEST
NOT ONE THAT IS PROOFED ONLY IN SPOTS.
YOU WANT
"MELISSA."

KNOWN FOR GOOD VALUE

Suits FOR Boys ALL AGES

CLOTHING HATS, NECKWEAR, UNDERCLOTHING

Suits FOR Men! ALL SIZES!

W. & J. WILSON, GOVERNMENT STREET, OPPOSITE POST OFFICE.

BUSINESS FOR SALE!

A Fine Cigar Business in an excellent location for sale. A splendid chance to make money. The owner has good reasons for selling. Apply to this office.

NOTICE.

IN CITY POUND.

One Dark Gray Horse, brand on hip 91; one Bay Horse, white hind feet; three Sorrel Horses, white faces; one Black Mare, brand on shoulder. Will be Sold at Auction on Saturday, April 16, at 12 o'clock noon, if not redeemed and Pound charges paid on or before that date. By order of Mayor and Aldermen.

ANDREW SHAW,
Pound-Keeper.

April 4, 1892. ap5

SHERIFF'S SALE

By virtue of a warrant of execution issued out of the County Court of Victoria, dated the 4th day of April, 1892, at the suit of Frederick Gibbon against Frederick Smith, to levy $103.85, I have seized a sloop known as the "Marianne, No. 20, of Victoria, B. C.," which I will sell at public auction, in front of my office in Bastion street, on Monday, the 11th day of April, 1892, at 11 o'clock in the forenoon, to satisfy the said judgment, debt and costs, besides sheriff's poundage and all other legal incidental expenses.

J. E. McMILLAN,
Sheriff.

ap7-4t

PARTNERSHIP NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that I, John T. Pierre, have this day taken my father, T. W. Pierre, as partner into the business lately carried on by me as the Victoria Tailoring and Dyeing Establishment, at 100 Douglas street, and the said business will in future be carried on by us under the firm name of John T. & T. W. Pierre.

All liabilities will be paid by the said John T. Pierre, who will collect all bills.

Signed, JOHN T. PIERRE.
T. W. PIERRE.

Victoria, B.C., April 5th, 1892. ap6 tf

NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that I intend to apply to the Licensing Court at its next sitting for a transfer of the license held by me to sell wines and other liquors by retail on the premises situate on the Northeast corner of Fort and Douglas streets, on Victoria City Lot No. 403, to Benjamin C. Pettingill.

WILLIAM CROFT.

Victoria, B. C., March 29, 1892. mc31-1m

GREEN, WORLOCK & CO.,

SUCCESSORS TO GARESCHÉ, GREEN & CO.,

ESTABLISHED 1873.

BANKERS

VICTORIA, B. C.

DEPOSITS RECEIVED ON LIBERAL RATES OF INTEREST.
DRAFTS, ORDERS, TELEGRAPH TRANSFERS AND LETTERS OF CREDIT ISSUED DIRECT ON OVER 10,000 CITIES IN THE UNITED STATES, CANADA, EUROPE, MEXICO AND CHINA.
COLLECTIONS MADE AT EVERY POINT.
GOLD DUST PURCHASED AT HIGHEST MARKET RATES.
AGENTS FOR WELLS FARGO & CO.

ap25-1yr

RECENTLY IMPORTED

Red and White Lead.
Boiled Linseed Oil,
Raw Linseed Oil,
Fire Brick, Cement, Pig Iron,
Blacksmith's Coal.

TURNER, BEETON & CO.

fe9-1m

C. E. PERRY, M.I.C.E., P.L.S. M. S. DAVYS, Mining Engineer. J. H. GRAY, C.E., P.L.S.

PERRY, GRAY & DAVYS,

Civil and Mining Engineers and Provincial Land Surveyors,

REAL ESTATE AND MINING BROKERS.

MINING—Having secured the services of Mr. R. H. Cavill, formerly of Swansea Smelter, five years' experience, and for the past seventeen years manager of most prominent mines and mills in California, Arizona, Mexico and Central America, Mr. Cavill is in the foremost ranks of mining experts, and has thorough experience in the newest and best methods of working refractory ores. Mr. Cavill will have personal charge of our Mining and Assaying Department.

Prospecting parties organized. Contract work furnished. Assays made. Development work superintended. Estimates furnished on all kinds of mining and milling machinery.

Agents for Vulcan Iron Works, San Francisco, celebrated Vulcan Rope Tramway System.

—OFFICES—

VICTORIA, B. C., Room 4, Spencer's Arcade, Government Street.
HEAD OFFICE, NELSON, British Columbia.

NOTE—Choice lots in Nelson for sale mc9-1m

NOTICES.

NOTICE.

The first meeting of the Provisional Board of Trustees of the Okell & Morris Fruit Preserving Company, Limited Liability, will be held at the office of Morrow, Holland & Co., 41 Broad Street, at 8 p.m., on

Monday, the 11th instant.

Subscriptions for stock will be received at the above office on and after this date.

J. HOLLAND,
Trustee.

April 1st 1892. ap2-td

AMENDED NOTICE.

TABLE

Showing the Dates and Places of Courts of Assize, Nisi Prius, and Oyer and Terminer, for the Year 1892.

SPRING ASSIZES.

(On Vancouver Island.)

Victoria	Monday, 16th May
Nanaimo	Tuesday, 7th June

(On Mainland)

New Westminster	Wednesday, 1st June
Kamloops	Monday, 6th June
Clinton	Monday, 13th June

FALL ASSIZE.

(On Mainland.)

Richfield	Monday, 12th Sept
Clinton	Wednesday, 28th Sept
Kamloops	Monday, 3rd Oct
Lytton	Monday, 10th Oct
New Westminster	Wednesday, 9th Nov

(On Vancouver Island.)

Victoria	Monday, 28th Nov
Nanaimo	Tuesday, 6th Dec

NOTICE.

I hereby give notice that thirty days after date I shall make application to the Hon. Minister of Public Works at Ottawa for permission to erect and extend a wharf fronting my property, lot 570 A, on Laurel Point, in Victoria Harbor, to be used in connection with the furniture factory. Plans of the said wharves are deposited with the Department of Public Works at Ottawa and in the Land Register Office at Victoria, B. C., April 2nd, 1892.

ap 2-1m J. SEHL.

NOTICE.

I hereby give notice that my wife, Mrs. E. Rowland, and my son. J. W. Rowland, now hold my power of attorney until further notice.

mc19 MATHIAS ROWLAND.

Emanuel Cook, Deceased.

Pursuant to the "Trustees' and Executors' Act," notice is hereby given that all persons having any claims against the estate of Emanuel Cook, late of the City of Victoria, B. C., deceased (who died on the 21th day of February, 1892, and whose will was proved in the Supreme Court of British Columbia on the 22nd day of March, 1892, by the undersigned, Helena Cook, the executrix therein named), are hereby required to send the particulars in writing of such claims to me, the undersigned, on or before the 25th day of June, 1892, after which date I will proceed to distribute the assets of the said deceased amongst the persons entitled thereto, having regard only to the claims of which I shall then have had notice.

Dated this 25th day of March, 1892.

HELENA COOK,
Executrix of the will of E. Cook, deceased,
m30-1m Victoria, B. C.

The Creditors' Trust Deeds Act, 1890.

Notice is hereby given that John W. Fleming, of the City of Victoria, in the Province of British Columbia, contractor, has by deed dated the 25th day of March, 1892, executed by both parties on the day of the date thereof, assigned all his real and personal estate except as therein mentioned, to William Parsons Sayward, of the said City of Victoria, manufacturer, for the benefit of his creditors. All persons having claims against the said [illegible] are required to send them in on or before the assignor 25th day of April, 1892, to the [illegible] before the to his solicitors, with full particulars and assignee or signed by the party claiming; and notice is hereby given that after [illegible]ing; and notice is assignee will proceed the said date the said the said estate among to distribute the assets of gard only to the [illegible]ng the creditors, having regard only to the [illegible] debts, claims and demands of which the [illegible] and assignee shall then have had notice.

BELYEA & GREGORY,
Solicitors for Assignee.

Dated at Victoria, B. C., this 28th day of March, 1892. mc29

NOTICE.—On and after this date I will not be responsible for any debts contracted in my name, without a written order from me.

WM. A. STEELE.

Victoria, April 2, 1892. ap5-1m

I WILL NOT BE RESPONSIBLE FOR any debts contracted by my wife or any other person on her behalf.

JOHN I. RUSSELL,
Strawberry Vale Farm

Victoria, Dec. 11, 1890. de18.

FROM AND AFTER this date I shall not be responsible for any debts contracted without my written authority.

W. F. TOLMIE.

Dated the 2d day of September, A.D. 1891. sep3-tf

MRS. E. TEMPLE,

London Academy of Music, England, formerly Pupil of Signor Garcia,

Gives Lessons in Singing, Voice PRODUCTION, ETC.

Advanced pupils taken. Terms on application.

90 NORTH PARK ST., VICTORIA.

ap1-1m

REMOVAL.

CALEDONIAN DYE WORKS

—TO—

210 COOK STREET

Gents' clothes cleaned and dyed at reasonable rates. Ladies' garments steam finished when taken apart.

N.B.—Customers wishing their goods called for please send postal. Goods collected and delivered to all parts of the city. Pandora Avenue cars pass the works.

mc12 ROBT. C. WARD, Proprietor.

MORTGAGEE'S SALE.

By virtue of a warrant under a chattel mortgage, I have seized and will sell by private sale the following chattels, belonging to the firm of Turnbull & Co., of New Westminster:

17 Horses, 8 sets Double Harness, 6 sets Cart Harness, 10 Wagons, 2 Drays, 4 Carts, 36 Brick Boxes, 1 6 ton Polson Hoisting Engine, 1 4½-ton Doty Hoisting Engine, 2 Derricks and outfits, Land Pile Driver and outfit, a quantity of Stone and about 500,000 Bricks. The above or any of them will be sold in lots to suit purchasers.

T. J. ARMSTRONG,
Deputy-Sheriff,
ap2-td New Westminster, B.C.

H. R. FOOT & CO. BUILDERS OF YACHTS, BOATS & CANOES,

WARREN'S WHARF, mc17 JAMES BAY

GEO. A. SARGISON

NOTARY PUBLIC,

Accountant & Agent,

48 LANGLEY ST.

ap27

The Colonist.

SUNDAY, APRIL 10, 1892.

ASTRONOMICAL.

VICTORIA, B. C., April 10th, 1892.

Sun rises.....5:18 a.m. | Sun sets.....6:44 p.m.
Moon sets at 5:10a.m.

Day of the year, 101st.

N.B.—The above calculations are based on mean solar time, which is 13m. 32s. *slower* than Victoria standard time.

THE THERMOMETER.

ESQUIMALT STATION, Apr. 9, 1892.
Report for 24 hours ending 9 p. m.

1 a. m..	46°	Mean	The velocity and direction of the wind were as follows:
5 a. m..	44°	48°	
9 a. m..	46°	Highest	5 a.m.—Calm.
1 p. m..	53°	53°	1 p.m.—6 miles S.
5 p. m..	49°	Lowest	9 p.m.—12 miles S.
9 p. m..	48°	43°	Rain—0.28.

Average state of weather—Cloudy.
E. BAYNES REED, Observer.

PASSENGERS.

Per Steamer ISLANDER, from Vancouver—A C Campbell, Miss Pius, J C White, R Angus, Jas Lyons, Capt McCrosky, E W Hannah, B T Rogers, W Lawson, Jas A Smith, F Landsberg, J D Hall, J S Anderson, W F Kent, M Ker, A B McKenzie, R H Ross, T S Higginson, F C Gamble, R G McPherson, P Shea, R Llewellen, W Finlayson, C H Stickles, Thos Dunn, E A Quigley, A C Morgan, C Brewster, A E Suckling, C R King, Wm Gill, W R Miller, Ed Laplanter.

Per Str. CITY OF KINGSTON from the Sound—Alex Begg, L Tait, C Clauson, Miss Diamond, Geo Losser, W J Adams, Miss Clarkson, Gus Lewis, M Terhonne, Mrs Jno Show, E C Bate, P Brown, R Gontes, Geo Gunnes, S L Hyams, S P Tollefron, E W Vesh, Jno Chase, Mrs A McJ Brisbine, Jas Tait, Miss West, Wm O'Reilly, E F Irving, L zzie Donald, W E Bidwell, M J Cowlon and wife, C G Wheeler and wife, P Huxtable, Thos Shoy and wife, F Berge, J L Coolican, F R Hill, C H Dubalette, Jno O'Dell, A G Crowsdale, Miss Mitchell, J C Grayson, W P Croftrier, G Morley, J English, J E Sulger, E L Decker, E S Tuppin, Jas Meale, H E Lewis, Jas Hewitt, L H Jenns, Miss Abbott, E E Rand, Wm Smith and wife, David Marr, A J Salona, J McEachern, L Abbott, C Evans, J H Wooley, L W Garding, F W Fossens, W W Evans, jr, N Nichols, C S Young, C E Mallette, C P Shearer, Abram Hale.

CONSIGNEES.

Per steamer ISLANDER, from Vancouver—M W Waitt & Co, News Pub Co, R Lettice, J Piercy & Co, E B Marvin, T W Fletcher, R P Rithet, G C Shaw & Co, S Leiser, Jones & Co, Mrs J B H Bickhoff, Ham Powd Co, Ames Holden Co, Hudson Bay Co, T G Mason, Jas Maynard, A B Erskine, H Waller, S Reid, J Hoffman, Langley & Co, Beckwith T King, A Lewis, Lenz & L, C Strouss & Co, W Jackson, Carne & M, R Cunningham & Son, J Horner & Co, Waller & D, Lemon & G, J Clayton, T N Hibben & Co, J Hutcheson, Mrs Bickford, D Hart, Chas Bozett, G Powell & Co, A McGregor, Rev C E Dobbs, Cowan & W, R Isaacs, Nicholles & R, McLennan & McF, A Cameron, Miss Alder, Edison G E Co, Dom Ex Co.

Per Str. CITY OF KINGSTON from the Sound—G Cunningham, Bing Stein, E G Prior & Co, S Leiser, Thompson Bro, Russell & McD, Royal City P M Co, McLennan & McF, T N Hibben & Co, Atkins & A, H Saunders, Langley & Co, Hales & Bell, Cowan & W, McMillan & H, Ed Gen El Co, J & A Clearihue, A McIntosh, R V Winch, S Leiser, Vic B Co, S Scoular & Co, H Mansell, A H Knight, Nicholles & R.

MARRIED.

GODSON-NOBLE—At St. Luke's Church, Cedar Hill, on April 5, by Rev. M. C. Brown, Ernest Godson to Mary Margaret Noble, both of this city.

DIED.

SULLIVAN—On the 8th inst., John Sullivan, a native of Sligo, Ireland, aged 60 years.

The funeral will take place on Monday at 9.30 a.m., from his late residence, Humboldt street, and at the Roman Catholic Cathedral at 10 o'clock. Friends are invited to attend.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

Dog collars at Fox's. *

Lawn mowers and rubber hose at Cheapside. *

Try Falconer's super Flavoring extracts for pies, puddings and jellies. fr-sa

Butchers', cooks', and table cutlery at Fox's. *

Carpenter and Gardening Tools, at CHEAPSIDE. *

John Bull Ranges, at CHEAPSIDE. *

Wringers in great variety, just received at R. A. Brown & Co.'s, 80 Douglas st. *

Best English razors and shaving outfits at Fox's, 78 Government street. *

The American Eagle keeps crowding out hardware, crockery, etc., and roosts at 80 Doulgas street. *

Fine fishing tackle at Fox's, 78 Government street. *

Labor and money saved by using Pendray's Electric Soap. *

Garden Tools, cheap, at R. A. Brown & Co.'s, 80 Douglas street. *

Just received, a splendid assortment of fishing tackle of all kinds at Henry Short & Sons, 72 Douglas street. mc20-1m

To the Reading Public.

Select reading matter at Kerr & Begg's bookstore. They have what you want. Opposite Bank of B.C. *

From New York To-Day.

Children's fancy muslin bonnets in the latest American styles at THE WHITE HOUSE. 88-w.

Reduction in Milk.

Owing to the high price of milk, ask your grocer for Highland Brand Evaporated Cream and dilute to taste. It makes a delicious, rich cream for half the price of ordinary cow's cream. *

Indemnity Paid.

By taking an accident policy in the Travellers' Life and Accident company you provide for weekly indemnity against accident, or a principal sum in case of accidental death. Hall, Goepel & Co., agents, 100 Government street. 6m.

Investigate! Speculate! Accumulate!

Alberni City at the head of navigation on Alberni Canal, the only accessible point for a railroad terminus on the West Coast of Vancouver Island, and the natural outlet to the Pacific of the resources of British Columbia, has the best position, harbor and natural resources of any point on the Island, and will be the large city on the West Coast of Vancouver Island. Lots on sale. For prices and terms see O'Neill & Cowie, 104 Yates street. *

A Positive Fact.

Lange & Co. are selling their choice stock of jewellery at cost. Ill-health obliges them to retire from business as quickly as possible. Any one wishing to make bargains in their line should call early, ere they dispose of the entire stock to some one in the trade. All work done by them during their stay in business will be guaranteed, as usual. The guarantee will hold good after retiring from business. tf

Easter Cards at Hibben & Co.'s.

SPORTS AND PASTIMES.

Annual Meeting of the British Columbia Amateur Lacrosse Association Last Night.

Oxford Wins the Great Race in the Best Time Ever Put on Record.

The annual meeting of the B. C. Amateur Lacrosse Association was held, last evening, in the parlors of the Hotel Victoria, President W. H. Cullin occupying the chair, and the following gentlemen being present as delegates: Foster Macgurn, W. G. Mackenzie, C. L. Cullin, W. J. Drysdale, Thomas Dunn, A. E. Suckling, E. A. Quigley, J. D. Hall, A. B. McKenzie, J. C. Whyte and W. G. McPherson. Some fifteen members attended.

The annual reports were received, considered, and adopted. The President in his glances over the work of the year, dwelling upon the most prominent features of the season's work, and concludes with the following recommendation: "I would call your attention to the fact that there is not sufficient encouragement given to our junior members. While the seniors might well play a match for the mere honor of holding the championship, our juniors should have some trophy to compete for and encourage them to develop into first class lacrosse players, and fill the places of those who of necessity take a back seat. If our members do not hold out inducements for the young and rising generation their athletic proclivities will be turned in the pursuit of other field sports to the detriment of our own national game. "Train up the youth in the way he should go."

Petitions from the juniors were received later in the evening, requesting recognition and encouragement. The association provided for a trophy to be competed for by the members of the various clubs under the age of 21 years, with the proviso that any player selected on a senior championship team twice during the season, shall thereby become ineligible for junior championship honors. Other important changes in the constitution were made for the guidance of the various clubs, the most notable being the decision not to allow the playing of Indian or colored athletes in any match.

Association officers for 1892-3 were selected as hereunder: Hon. President, A. C. Flumerfelt, Victoria; President, Thos. Dunn, Vancouver; 1st Vice-President, J. C. Whyte, Westminster; 2nd. Vice President, Foster Macgurn, Victoria; Secy.-Treas., A. B. Mrckenzie, Westminster. Executive Committee—W. G. Mackenzie, E. A. Quigley, J. D. Hall, R. G. McPherson and W. H. Cullin. Official Umpires—E. A. Quigley, A. E. Suckling, A. B. Mackenzie, J. C. Whyte, W. H. Cullin and W. G. Mackenzie.

The schedule of games is as follows:—

May 14—Vancouver-Westminster at Westminster.
May 24—Westminster-Victoria at Victoria.
June 4—Victoria-Vancouver at Victoria.
June 18—Westminsterr-Vancouver at Vancouver.
July 1—Victoria-Vancouver at Vancouver.
July 16—Westminster-Vancouver at Westminster
July 30—Westminster-Victoria at Wesminster.
Aug. 13—Vancouver-Victoria at Victoria.
Aug. 27—Westminster-Victoria at Victoria.
Sept. 13—Westminster-Vancouver at Vancouver.
Sept. 17—Victoria-Vancouver at Vancouver.
Sept. 27—Victoria-Westminster at Westminster.

FOOTBALL.

Owing to unfavorable weather, the Warspite-Victoria match set for yesterday, was not played; it has not, however, been abandoned by any means.

THE GUN.

The members of the Victoria Gun Club held their first shoot of the season, and the first shoot on their new grounds, yesterday afternoon, when the appended scores were made on a possible 25, Peoria blackbirds, unknown angles: O. Weiler, 22; W. White, 20; J. Switzer, 17; W. Bickford, 16; H. N. Short, 16; W. H. Adams, 15; E. Greigg, 15.

Five shots each were also fired on the rapid firing system, resulting in the following scores: Short, 5; Adams, 4; White, 3; Weiler, 5; Bickford, 3.

The next shoot will be on Good Friday, when the Routledge cup, a rod and reel, presented by Short & Son, and a number of cash prizes, put up by the club, will be shot for.

THE TURF.

Captain Middleton, one of the best known gentleman jockeys and cross-country riders in England, was thrown from his horse and killed yesterday. He was, a decade ago, one of the most successful gentleman riders on the turf, but of late years increasing weight has kept him out of the saddle between the flags, except on rare occasions.

BASEBALL.

Despite the unpleasant weather, many members of the James Bay and Victoria baseball clubs went out to Beacon Hill yesterday afternoon and practised hard for their match on Friday next. The ground was in very poor condition, but if the rain ceases to interfere with them each team expects to put up good ball at their first meeting.

CRICKET.

The Albion Cricket Club had their first practice on the new ground yesterday. The wicket was very sodden and slippery, but quite a number of members turned out and the enthusiasm displayed augurs well for the prospects of the club during the coming season. The match which had been arranged between H.M.S. Daphne and the Dockyard, to be played on the Canteen ground, was postponed on account of rain.

THE WHEEL.

Everybody is now talking of going in training for the special races, the date of which will probably be fixed at next Wednesday's meeting. The chief interest centres in the contest between Godson and Minor, which the initiated expect will prove a struggle of giants.

ATHLETICS.

The hearts of many athletic youngsters at the Central school were gladdened, yesterday, by the sight of a splendid lot of material which will be used in fitting up the interior of their new gymnasium. Parallel bars, bolts, rings, swings, ladders and poles were a portion of the large assortment. They will be placed in position immediately.

AQUATICS.

LONDON, April 9.—The Oxford-Cambridge race to-day threw all London into a state of excitement and gaiety, calling Derby Day to mind. Every sort of vehicle was utilized to convey the people to the grounds. There were several upsets, and other accidents, and in some cases serious injuries were sustained. The event proved very interesting and amply repaid the trouble taken in reaching the scene. The start was made at 12.15, and Oxford's winning time was 19 minutes 21 seconds—the best time on record. The nearest approach to this time was that of Cambridge in 1887—19.35. Outside of that and the present race no crew has ever cut under 20.5, the time made by Oxford in 1889. To-night the two crews dined together, Justice Denman, who rowed with the Cambridge eight in the race of 1840, presiding.

Charged With Murder.

WAUPACA, W., Apr. 9.—At last four arrests have been made in the Mead murder case, upon the indictment returned by the grand jury. The men under arrest are: Alfred L. Lee, member of the legislature; Sam Stout, Alfred Pell, and David Holmes, all of this city. Stout is charged with being principal in the murder, and Lee, Pell and Holmes as accessories. Lee is charged with being accessory after the fact and with having had a knowledge of the crime since Nov. 2nd, 1890. Mead was a banker, who was shot and killed in his bank in October, 1882. The murderer took $10,000 in bonds and $20,000 in money. For ten years the crime has been a factor in the social, political and religious life of this community. It has been whispered that several leading citizens committed the murder. The town has been divided into factions, and the arrests are the result of hard work by a special grand jury. Tab Pryor has been arrested at Rhinelander as a principal. He is a commission merchant and lived here at the time. The mystery is in a fair way to be solved.

Aid for Russia.

NEW YORK, April 9.—Two thousand sacks of flour, aggregating 280,000 pounds, purchased with the money contributed by people all over the United States, who have sent their contributions to the Christian Herald, of this city, will leave here for the Russian sufferers, next Tuesday, on the steamer Conemaugh.

Easter Cards at Hibben & Co.'s.

AMONGST THE SOCIETIES.

Preparation for the Establishment of the A. O. U. W. Grand Lodge.

The Canadian Order of Foresters Coming in—Visiting Daughters of Rebekah.

On Tuesday night the Grand Representatives from the various lodges A. O. W. W. in this province, will hold a banquet, the occasion being the celebration of the formation of a Grand Lodge of British Columbia, which ceremony will take place during the forenoon of Tuesday. Deputy Supreme Grand Master Workman Sullivan, of Helena, Montana, will be in charge of the proceedings, which will, of course, be carried out with a great deal of enthusiasm, the whole British Columbia body of members being much elated and gratified at the generosity of the Supreme Grand Lodge in placing them in the way of giving them a dispensation of their own.

The Lodges of Oregon and Washington, as before stated, became powerful enough to segregate themselves from the combined three lodges and were given a grand lodge of their own. This placed British Columbia in a most peculiar position, making it a subordinate provincial lodge with no Grand Lodge to govern it but the Supreme Head. And at the same time the number of A. O. U. W. districts in the province were not strong enough numerically, according to the rules of the order, to allow of the formation of a local Grand Lodge. Matters being at a standstill, Mr. Sullivan was appointed D.G.M.W., and he visited Victoria immediately afterwards. His trip was very successful, and in six weeks he has formed seven lodges, thus giving British Columbia the power to ask of the Grand Lodge a special charter. He could have instituted more if such had been desired, but it was thought wisest at first to give the province a Grand Lodge, and then let it start its own subordinate lodges. So on Tuesday afternoon the representatives of the whole of the present districts will meet at the lodge rooms here, and go through the regular formulae of initiation.

At the banquet in the evening Mr. Sullivan will take advantage of the propoitious occasion to go fully into the aims and objects of the A. O. U. W., explaining thoroughly how its system of work is well-nigh perfect, and giving to members a complete idea of the great extent of territory it covers and the powers it wields. The D.G.M.W., in speaking to a COLONIST reporter, yesterday, said, "I find, much to my surprise, many members of our order in perfectly good standing, whose hearts are really in the work, and who are looked up to and respected highly as citizens of your town, who really know very little about our order. This surprising fact is what I am going to try and destroy on Tuesday night, when I intend to explain, in a thorough and simple manner, all that we are doing and have done."

Mr. S. M. Hampton, District High Vice Chief Ranger of the Canadian Order of Foresters, has arrived in town for the purpose of organizing a Court of that order. Recently, Mr. J. H. Emery, of Vancouver, D.D.H.C.R., commenced the work of organizing a Court here, and will now assist Mr. Hampton in completing it. All old members of the society who are at present residing in Victoria, and any others who would like to join the order, are invited to meet Messrs. Hampton and Emery in the parlor of the Oriental Hotel on Tuesday evening, 12th inst., at 7:30 o'clock, to discuss matters relative to the organization of the new Court and complete arrangements for soliciting membership. The order is being rapidly pushed ahead in British Columbia, Mr. Hampton having organized several new Courts on his way west.

A very large and enthusiastic meeting of L.O.L., No. 1,426 was held in their lodge room, on Tuesday night last, 5th instant, when about seventy members were present, also a large number of visiting brethren from Lodge No. 1,610, of this city. On account of the time it took in the passing of new by-laws and initiating new members, it was 11:45 p.m. when the Lodge was closed. Also, special arrangements were made for the ball on Easter Monday, 18th inst. The regular meeting promises to be very large, as it was decided to advance thirty members to higher degrees.

The Daughters of Rebekah, I.O.O.F., of this city, will, on Tuesday evening, be visited by about forty young ladies of the order from Nanaimo. The ladies here are making preparations for the reception of the visitors and will give a concert and dance on the occasion of their visit.

Easter Cards at Hibben & Co.'s.

Easter Cards at Hibben & Co.'s.

A NURSE'S ROUTINE IN NEW YORK HOSPITALS.

The hours in hospital are not short; from seven till seven is the rule, so our young Canadian must rise shortly after six in order to be in time for her duties. The wards must all be in perfect order before the doctor makes his rounds at 9, —beds made, patients washed and made tidy, and all necessary sweeping and dusting done; then the doctor's orders have to be carried out, bandages applied, the patient's wants attended to, and so on all day. There is one hour in each day for rest or recreation, but the giving of this is left to the discretion of the head nurse, and in case of a very busy time would not be expected. Four evening's in the week, after seven o'clock, when hospital duties are done, come the doctor's lectures; these are on four subjects,—physiology, anatomy, materia medica, and obstetrics, and are given by different lecturers. In addition there is a "Quiz" class once a week, conducted by the superintendent of the Training school, who questions the young women on the different branches of nursing. Half of Sunday our young friend has to herself, besides half of one other day in the week; you may be sure she takes advantage of these half holidays to enjoy the fresh air, of which she is so much in need; Sunday has fewer duties, owing to the rule that there shall be no operations performed on that day. Examinations are held twice a year, and if Miss Canadienne is moderately bright she will have no difficulty in passing them, after her daily practical experience and nightly instruction. Every nurse must do four months' night duty during her course, taking six or eight weeks at a time; the hours are then from seven p. m. till seven a. m., the day, of course, being taken for rest. All the would-be nurses are on probation for two months, at the end of which time the superintendent accepts or rejects them as she sees whether or not they are capable of performing the work before them.—From "Canadian Nurses in New York," by Sophie M. Almon Hensley, in the Dominion Illustrated Monthly for April.

Two Cars Horses.

Watch for great auction sale of thoroughbreds, on Saturday, April 16th, at 1 o'clock p.m. *

JAMES MORTIMER, Auctioneer.

Lots in Alberni City—a good investment—Apply to O'Neill & Cowie, 104 Yates St.

Easter Cards at Hibben & Co.'s.

Tennis players will do well to read the ad., of M. W. Wait & Co., in another column. *

Ladies are saying O'Kell & Morris' Jams re excellent. *

Cafe Royal

For Oysters, Ice Cream and Ladies' Lunch.

Elegant lines of Curtains, Art Muslins, Cretonnes and Upholstery goods at Weiler Bros. *

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

NOTICE.

FRIDAY, the 15th day of April, and Monday, the 18th day of April, instant, being statute holidays, the Public Offices will be closed on those days.

By Command,
JOHN ROBSON,
Provincial Secretary.
Provincial Secretary's Office, 9th April, 1892.

PROVINCIAL SECRETARY'S OFFICE,
9th April, 1892.

HIS HONOUR the Lieutenant-Governor has been pleased to make the following Rules of Court:—

1. There shall be a vacation in the Supreme Court from Thursday, the 14th day of April, 1892, until Tuesday, the 19th day of April, 1892, both days inclusive, during which vacation no pleading shall be delivered or cause tried.

2. Nothing in these Rules shall interfere with the trial of causes triable elsewhere than at Victoria.

3. These Rules may be cited as the "Easter Vacation Rules, 1892."

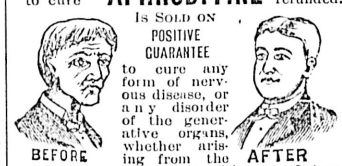
By Command,
JNO. ROBSON,
ap10 Provincial Secretary.

Tenders for caulking H. M. S. Warspite will be received here until Noon of Wednesday next, the 13th instant. For particulars apply to Carpenter of the Yard.

JAMES INNES,
Naval Storekeeper.
Royal Naval Yard, Esquimalt, 9th April, 1892.
ap10-td

The Celebrated French Cure,

Warranted to cure **APHRODITINE** or money refunded.



Is SOLD ON POSITIVE GUARANTEE to cure any form of nervous disease, or any disorder of the generative organs, whether arising from the excessive use of Stimulants, Tobacco or Opium or through indiscretion, etc., such as Loss of Brain Power, Wakefulness, Bearing-down Pains in the Back, Hysteria, Nervous Prostration, Leucorrhœa, Dizziness, Weak Memory, Loss of Power, which, if neglected, often lead to premature old age and insanity. Price $1 a box, 6 boxes for $5. Sent by mail on receipt of price.

A WRITTEN GUARANTEE for every $5 order, to refund the money if a **Permanent** cure is not effected. Thousands of testimonials from old and young, of both sexes, permanently cured by APHRODITINE. Circular free. Address

THE APHRO MEDICINE CO.
WESTERN BRANCH,
Box 27. PORTLAND, OR.
SOLD BY
COCHRANE & MUNN, DRUGGISTS,
Corner of Douglas and Yates streets,
tno25-dw-rly Sole Agent for Victoria.

TO DEPOSITORS.

The British Columbia Land and Investment Agency, Ld.

(SUCCESSORS TO ALLSOP & MASON.)

In view of the low rate of interest given by the Dominion Savings Bank Department, and the restrictions imposed as to the amount to be deposited, this Company is now prepared to receive money on deposit, in large or small amounts, at interest at the rate of 5 per cent. per annum, and on favorable terms as to notice, etc.

The offices of the Company have been removed to 40 Government street, the premises lately occupied by the Telegraph Company.

do19

THE HOTEL VICTORIA

—IS—

NOW OPEN

—FOR THE—

RECEPTION OF GUESTS

—ON THE—

AMERICAN AND EUROPEAN PLANS.

The CAFE is an adjunct to the HOTEL, and will be open from 6 a.m. to 12 p.m.

Service and Cuisine unequalled in the City.

MERCHANTS' LUNCH

will be served in the Cafe from 11.30 a.m. to 2 p.m.

TABLE - D'HOTE - DINNER

from 6 to 8 p.m. $1.00, including wine.

P. T. PATTON, . - PROPRIETOR.

apl

WE HAVE NOW IN OUR STORE

15,000 YDS. OF CARPET

JUST THINK OF IT!

In the maze of patterns among these are all the bright sunny weavings and colors that tell us

SUMMER IS COMING.

It brings a warm glow to the body to look at their luxurious gloss and feel their downy softness.

COME IN AND RUN THEM OVER.

SEHL-HASTIE-ERSKINE CO.

NOTICE is hereby given that the partnership lately subsisting between the undersigned under the firm or style of Braden & Stamford, has this day been dissolved by mutual consent. The business will henceforth be carried on by the undersigned, James Leonard Stamford, who will receive all accounts and pay all liabilities.

JOHN BRADEN.
J. L. STAMFORD.
Dated the 26th March, 1892. mc29-1m

J. P. DAVIES & CO., AUCTIONEERS

MONDAY, APRIL 11th

At 11 o'clock A. M.

Instructed by J. H. Franck, Esq., we will sell at his residence,

255 FORT STREET,

All his well kept and nearly new Parlor, Dining Room, Halls and Bed Rooms.

HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE,

Comprising Polished Oak Book Case, Library, Desk, Sideboard, Extension Table, Bamboo Easel, Wardrobes, five Oak Bed Room Sets, Chiffonier, Cane Rocker, Lounges, Lamps, White Lace Curtains, Clocks, Fine Plated ware, Glassware, Knives, Forks, Spoons, German Mugs, Carpets, Rugs, Fine Glassware, Hand Painted ware, Bronzes.

WATER COLORS.

One by C. Becker, 1880, Iago's Address Before Othello and Desdemona. One by Becker, 1880; subject, Romeo, Juliet and the Friar. One Nature's Mirror.

BOOKS.

A selected library. Dickens, Irving, Scott, etc.

CHINAS.

Royal Adelaide, Dresden, Worcester and Bohemian ware, Fancy Chairs, Whatnots.

Five o'clock Tea Cups and Saucers (choice.) Mattresses, Blankets, Sheets, Quilts, Pillows, Slips, Oil Cloth, Stair Carpets, Rods.

Goods on view after Thursday at 2 P. M.
Catalogues ready Saturday afternoon.
Terms CASH.

JOSHUA DAVIES,
apl 6 Auctioneer.

CLEARANCE SALE

— NOW GOING ON OF —

Men's, Youth's, Boys' and Children's Suits

—AT—

SAMUEL REID'S, - 122 GOVERNMENT STREET.

To insure a speedy clearance, to make room for new goods, we are offering, for cash,

CHILDREN'S		BOYS'	
$4.00 Suits for	$3.00	$7.00 Suits for	$5.25
$4.50 Suits for	$3.50	$7.50 Suits for	$5.65
$5.00 Suits for	$3.75	$8.00 Suits for	$6.00
$5.50 Suits for	$4.15	$8.50 Suits for	$6.40
$6.50 Suits for	$5.00	$9.00 Suits for	$6.75
$7.00 Suits for	$5.25	$10.00 Suits for	$7.50
$8.00 Suits for	$6.00	$11.00 Suits for	$8.25
YOUTHS'		**MEN'S**	
$7.00 Suits for	$5.25	$10.00 Suits for	$7.50
$8.00 Suits for	$6.00	$13.00 Suits for	$9.50
$9.00 Suits for	$6.75	$14.00 Suits for	$10.50
$9.50 Suits for	$7.15	$15.00 Suits for	$11.00
$10.00 Suits for	$7.50	$16.00 Suits for	$12.00
$11.00 Suits for	$8.25	$18.00 Suits for	$13.50
$12.00 Suits for	$9.00	$18.50 Suits for	$14.00
$12.50 Suits for	$9.25	$20.00 Suits for	$15.00

Sale will continue until the end of the present month.

Store will remain open until ten o'clock each evening.

SAMUEL REID,

122 GOVERNMENT ST., VICTORIA, B. C.

mc17-few

Special to THE COLONIST.]

BILL NYE AS A HERO.

The Hero Business Reduced to a System—Rescuing Dining Room Girls to Order.

The Water of Rome and That of Mexico, Mo., Compared—Crossing the Missouri.

[Copyright, 1892, by Edgar W. Nye.]

My last letter was written at Beatrice, Neb., at a hotel which was on fire, and as a number of errors have crept into the press regarding my bravery at this great fire, known as the Paddock House fire, I will say that I did nothing at that time that was not my plain duty; nothing that I would not do again. I would have been less than man if I had shrank from my duty at that time.

I was engaged in writing, in fact, had just seated myself and loaded up my stylographic pen with bluing, which I carry with me, and was just about to think, preparatory to writing, when the shrill



PICKING OUT A GIRL TO SAVE.

cry of fire was seen approaching, and a fire laddie, in less time than it takes to tell it, was up my window like a squirrel, playing the hose on a beautiful and elaborate scarlet embroidered nightie of mine which hung over the head of my couch.

The statement in the Nebraska papers that I was perfectly cool even at first is very kind, but not borne out by the facts. I was not real cool till the hose company had been playing on me for some little time.

Regarding my heroism in saving the life of a slender and beautiful dining room girl, or doughnut lady, I will say that the press, especially of Omaha and Beatrice, has erred in its enthusiasm and haste to do me a favor altogether out of proportion to the act of courage and heroism itself.

I always, while stopping at a hotel, very early decide in my own mind which of the dining room girls I would save in case of fire. This I do invariably while I am perfectly cool, knowing that should a fire break out I might in the wild excitement of the moment rescue right and left without any discretion or sense. Once I rescued a shrouded figure in the darkness and uncertainty of night, and when I took her to the light and got three reporters there to take down what she might say by way of thanks, I found when it was too late that she was a little colored bootblack who could neither read nor write.

The dining room girl whom I rescued at Beatrice was heavier than I had supposed, and I had not more than half rescued her before I regretted it. However, as I reached the foot of the first fire escape she returned to consciousness and sprang out of my arms with a cry of horror. I calmed her, however, so that her fears at last vanished, and with a deep drawn sigh, having already noticed that I was very much out of breath, she took me over her shoulder and carried me to the foot of the fire escape.

I notice recently that King Humbert of Italy has severely criticised the Roman fire department, and I agree with him that it needs a thorough overhauling. Having seen the Roman fire department myself, I would say that the insurance company that would take a risk in Rome would deserve to die in want.

In the first place, the Roman hose is decayed. It would not hold railroad ties or hoop poles. I did not get to see Humbert while I was there, but I wrote him a well timed note regarding his fire department, and in that note I said that if he would give less attention to his personal appearance and more to the question of the Roman fire department he would make a hit.

This winter has proven what I said to be true. I wrote a piece also for the Roman morning paper—The Roman Candle, it was called—a piece which I signed "Veritas," and in which I said it was time to call a halt. The piece was never published, and I had to leave Rome before I had got my visit out on account of it. There were some good points in it too. I managed to mildly roast Humbert in it, and got off two or three good local hits in the piece; then I got it put into good Italian by the restaurant where I stopped while in Rome.

This winter Humbert was out to see a Roman fire, and the department did not reach the scene for an hour and a half. Over 7,000,000 francs worth of property was destroyed. One engine tipped over on the way to the fire, and the others might as well have done so, for the hose would not hold water—even the coarse and impregnable water of Rome.

The water of Rome is in many respects like that of Mexico Mo. We stopped there for lunch not long ago. Mexico, Mo., is one of the thriving and thoroughly prosperous towns of that prosperous and now rapidly growing state. But the waters of Mexico, Mo., like the beard bill of a man who boarded at our house once while engaged in upbuilding his fellow man, still remains unsettled.

The water of Mexico tastes some of Jefferson City, but has a strong flavor of Callaway county. We went to the wash basin at the eating works and turned on the faucet, but soon had to poke out the water with a stick. At table I asked for a glass of water and the colored man and brother went to this same faucet to get my glass filled. A man in Mexico who had been drinking considerably, and was said to have his skates on a great deal of the time, told me while I steadied him up against the depot that his only reason for drinking was that he had to cut away the sandbars in his system every few days or run aground.

Mexico is at the confluence of the Alton branch with the Wabash railroad. The branch, as it is called, is a road which runs from Cedar City, opposite Jefferson City, or Jeff, as it is called, to Mexico. In starting from Jeff we got on a four horse 'bus at the hotel, filling it inside and climbing to the deck and covering the entire outside to a depth of four feet.

We rode some distance to the ferry across the Missouri, sometimes riding on four wheels and then gayly tooling along on one. I could feel my late hair turning gray.

On the way we passed the humble cot of a colored woman who lives on the corner and who is the mother of two bright little twins known as Eyether and Nyether. Each passenger had some bright little episode to get off at the expense of the broad and massive mother, but she took our sallies good naturedly and replied with many a little esprit du corps of her own.

When we approached the boat we saw at once that it was not the City of New York. Even the novice could detect the little points of difference. I can truly say that I never saw a sadder sight in the nautical line than the steamer which treads the dusty road between Jeff and Cedar City. As we approached the mud pie which is used as a landing, our driver sounded the sack but for the old colored inebriate who acts as crew to lower the draw-bridge. The latter is an old and well gnawed collection of warped fence boards, one corner of which curls up like the toe of a burned boot.

When the omnibus passes over this bridge the entire crew has to stand on this corner to hold it down or the wheels will not go over, but the crew had been out the night before attending a dinner given by a board of trade, I think, and he did not have entire control of his faculties, so he neglected to stand on the warped gang plank, and a serious accident was only prevented by getting off the bus and lifting it on the boat.

The boat itself is broad amidships, with no saloon to speak of, though if you are acquainted with the pilot you can get something out of his overcoat pocket which will answer every purpose it is said.

The train does not start until this boat gets across, no matter when that is, and it is very uncertain, for the boat might spring aleak and fill full of sand in a little while. Then it would be very difficult for it to start up again.

The crew, I said, consists of a colored man named Potiphar P. Rawlo, of Callaway county. He has been married ten years, and eight children have blessed their home, so he is told; but as he has lived on the boat all that time, night and day, he only knows about his family by report. Lately he has taken to drinking, and talks of establishing a residence at Sioux Falls for the purpose of obtaining a divorce.

How sad it is, after ten years of wedded happiness, living of course simply but happily, the wife on shore and the husband on the wave, to snap the golden cord and to go forth unfettered, forgetting the happy past forever. It is not indeed tough?

I had intended to make this letter more profound and recondite than usual, but other matters seem to crowd out those plans and prevent the work being so recondite as I had erranged for.



THE TWINS.

Yesterday I received a condensed story in manuscript from a man who wishes me to get it published at once, as "it should be issued at least four weeks before the national conventions," he says. Otherwise the conventions will most likely be bitter disappointments, I judge. He says "the book is a timely one, and should have been published two months ago to fit people for the coming national convention." He says this to me in a tone of reproach which I am sure I do not deserve. I could not have published the book, even if I had been at home, and had it done by this time. Possibly not by another year even, or may be later than that.

I hate to have a stranger hop on me that way for not publishing his book and going out afterward personally to canvass for it. Few people of the great work-a-day world realize that I am engaged in business—a business which occupies my time and requires my best energies. The idea that I sit up in a large haymow all day reading rejected manuscripts, and then in the evening that I go about from house to house as a professional parlor entertainer, giving readings from my own works in exchange for broken candies and the heel taps of large public dinners, is erroneous and ought to be exploded somewhere on a vacant lot outside the city limits.

This manuscript is, or will be, ready for the printer in a few days, so the writer says. He never wrote anything before the publication, being an engine wiper at the roundhouse, but he can hardly wait for this book to come out. He thinks I am setting it up now and sewing on the bindings, perhaps, of evenings after the children are asleep. This is a mistake.

Any publisher who would like this manuscript, however, can obtain it by writing me and inclosing postage, together with a promise to get the book thoroughly scattered among the masses prior to the great national conventions.

The author is not a man of letters, though he has received quite a number, he says, from the division superintendent, and has attracted some attention in literary circles by having his pay garnisheed eighteen times in eighteen months. He has a style, he says, something like that of Laura Jean Libby, but he does not think so rapidly as she does. Eight pounds of manuscript in twenty-four hours is his highest record, so he says he knows that he is not so prolific as a writer as Laura is.

But still he thinks with great rapidity, and many of his quick thoughts, he says, are just as good as any that he has. He has thought quite a number of thoughts almost identical with those thought by such men as Tolstoi and Thomas Brower Peacock, of Topeka, Kan., thus showing that he can if necessary think as good a thought as those men who have made a good living by it.

Above all, he says that the book is a timely one, and when an author comes right out and says that his book is timely you must admit it. I would print it for him myself, but the Little Gem printing press which I am doing all my publishing with now is in use. I loaned it to a Kansas man, who is using it to print a stud book and mark his linen.

BILL NYE.

INDIAN GHOST DANCE.

In the Evansville Courier, Lieutenant McCarthy says:—"The tradition of an Indian ghost dance has been frequently explained, but it still retains its interest. It is a tradition with the Indians that once a princess while wandering in the woods was conceived of a child, which was of divine origin. She returned to camp, and the birth of the child was proclaimed from tribe to tribe. The occasion of its birth was celebrated by festivity. Fearing that the young child would grow to manhood and be possessed of too much influence, several Indian medicine men decided to put to death the princess and child. On entering the camp of the princess they were confronted by the child, who had suddenly grown to manhood, and who stood in defence of his mother's life. Realising this miraculous or divine act, the medicine men repented of their sins, and were afterwards devout followers of the princess and son, who fought all of their battles victoriously. Before the death of Messiah, as their tradition teaches, he gathered together the various Indian tribes, and told them of his second coming. He said that before he again appeared on earth, railroads, big stove houses would be built, and the white man, who would steal all of their lands, besides being very cruel, would come among them. The second coming of the Messiah for the purpose of exterminating the whites and reclaiming their lost lands has for years been expected by the Indians. The direct cause of the recent Indian hostilities was virtually brought on by the ghost dance, which spread rapidly over the entire reservation. Previous to the uprising of the Indians a group of medicine men were in communication with the Messiah, who appeared on a cloud. As a proof of his being, he held in his hand a saucer of water, of which all drank, and their thirst was appeased, yet the saucer was still full of water. The alleged experience of this group of medicine men was sent to the many Indian tribes, and the ghost dance was immediately inaugurated as a consequence. The mere announcement that the Messiah was coming affected over 700 or 800 Indians. Men often, like maniacs, would run from the camp for miles to meet the Great Spirt which they thought had come."

LITTLE WORRIES.

Men and women meet the small troubles of life very differently. In the first place, a woman often lacks that sense of proportion which is necessary to distinguish the lesser from the greater ills; to her, all troubles are of the greatest magnitude and to be mourned equally. The failure of a new dress or of a dinner-party are calamities over which she will sometimes worry herself into a fever. Most men would meet similar troubles with a shrug of the shoulders and then speedily forget them. Then, again, a woman does not forget easily, and is given to brooding; nor is she so swift to run away from her troubles as a man is. Indeed, she can not be easily induced to run away from them at all; the contemplation of them has a fatal fascination for her. In any small misfortune which falls equally upon husband and wife, in nine cases out of ten, where the man resolutely refuses to remember it and hastens to turn his thoughts into some other channel, the woman will seem to take almost a perverse pleasure in recalling it to her mind and reflecting upon its actual and possible consequences. Much of this difference in their demeanor is, of course, due to the difference of their life. A man can easily run out of doors and seek distraction, whereas a woman's lot is to remain at home and think. Indeed, we should say that very much was owing to the greater opportunity that a woman possesses of contemplating her worries and brooding over them. Yet it is hardly fair to assume that, because a woman appears to be more affected by small worries, that, therefore, she has more to bear. There are plenty of small worries outside those of the house, which last, we admit, fall mostly to the woman's share—indeed, in the actual sharing of these little woes we should say that the man generally comes off the worse, for when the cook is impertinent, or a chimney smokes, the master of the house is almost always called in to lend his aid and sympathy, whereas he can hardly count upon much help or sympathy from his wife when his own soul is vexed by the shortcomings of his clerk.

At Home and Abroad.

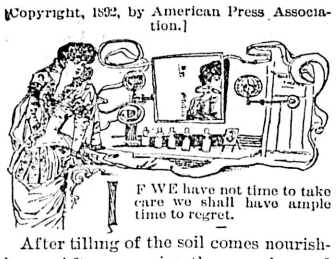
Physicians, travellers, pioneers, settlers, invalids and all classes of people of every degree, testify to the medicinal and tonic virtues of Burdock Blood Bitters, the most popular and effective medicine extant. It cures all diseases of the stomach, liver, bowels and blood.

FEED THE TISSUES.

Fannie Edgar Thomas Writes of The Care of the Complexion—She Says There Are No

More Frauds Among the Skin Specialists Than Among Other Curative Professions.

[Copyright, 1892, by American Press Association.]



IF WE have not time to take care we shall have ample time to regret.

After tilling of the soil comes nourishing. After exercise the muscles and tissues must be fed. Flesh tissues become dry, dead, slack, hungry. The face looks worn, old. These tissues must be fed systematically through the pores. The furnishing of skin food through the pores is of infinitely more value to beauty than the offering of food through the stomach. When starved the muscles of the face relax like the strings of a violin; they cannot respond to exercise—the face caves in in spots—looks haggard, old.

These foods must, however, be prepared with greatest care and intelligence, and with individual study of the skin to receive them. For this one must depend upon a specialist. It is coming to be the general practice for the well groomed woman to place herself in the hands of a skilled specialist for examination and work under her direction, as in the case of the dentist, doctor or hairdresser, for the skin is quite as individual as the system. What is benefit to one is injury to another.

I believe in the skin specialist. There are no more frauds among them than among the other curative professions, and in response to the demand they have become as skilled and conscientious as any. It stands to reason that one who makes any specialty a study knows more about it than one who is ignorant of its first principles. More harm is worked to the average complexion through ignorant experimenting by the women themselves than from any other cause.

The beautifying paraphernalia of every woman interested in face culture today includes a set of from six to eight bottles of liquids of various colors—cream, white, yellow, pink, red and froth—in all stages of liquidity, from clear water to muddy oil, and one or two jars of lardlike cream—not for external application as a cover, but to work into the pores in consecutive order for the nourishment of the dying skin.

Treatments are taken from these once or twice a week in addition to the regular massage work. Each one is applied, allowed to rest on the face from two to five minutes, then washed off with warm water to give place to the next. The oils are rubbed well in with the fingers. Between the massage, the slight tingle produced by each application and the delicate odors, the velvet cheeks of the little human palette glow like a rose, while lips and eyes now share in the enjoyment. The face is being beautified naturally.

The skin responds to nourishment as the stomach does. This sort of thing is coming to be the modern form of beautifying, taking the place of the deleterious paintings, powderings, waferings and plasterings of cruder days. The belle's battle with time is based upon truer principles, following the line of sincere physical culture.

Powerful illustrations of the preservation of good looks may be found in the theatrical and other public career fields. Thoughtless and lazy young girls may be found who "go off" in a year's stage work. Experienced men and women who have settled down to the business of personation pass through unspeakable hardships, and abuse of the skin by "makeup," retaining—indeed adding to their good looks. Perhaps no other actor passes through such cyclones of facial work as Mr. Richard Mansfield. Yet his complexion is tinted, fair, fine and unlined as a girl's. His valet can tell of the discipline of massage, skin feeding, cleansing and care necessary to the happy end. "One cannot be lazy and remain handsome, especially if he works," he says. "Why bless you, I should look worse than Hyde himself did I not take care of myself."

Mrs. Kendal carries everywhere with her a small Russia leather case, furnished with inside pockets containing handsome bottles of liquid skin foods, which are fed to the acting tissues of her wholesome face three times a week. Mrs. Leslie Carter has one also, so has Beatrice Cameron, so has the beautiful Lillian Russell. Patti has worn out two in travel. She gets her skin foods from New York, and the shelves of the diva's cosmetic bureau are filled with them. The "skin food case" is considered an indispensable adjunct to the luggage of the society woman of today who travels.

Annie Jenness, the apostle of physical culture; Clementine de Vere, the prima donna; Jennie Potter, the elocutionist; Willard, the actor; Ella Wheeler Wilcox, the poetess, and a host of other tremendous workers who look like drawing room pets of leisure can all testify to the superior value of preservation over repair.

FANNIE EDGAR THOMAS.

Costumed as an Oyster.

A well known Parisian mondaine appeared the other day at a fancy dress ball in the Faubourg St. Germain costumed as an oyster. She wore a short dress of shimmering white satin covered with mother-of-pearl oyster shells, each of which contained a pearl. The corsage, draped with sea weed, was adorned by epaulets formed of half opened oysters and a great oyster shell of diamonds glittered in her powdered hair. On the left side a chatelaine of huge pearls supported an oyster fork and knife made of splendid brilliants.

ADMIRAL DAHLGREN'S WIDOW.

She Lives in Washington and Devotes Much Time to Literature.

The widow of the late Admiral Dahlgren is a prominent leader in the courtliest circles of society in our national capital. She lives in an elegant mansion on Massachusetts avenue, at the corner of Fourteenth street, the avenue and street being intersected by M street, just at the back of Mrs. Dahlgren's handsome residence.

The receptions and dinners of Mrs. Dahlgren are among the most delightful of the many charming society functions of this city of representative American life and manners. Thirty years ago Mrs. Dahlgren, then Miss Madeline Vinton, the daughter of Samuel F. Vinton, of Ohio, was married at an early age to Daniel Convers Goddard, of Zanesville. Mr. Goddard died in about three years after their marriage, leaving his youthful widow the mother of two children. In 1865 Mrs. Goddard became the wife of Admiral Dahlgren. She is still a rarely attractive woman. Her blue eyes are as bright as ever, but her brown tresses are now silvered. She spends the greater part of her time in her house in Massachusetts avenue, but her country home is at South Mountain, Md.

It was at South Mountain that her daughter, Miss Ulrica Dahlgren, was married to Mr. Pierce, of Boston. An older daughter, it will be remembered by society people, was married some years ago to a German baron. Mr. Ulric Dahlgren, the twin brother of Miss Ulrica, was the happy man who led to the altar Miss Lucy Drexel, of Philadelphia; his half brother, John Vinton Goddard, marrying Miss Bessie Drexel, the sister of Miss Lucy.

Mrs. Dahlgren adds to her accomplishments as a society leader a taste for the best literature. She is a well read woman of remarkable judgment and a linguist of rare attainments. She has translated from the French Montalembert's "Pius IX" and De Chambrun's "Executive Power," and from the Spanish Donoso Cortes' "Catholicism, Liberalism and Socialism." Among her other works are "The Memoirs of John A. Dahlgren," "Thoughts on Female Suffrage," "South Sea Sketches," "Etiquette of Social Life in Washington," "South Mountain Magic" and "A Winter in Washington."

Mrs. Dahlgren was so highly appreciated by the late President Garfield that he wrote the preface of one of her books—"Pius IX."

She is a most affable woman. Her conversation, without being pedantic, shows the culture of her mind by the rich stream of literature that has flowed over it. She does not visit at all; but she receives her many friends with the stately grace and courteous graciousness of an English duchess.

BELLE BELAIR.

THE FASHIONS OF PARIS.

The Spring Bonnets and Hats—Wraps to Suit All Tastes.

It is nearly impossible to find words bright and crisp enough to describe the beauties of the spring bonnets and hats. They are small, but perfect, and covered with the loveliest of spring blossoms. Violets which look as if newly plucked, with the dew still sparkling upon them; brittle looking cowslips and modest forgetmenots and yellow crocus and jonquils, all are seen, and they are used so deftly that nature herself might be deceived.

Lace and chiffon, gauze and openwork straw will be the preferred materials on



BONNETS AND WRAPS

which the flowers are laid. A very few have wings and curling tips, and others have a mixture of lace and the metallic and nacre gauze ribbons. These come in stripes, with moire effects, and in stiff metal gauze in stripes of silver and copper, or gold and copper, or gold and silver. Two or at most three loops of this are enough.

The plateau and capote shapes are the prettiest, but there is a wide choice, for some hats are very large brimmed, faced with smoothly drawn surah, and sometimes velvet, and covered on the crown with feathers or flowers. There was one beautiful creation of black lace straw, plateau shape, covered with blue violets and a very few leaves, laid on as if growing there. Black lace with white anemones and white chrysanthemums make elegant bonnets, and others again are made of simple meshes of iridescent beads with perhaps one large chrysanthemum or solitary rose. Capotes are perhaps the favorite small bonnet. Jet and lace for matrons will prevail.

The ugly English three-quarter jacket, seamless and shapeless, is seen on the streets here, where its superlative ugliness attracts all eyes, but the better class of ladies will prefer something like the wrap I offer a picture of. It is of black corded silk, lined with chameleon silk and trimmed with a rich passementerie and velvet applique pattern. The back and front are half fitted under the plaits, to which the shoulders are fastened. The form is graceful and elegant. Some of this style have the middle piece of velvet embroidered or beaded. They are sometimes seen in cloth in colors, but more often black.

Some of the methods recently recommended for managing husbands remind one of a farmer's efforts to coax a pig into a wagon backward unbeknownst to him.

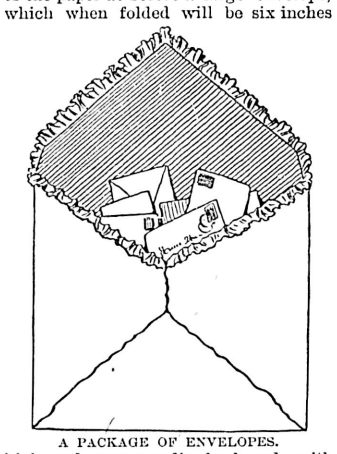
PRETTY CONCEITS.

A Number of Uses to Which the Octavo Envelope May Be Put.

An ordinary octavo envelope is a common enough thing, but, opened and employed as a pattern, it will aid you in making articles whose use and beauty will surprise you. When the envelope has been ungummed, lay it flat on a sheet of water color paper and draw the pattern lightly with pencil, enlarging it to any dimensions, but keeping the proportion of parts. Cut out with scissors or knife all but the outer flaps; those are to have torn edges. Fold the new envelope in shape, gumming it all except the last flap. When dry, shade the front and back with cobalt blue in water color, from deep color on one side to palest blue on the other. Then lay aside to dry while you are preparing a sheet of cotton wadding just large enough to fill it.

This is pulled apart, some sachet powder put in and the cotton folded together again. Next paint on the front of the envelope three or four large daisies, outlining the petals with deep cobalt blue. The centers are indicated by a dash of gilding, and the edges of the envelope are finished with it also, a tiny line, scarcely showing unless one looks at the edge. Insert the perfumed cotton, seal the envelope and put an irregular splash of gold to represent the seal. If you wish, print in fancy gold lettering on the front some appropriate words. This idea can be carried out with different colored paints, lavender, for example, when heliotrope or violet perfume is used, rose color with rose powder, etc. The flowers to correspond may be painted outside.

Take your pattern again and cut out of the paper as before a large envelope, which when folded will be six inches



A PACKAGE OF ENVELOPES.

high and correspondingly broad, with torn edges to the flaps. Cut from bristol board a like envelope, a trifle smaller, to serve as a lining. This must be covered with China silk of a hue to match the shading you put on the envelope. The whole is intended for a letter pocket, and after the shading is done—on the back only, for the front of the envelope will become the back of the letter pocket—put in the silk covered bristol board. The upper flap will of course be left up and a loose puff of silk around the opening may be caught in places over the edges, thus serving to fasten the lining without showing any stitches. If preferred, the lower part of the envelope, instead of being gummed together, may be cut so the edges will meet, but not lap, and may be laced together with silk cord. The same idea may be developed into a glove, handkerchief or cravat case, though of course these must all be made to close and not hang on the wall. For the gloves and cravats the envelopes must be very long and narrow. They should, moreover, be scented and have silken cords attached to their flaps to tie them with.

One of the large envelopes, not lined, but tinted on both sides and ornamented on the front would be a suitable gift for a friend going traveling. Inside are put tiny envelopes, all tinted to correspond—one holding pins and safety pins, one a little address book, one a calendar. Another may contain a memorandum book with a bit of pencil attached, a fifth holds court plaster and a sixth is for pens and postage stamps. Each small envelope should be labeled with the name of its contents.

One of these tinted envelopes, the right size, will make a very pretty case for photographs to lay on a table. Still another can be made to do duty for holding a supply of stationery.

A. I. WILLIS.

A Fashionable Hobby.

Bibliomania is at the present moment the fashionable hobby of the French grande dame and of the leaders of Parisian society. Among the principal collectors are the Duchesse de Chartres, the Comtesse de L'Aigle, the Comtesse de Nadaillac, the Comtesse de la Ferronays and the young and brilliant Comtesse de Greffulhe, who is spending enormous sums in the purchase of rare old editions of the Seventeenth and Eighteenth centuries. Nor is this fad confined to the ladies of the great world, for several of the shining lights of the half world have developed the same taste, and quite frequently at book sales the notorious Leonide Leblanc, the fair friend of the Duc d'Aumale, may be seen bidding against the latter's royal niece, the Duchesse de Chartres.

Lophophore Trimmings.

Lophophore trimmings, boas, muffs and hats are all the rage just now among the smartest society of the Old World. The lophophore is a peculiar Indian bird, the delicate and exquisitely beautiful feathers of which are prepared by a charitable society at Paris organized by several great ladies for the purpose of giving employment to destitute girls. Among the most active patronesses of the association are the empress of Austria, the queen of Roumania, the two queens of Spain and the various princesses of the royal house of Orleans. Owing to their efforts lophophore is worn now at all the great entertainments. It formed quite a feature of the last court ball of Vienna and figured extensively in the trousseau of the Duke of Clarence's maiden widow.

AMONG THE CHURCHES.

Preachers who will Fill the City Pulpits this Morning and Evening.

Preparations for the Easter Festival—A Sermon to Temperance People.



CHURCH workers will this week be busy with the work of preparation for the Easter celebration, and lilies and tube roses will be in demand. The congregations of this city have a reputation far and wide for making their places of worship beautiful at Easter time, and this year more elaborate and artistic embellishments than ever will be the rule. There will be special services in all the churches, of course, but none of greater interest than that at Christ Church Cathedral, in which the school children from all parts of the diocese will participate.

To-day at Pandora avenue Methodist church, the pastor, Rev. Coverdale Watson, will speak particularly upon the subject of Temperance, the various organizations for the promotion of total prohibition principles having arranged to attend in a body. No doubt the occasion will be one interest, and one long to be remembered with pleasure. At the Gorge Road church, Rev. J. H. White will preach in the morning, giving his pulpit in the evening to Rev. Richard Ball, jr., who, with his father, mother, brothers and sisters, has been delighting Victorians with sweet songs for several weeks past. The "Family" will be present in the evening, and assist in the service with their voices.

In the order of services, very few changes are "on" for to-day. Rev. Mr. Logan again fills the pulpit of St. Andrew's Presbyterian church, in the absence from the city of Rev. Mr. Macleod, and Rev. Mr. Cumming. of Tacoma, again preaches in Emmanuel church, Spring Ridge. In Calvary Baptist church, Mr. William Marchant will speak, both morning and evening, taking for his themes, "The World's Greatest Tragedy," and "Miracle Hardened."

The usual Y.M.C.A. services will be held at 4 o'clock. All young men are invited to attend. Services will be held as usual at the Provincial Jail, at 9:30 a.m.; at the Indian Reserve at 2:30 p.m.; and at the Jubilee Hospital at 2 p.m.

The arrangements for the city churches not mentioned above are:

Christ Church Cathedral—Morning, The Lord Bishop. Evening, Rev. E. F. Lipscombe.

St. James—Morning and evening, Ven. Archdeacon Scriven.

St. John's—Morning and evening, Rev. Percival Jenns.

St. Barnabas — Morning, Rev. G. W. Taylor. Evening, Rev. J. B. Hewetson.

St. Saviour s — Morning and evening, Rev. W. D. Barber.

St. Luke's, Cedar Hill—Morning and evening, Rev. M. C. Browne.

St. Paul's, Esquimalt—Morning and evening, Rev. S. C. Scholefield.

Tolmie's—Morning, at 11, Rev. W. H. P. Arden.

Cadboro Bay—Afternoon, at 3 o'clock, Rev. W. H. P. Arden.

The Church of Our Lord (Reformed Episcopal)—Morning service at 11. Rt. Rev. Bishop Cridge. Evening service at 7, Rev. C. E. Dobbs. Young People's service and baptism at 3 p. m. Service on Good Friday at 11 a. m. Bible reading on Wednesday evening, in the school-room, at 8 o'clock. Evening prayer every day (except Friday) at 4 o'clock.

To-day (Palm Sunday) the palms will be blessed before High Mass, and distributed to the congregation at the Roman Catholic pro-Cathedral and in the evening there will be Vespers at 7 o'clock. On Monday and Wednesday evenings the usual Lenten services will be held. On Holy Thursday High Mass will be celebrated; holy oils will be consecrated. Good Friday requiem high mass well be held, at which the solemn adoration of the cross will take place and a sermon on the Passion be delivered. In the evening at 7:30 the matins and lauds will be chanted. On Holy Saturday the ceremonies of blessing the fire, the pascal, candle and the water will commence in the morning. On Easter Sunday Solemn Pontifical mass will commence at 10:30 in the morning.

First Presbyterian Church, Pandora avenue—Preaching at 11 a.m., and 7 p.m. Rev. J. K. Smith, D.D.

St. Paul's Presbyterian Church, Victoria West—Rev. D. MacRae, pastor. Services at 11 a.m. and 7 p.m.

Christadelphian Hall, 209 Douglas street, at 11 a.m., for the Breaking of Bread; and 7 p. m.

AN INDIAN PHYSICIAN.

The "medicine man" of to-day works more on the faith cure plan and imposes less upon his patients credulity, inasmuch as he has long since abandoned the practice of extracting ill-shaped bones, beads and all manner of impossible things from the witch-worried invalid. Sometimes he sets out with three or four of his associates to tramp across the Reserve—on miraculous cures intent. They seldom take the roadway, but cut through the heart of the bush, walking slowly and in indian file. Far through the lonliness of the sparsely settled forest and swamp land, their strange hollow voices float in a wierd cry that plays an intonation of two half notes in a high key. Few people even get a glimpse of the odd-looking group going their rounds, each carrying a staff, and wearing the most atrocious masks, made of wood, painted, chiseled into hideous human features, and fringed with lengths of grey and black hair. On they go, their figures bent forward, almost to a right angle, striking the earth periodically with their staffs, with always that evil call, and a peculiar slight motion of the feet, that is both a dance and a shuffle. By-and-by a woman opens the door of a distant log house; with an inverted broom-handle she strikes the doorstep a number of times; it is a signal for the "medicine men" to visit the house; there is a sick person there.—From "Indian Medicine Men," by E. PAULINE JOHNSON, in the Dominion Illustrated Monthly for April.

Orders for engraving and lithographing promptly executed by first-class artists, at the COLONIST office.

Business Change.

Having bought my late partner's interest the business of Brown & White will be carried on in my own name. EDWARD WHITE. ap1-1m

Special Correspondence of THE COLONIST.)

M. QUAD SKETCHES.

Picking up a Derelict Brig in Mid-Ocean.

[Copyright, 1892 by Charles B. Lewis.]

On the 6th day of April, 1873, the London Times had about twenty lines of matter on the strange case of the brig Little Queen, of Sydney, Australia. It was stated that she had been abandoned in New Zealand waters and picked up by the bark Union, of Melbourne, but no particulars were given. I purpose to give them to you now, and to tell you an interesting story just as it occurred.

In November, 1872, I was mate of the bark Union on a voyage from Melbourne to New Caledonia. She was command by Captain Thomas Davidson, and was a snug, stanch craft and well found in all particulars. I had made two voyages in her from Australia to New Zealand, and no sailor could ask for a better berth. We were now filled up with dry goods, groceries, hardware, seeds, boots and shoes and other goods in demand by the islanders to the northeast and were to make a trading voyage.

When I came on deck at midnight on the night of Nov. 26 to relieve the second mate, I found the bark drifting about like a log. There wasn't a breath of air moving, and the ocean was quiet except for the ground swell, which is ever at work. It was a starlight night, and yet there was a haze which darkened the stars and circumscribed the vision. The man at the wheel had nothing to do, and though the lookout was wide awake, as I convinced myself as soon as I took charge of the deck, there was no reason to believe that anything short of a sudden breach by a whale would put us in danger. I had killed about half an hour's time when I was hailed by the lookout. As I went forward he said:

"Mr. Haskall, it seems to me that I catch queer sounds over the starboard bow, and I wish you would listen with me."

"What do you mean by queer sounds?" I asked as I went forward to the heel of the bowsprit with him.

"Why, sir, it's like a man crying out for help, only he is a long ways off. I heard it as soon as I came on watch."

All the others in my watch had tumbled up when I did, but with the exception of relieving the wheel and lookout there was nothing to be done, and the others were sleeping as they sat with their backs against the bulwarks.

I listened intently for four or five minutes, but caught no sound, and was about to turn away when the lookout raised his hand in warning, and I plainly heard the sounds he had referred ts. As there was no air stirring, it was difficult to locate them. As they came out but faintly it was hard to judge what caused them. On shore you might have called them the cries of night birds or the croakings of frogs. At sea, when such sounds come to your ears, you instantly think of wrecks drifting about or people dying of hunger and thirst in small boats. I remained right there until the sounds were repeated twice over, and then I agreed with the lookout that they came to us over the starboard bow. Being satisfied that the cries were from some one in distress, I called the captain and he ordered me to send up two sky-rockets and burn a port fire. These things would be a reply to the castaways, and if they were on a wreck and could not reach us they would feel assured that we would stand by them and begin a search as soon as daylight came.

All the men in my watch were aroused, and all gathered in the bows to listen for any further calling. The sounds came every few minutes, and in about an hour it was evident that the castaways were coming nearer. In fifteen minutes more we could make out a man's voice shouting: "Bark ahoy—ahoy! For God's sake, don't go away and leave me!"

I now burned another port fire, and before my two hours were up we could faintly make out a craft of some sort to the west of us, while the voice of the man sounded almost as plain as if he were aboard of us. He shouted the same thing over and over, and I finally answered him and asked him to be patient for an hour longer. We might have lowered a boat and made an investigation, but to tell the truth every one of us was a bit nervous, and the thing had an uncanny look. We didn't propose to run into any trap in the darkness. After my answering the man he became quiet, and we heard no more from him for a long time.

Although my watch was up at 2 o'clock, not one of us turned in, and the old watch also kept the deck. We wanted to see daylight come and investigate the situation. Between 2 o'clock and daylight the strange craft we sighted through the gloom approached us so near that one could have thrown a stone aboard; that is, the two crafts approached each other, drawn together by that peculiar magnetism of the salt waters on two wooden bodies which men of science cannot explain. I have seen the same thing in case of two water casks, two small boats, and even of two dead and floating human bodies.

When daylight finally came, there she was only 300 feet away, broadside on, but her bows pointed to the contrary way. She was a small, snug, brig, with all her canvas properly stowed and everything alow and aloft in trim condition. A man was leaning over her low bulwarks, looking full at us, as we were at him, and not a word was spoken for five minutes. From the moment we caught sight of him we decided that he was all alone on the brig. By and by Captain Davidson called to him from the quarter deck:

"Brig ahoy? What's the matter?"

The man moved a bit, but never opened his mouth to speak.

As the brig had no signal of distress flying and was apparently all right, the conduct of the man struck us as most singular.

After a brief consultation with me the captain hailed again:

"You there, on board the brig—what do you want? Have you gone daft that you cannot understand and answer me?"

If the man had been a stone figure lashed to the rail he could not have remained more quiet so far as we could see.

"Lower the boat and board him, Mr. Haskall!" snapped the captain as he lost his patience. "He's the queerest sailor, and this is the queerest adventure I've had to do with. Better take your revolver along."

In ten minutes we were under the bows of the brig. As soon as we left the bark the man suddenly disappeared. As I caught her chains and began climbing up he appeared on the bows with a capstan bar to oppose me. However, when I covered him with my revolver he retreated, and as I reached the deck he disappeared down the companion way. I called up two men and followed him. They armed themselves with belaying pins, and after a search of the main cabin we found the fellow stowed away in the captain's stateroom. He made no resistance, but we no sooner had him out than he began weeping and begging of us not to harm him. For a time we thought he had lost his reason, and I believe he had a close call for it. After a couple of hours, however, during which all of us treated him with the utmost kindness, he began to mend, and before the day was over we had the most of his story. But for the proofs at hand we should have passed it by as a yarn to amuse sailors off watch.

This was November, as I have told you. Eight months previously the brig had sailed out of Sydney on her way to New Zealand. After leaving her port she had not even been spoken, and weeks before we found her she was listed as probably lost. Everything went fairly well aboard for the first week out, though the winds were light and contrary. Then the mate of the brig, who from all accounts was a brutal fellow, began knocking the men about in a way which bred a mutiny. The leader of the mutiny was perhaps hoping for trouble, and perhaps he schemed to bring it about, having plans of his own to further. At any rate, a mutiny took place, but without bloodshed. The captain and mate were sent adrift in the gig, having food and water to last them for two weeks, but provided only with oars. They were never heard of again.

The second mate knew a little something of navigation, and though he was not the leader of the mutiny he joined in with the men and was afterward made captain. The idea was to have "a good time," and the brig was headed up for the Feejee islands. There were five men, a boy and the cook in her crew, and the first move after securing possession was to serve out rum. It was nothing short of a miracle that the craft was not lost. Some of her men were more or less intoxicated all the time, and disputes and fights were of daily occurrence. Unless there seemed to be positive danger of disaster the sails were not handled at all, and much of the time the brig took care of herself while the men ate, drank and played cards and ended up in a fight. Sails were sighted now and then, but none passed near enough to identify her.

About two weeks after the mutiny the leader, whose name was Ross, and who had come out to Australia as a convict, decided that the apprentice boy, who was only fourteen years old and on his first voyage, would be a dangerous witness against them in case they were overhauled. He had said to one of the men that he would tell the truth if opportunity was given, and after holding a council over his case it was agreed that he must be got rid of. It was at first decided to kill him, but two or three of the crew opposed the murder and he was turned adrift on a small raft with a limited quantity of provisions. The weather was very fine and the sea calm, and he was in sight for hours. One of the singular things in this story is the fact that the boy was picked up two days later by a French schoolship and was landed after some months at the Cape of Good Hope.

After weary weeks the brig reached the islands and gave out that she was a trader. She did little trading, however, and when the suspicions of the natives on one island became aroused she sailed for another. At every stop two or three natives were picked up to do the work aboard, and sometimes the whole crew lived ashore for a week or two and let the brig ride at anchor and take care of herself. She was at anchor at one of the Friendly group named Joseph island, and the crew were camped on shore, when one of them, named Hastings, went aboard after something. Being half drunk at the time he fell asleep, and when he awoke it was night and the brig was adrift. Her cable had been weakened by grinding on the coral and had finally parted. This was the man who stood looking over the rail at us when we sighted the brig on that November morning.

The craft drifted to the east with wind and current, and finally entered the south Pacific. All sail had been taken in and Hastings could do nothing to check her drift. She drove as the winds and currents happened to catch her, but mainly to the east. Time and again the lone man contemplated suicide. He no longer cared for rum, and as soon as night had come he was afraid of his own company. There was never a night when he did not hear the boy on the raft hailing him and begging to be taken aboard. Once, driven to distraction by the loneliness of his situation, he leaped overboard, but the thought of being devoured by a shark brought about a reaction, and he rescued himself. He clearly remembered the day and date when the brig went adrift. He had been afloat just sixty-three days when we sighted him. During the first two weeks he had watched the compass and noted the general direction of his drift, but after that he lost all interest. He must have gone to the southeast or he would have brought up among some of the islands of the Paumotu gronp. With a change of wind and current he had been slowly returned south of his track. He was going to the west when we found him.

When asked if he had sighted no sail in his long drift Hastings replied that he had seen half a score, but all afar off. The brig, having no sail set, could have been passed very close without being noticed. Once a ship passed him within two miles, but as all the flags had been taken ashore to decorate the camp he could not set a makeshift signal until too late to attract attention. Now and then he made a flare at night, but nothing ever came of it. He finally gave up all hope, and a week longer would doubtless have driven him to insanity.

We took the brig into port and made a nice bit of salvage money by it, and, as in duty bound, turned Hastings over to the law to deal with. He died, however, before going to trial, and so far as I know none of the other mutineers were ever found and punished, though search was made for them by a man-of-war for several months.

AN EVIL TO BE REMEDIED.

Charles J. Bonapaparte, writing of "Political Corruption in Maryland," in the March number of the Forum, says:—"The cardinal defect lies in the class of men chosen as election officers. It is almost incredible how frequently all considerations of moral character or public credit are disregarded in filling these highly responsible positions. In 1886 two of the judges of election, a few days before they would otherwise have served as such at the polls, committed a murder, for which they are now serving a long term in the penitentiary; and one of the supervisors of elections, when asked whether they would be removed, replied, in substance, that it depended upon whether they were or were not committed to jail. Had they been released on bail, they would have been thought good enough judges of election for Baltimore. Some thirteen such officers were convicted, during the ensuing year, of the grossest frauds in the discharge of their duties."

MEDICAL HINTS.

Cure for Dyspepsia.

As is well known, this troublesome complaint arises from over-eating, the use of too much rich food, neglected constipation, lack of exercise, bad air, etc. The food should be thoroughly chewed and never bolted or swallowed in haste, stimulants must be avoided and exercise taken if possible. A remedy which has rarely failed to give prompt relief and effect permanent cures, even in the most obstinate cases, is Burdock Blood Bitters. It acts by regulating and toning the digestive organs, removing costiveness and increasing the appetite and restoring health and vigor to the system. As a case in point we quote from a letter written by Miss L. A. Kuhn, of Hamilton, Ont.:—"Two years ago life seemed a burden. I could not eat the simplest food without being in dreadful misery in my stomach, under my shoulders and across the back of my neck. Medical advice failed to procure relief, and seeing B. B. B. advertised, I took two bottles of it, and have been entirely free from any symtoms of my complaint since."

This gives very conclusive proof of the efficiency of this wonderful remedy.

Cash Registers for sale by T. N. Hibben & Co.

WALT WHITMAN.

An Autobiographical Tribute.

What Whitman aimed to accomplish may be learned from his own description of his verse and its motive. It is as follows:

It is true of nearly all poets, but particularly true of the minor poets, that they have selected only the delicate things, the mere prettinesses for poetic treatment. The noble Greek poets seemed to think only the gods and their works were worthy of celebration. Shakspeare wrote chiefly of kings, but it has been my favorite idea to give expression to nature as we actually find it—the man, the American man, the laborer, boatman, and mechanic, The great painters were as willing to paint a blacksmith as a lord. Why should the poets only confide themselves to mere sentiment? The theologians to a man teach humility and that the body is the sinful setting of the immortal soul. I wish men to be proud, to be proud of their bodies, to look upon the body as a thing of beauty, too holy to be abused by vice and debauchery.

The fault I have to find with Tennyson, although he is a master of his art, with Longfellow, Whittier, and all the rest, is that they are too much like saints. The work of heaven is not done on the earth by means of saints. Nature is strong and rank; this rankness is seen everywhere; in man; and it is to this strength and rankness that I have endeavored to give voice. It pleases me to think, also, that, if any of my work shall survive, it will be the fellowship in it; the comradeship—friendship is the good old word—the love of my fellow-men. As to the form of my poetry I have rejected the rhymed and blank verse. I have a particular abhorrence of blank verse, but I cling to rhythm; not the outward, regularly measured, short foot, long foot—short foot, long foot—like the walking of a lame man—that I care nothing for. The waves of the sea do not break on the beach, one wave ever so many minutes; the wind does not go jerking through the pine trees, but nevertheless in the roll of the waves and in the soughing of the wind in the tree there is a beautiful rhythm. How monotonous it would become, how tired the ear would get of it, if it were regular! It is this under-melody and rhythm that I have attempted to catch, and years after I have written a line, when I read it to myself, or my friends read it aloud, I think I have found it. It has been quite a trial to myself to destroy some of my own pretty things, but I have rigidly excluded everything of the kind from my books.

HIS TRIBUTE TO LINCOLN.

Among the most popular of Whitman's shorter poems was the following, written after the assassination of President Lincoln:

Oh, captain! my captain! our fearful trip is done;
The ship has weathered every rock, the prize we sought is won;
The port is near, the bells I hear, the people all exulting,
While follow eyes the steady keel, the vessel grim and daring;
But, O heart! heart! heart!
Oh, the bleeding drops of red
Where on the deck my captain lies,
Fallen cold and dead.

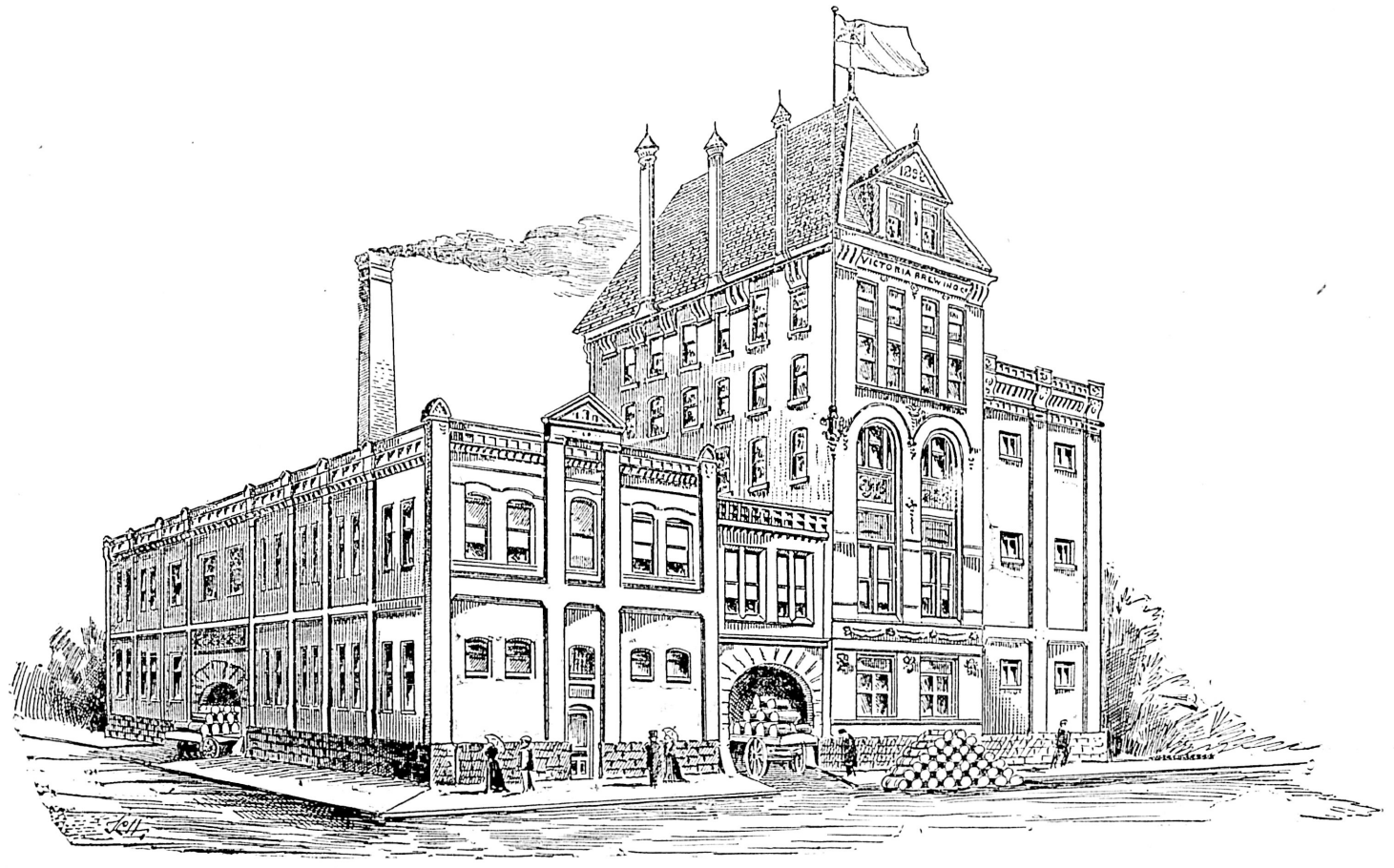
Oh, captain! my captain! rise up and hear the bells;
Rise up—for you the flag is flung, for you the bugle trills;
For you bouquets and ribboned wreaths, for you the shore's a-crowding;
For you they call, the swaying mass, their eager faces turning;
Here, captain! dear father!
This arm beneath your head—
It is some dream that on the deck
You've fallen cold and dead.

My captain does not answer; his lips are pale and still;
My father does not feel my arm, he has nor pulse nor will;
The ship is anchored safe and sound, its voyage is closed and done;
From fearful trip the victor ship comes in with object won;
Exult, O shore! and ring, O bell!
But I, with mourning tread,
Walk the deck where my captain lies
Fallen cold and dead.

EXTOLLED BY EMERSON.

His "Leaves of Grass" was a striking and daring departure in poetical literature. It was greatly admired and as heartily condemned. Emerson was the first to extend the hand of fellowship to the new bard and distinguished literary allies flocked around him. A few months ago in a sketch of Whitman and an analytical study of his works, published in the Century, Mr. Stedman wrote of the "Leaves of Grass:"

His book was eminently one with a purpose, or purposes, to which he has been consistent. First, and chiefly, to assert the "Religion of Humanity"—the mystery and development of man, of woman; the sufficiency of the general plan; the inherent and equal nobility of our organs, instincts, desires; the absolute equality of men, irrespective of birth and training. Secondly, to predict a superb illustration of this development in "These States," the great republic of the present, the pure democracy of the future. Thirdly, to portray an archetypal microcosm, a man embracing in his passionate and ideal sympathy all the joys, sorrows, appetites, virtues, sins, of all men, women, and children—himself being, doing, and suffering with them—and that man Walt Whitman. Finally, and to lay the groundwork for a new era in literature (in his view the most essential stimulant of progress), the "Leaves" were written in contempt of established measures, formal rhymes, stock imagery, and diction—and in a most irregular kind of dithyramb, which left the hack reviewer solely in doubt whether it was verse broken off at haphazard, or prose run mad. Whatever motives led to these results, we must admire the courage of a poet who thus burned his ships behind him, and plunged into a wilderness thenceforth all his own. Various passages of the book were resolutely coarse in their "naturalism," and were thought by some, who perhaps knew little of the author, to reveal his tendencies. It seemed as if certain passions appeared to him more natural, certain sins more venial, than others, and that these were those which he felt to be most obstreperous in his own system—that his creed was adjusted to his personal aptitudes. But many also found in him strength, color, love, and knowledge of nature, and a capacity for lyrical outbursts—the utterance of a genuine poet.



VICTORIA BREWING AND ICE CO.—BUILDING NOW BEING ERECTED.

THE MIDNIGHT VISITOR.

[Walt Whitman.]

"Whose steps are those? Who comes so late?"
"Let me come in, the door unlock.'
"'Tis midnight now; my lonely gate
I open to no stranger's knock.

"Who art thou? Speak!"—Men call me fame;
To immortality I lead."
"Pass, idle phantom of a name."
"Listen again, and now take heed.

"'Twas false. My names are Song, Love, Art.
My poet, now unbar the door."
"Art's dead, Song cannot touch my heart,
My once love's name I chant no more."

"Open then now, for, see, I stand,
Riches my name, with endless gold,
Gold and your wish in either hand."
"Too late—my youth you still withhold."

"Then if it must be, since the door
Stands shut, my last true name to know,
Men call me Death. Delay no more;
I bring the cure of every woe."

The door flies wide. "Ah, guest so wan,
Forgive the poor place where I dwell;
An ice-cold hearth, a heart sick man,
Stand here to welcome thee full well."

NO DOUBT OF IT.

The apathy of married men is astounding. The ladies of an English town recently held a debate, at which the subject of discussion was "Should ladies open their husbands' letters?" The discussion seems to have become very warm, indeed; in the course of which one young and innocent maiden timidly ventured to state she thought that ladies should not open their husbands' letters, and characterized such a proceeding as "inquisitive, unwomanly, and improper." All the matrons present immediately sat upon her, and one stern, Minerva-like lady proposed an amendment, to the effect "that ladies were perfectly and legally justified in opening their husbands' letters, and also in making the fullest inquiries into all their business transactions." This was carried by an overwhelming majority. One would like to know if matrimony is popular down that way, and how many of the down-trodden sex get their letters addressed to their clubs. Meanwhile, may one remind ladies of the instructive little fable in which one Blue Beard once figured?

SCIENCE IN A RESTAURANT.

In a city restaurant, not far from Government street, a gentleman of scientific turn of mind and possessed of a sharp, penetrating voice, raised a commotion the other day, which came near resulting in a riot. The scientific man was seated at a table with a spectacled epicurean, who had wine and many tempting dishes before him and was doing justice to them all. Only a cold glass of ice-water and a huge slice of meringue pie decorated the plate in front of the ascetic disciple of science. He took a robust mouthful of pie, washed it down with ice-water and spoke as follows to his companion:—"Yes, sir, science has pronounced against the average consumer of alcoholic liquids. Your system becomes saturated with the alcohol, and no medicine can have its full effect upon your system. Your moderate drinker is more in danger than the man who goes on occasional big sprees, for the latter, when he sobers up, throws off the alcoholic effects and his system resumes its normal condition. Now that claret wine you are drinking will shorten your life. You are now forty years old, you say. Without alcohol you would live until you reach the ripe old age of seventy. As it is, you will probably die before you are sixty."

The decree pronounced against the longevity of the epicurean was delivered in a penetrating voice and distinctly heard by a dozen others eating in the restaurant. They all kept their ears open to hear the *pronunciamiento* of the stern man of science, who continued: "Tea is the least harmful of the beverages, because it does not quicken the heart's action to any appreciable degree. It may not shorten a life more than a week. Now that man over there drinking black coffee so copiously is cutting off seven years of his life. He looks healthy and does not suspect the insidious action of coffee." The man who was drinking black coffee ceased to drink and listened. "California wine is no better, no safer than imported wines, because it has alcohol in it," continued the sage. "That stout man drinking white California wine, under ordinary circumstances, might attain the age of fifty-nine or sixty, but if he lives to be fifty-one years old I would be willing to give him all I possess. And as for beer"—four beer drinkers about to quaff the Gambrinus liquid heard and paused—"why, it is the enemy of long life and shortens a healthy man's existence by twelve years. I say twelve years, because beer drinkers are heavy drinkers."

The remarks were all distinctly heard, and the clatter of knives and forks ceased. Each man was meditating upon the number of years he was cutting off, and his appetite had shrunk to small proportions. "Now, my brother Tom believes in the saying, eat, drink, and be merry, for to-morrow you may die. He is healthy, athletic, and strong, and should live to be ninety, but he will probably experience dissolution at seventy-two, losing eighteen useful years. I've remonstrated with him in vain. His philosophy is all wrong."

The man who had been drinking the black coffee yelled out: "Say, how long do you expect to live, Mr. Philosopher?" A dozen voices then chimed in chorus, "Yes, tell us."

"Why, until I am very old, perhaps ninety, and I shall go out quietly like a candle that has burned to the socket," triumphantly replied the scientific philosopher.

"You never will reach fifty," said a guest, "for any man who drinks ice water every day and eats nothing but pastry for lunch, is simply inviting disease to enter and begin its mortuary work. Remember, ice water is the friend of unhappiness and pie is the boon companion of indigestion."

Loud laughter followed, and the philosopher was disconcerted. The restaurant keeper, who is a Frenchman, had begun to understand the import of the conversation as being against the consumption of wines, beer, and black coffee, and came to the front in true Gallic style:—"Ze wine is blood, ze beer make ze flesh and ze cafe is ze brain food. Ze ice water and ze pie——" with one hand he knocked a pitcher of ice water to the floor and with the other he threw a plate of pie out of the window. The action showed he was against the scientific man, and the latter, lighting a long, thin cigar, strolled leisurely out, remarking at the door: "That Frenchman, by his excitement, will cut short his life thirty years at the least. Excitement as a steady diet is worse than alcohol."

BUSINESS CARDS.

GEO. W. FUGGLE
Pianoforte Maker and Tuner.
VIOLINS, MANDOLINS AND GUITARS REPAIRED
Three years with Goodwin & Co. Orders left at factory, 76 Princess Ave., also at Jamieson's Bookstore, next Post Office. mc13 tf

ASSAYS AND ANALYSIS OF ORES
W. PELLEW HARVEY
GOLDEN, · BRITISH COLUMBIA
1881-1885—With Messrs. Vivian & Sons, Swansea.
1885-1890—Chief Assayer and Chemist to John F. Penrose & Sims, Assayers to the Rio Tinto Co., etc., Cornwall.
Price card on application. mc12

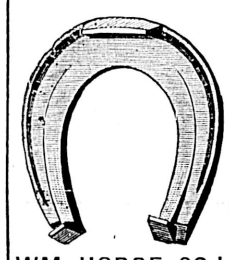
JOSEPH SEARS,
DEALER IN
Paints, Oils, Colors, Varnishes,
Brushes, Window Glass, Plate Glass, Wall Paper, etc.
114 YATES STREET.
de2-12m


FLOWER POTS
From Glasgow, Scotland.
BEST MADE.
J. W. KELLER,
Corner Yates & Quadra Streets.
ap8 6m

POODLE DOG
Hotel and Restaurant.
LOUIS MARBOEUF, PROP.
OPEN ALL NIGHT.
je23-1m

USE
Benton County Flour
HUDSON BAY COMPANY,
Sole Agents for British Columbia. ja28tf

—FOR—
FLOWERING -:- PLANTS
—AND—
CUT FLOWERS
Go to J. PONT, on the Burnside Road; also at Disher & Campbell's, grocers, 81 Douglas St., and A. C. C. Stratford's, City Market. mc9-1m


Horse Shoeing
TWENTY YEARS EXPERIENCE.
Satisfaction Guaranteed.
WM. HODGE, 92 Johnson St.
w-f-su

THE
JAPANESE BAZAAR
MAKE YOUR
GARDENS AND HOUSES CHARMING
Buy and plant at once
JAPAN LILY BULBS
Dwarf Shrubs, Chestnut, Persimmon, Cherry Trees and
Double - Tree - Pæonies
Just imported in fine condition by
T. S. FUTCHER,
41 FORT STREET, VICTORIA, B. C.
ja30

McLENNAN & McFEELY
—HAVE—
REMOVED
—TO—
Helmcken Block.
Cor. Government and Johnson Sts.
WITH A COMPLETE LINE OF
HOUSE FURNISHING GOODS,
BLUE AND WHITE WARE,
CUTLERY, LAMPS,
JUBILEE RANGES,
COOKING STOVES,
GAS & ELECTRIC FIXTURES
mc11-1m

THE WESTERN MILLING CO.,
(LIMITED.)
REGINA, ASSA.,
DEALERS IN
SEED AND FEED GRAIN
OF ALL KINDS, ALSO
Flour, Chop Feed, Bran & Shorts
PARTIES REQUIRING
SEED OR FEED OATS OR WHEAT
WILL DO WELL TO
CORRESPOND WITH US.
mc29)

YICK LUNG & Co.
Intelligence Bureau, Grocer and Tailor. All kinds of Chinese and Japanese labor supplied. Cooks a specialty. Contracts taken. 31 Fisguard street. mc15-1m

The Westside.
The Westside.
The Westside.
The Westside.
The Westside.
The Westside.
The Westside.
The Westside.
The Westside.
The Westside.
The Westside.
The Westside.

SPRING 1892.

We have much pleasure in informing the Ladies of Victoria that we are now fully prepared to meet all demands for Spring Goods. Although we have not visited the Leading Markets, this year, our representatives have been there and secured the latest productions of the Markets of England, France and Germany, all selected with the greatest care for the requirements of our trade. The public can depend on the values being right, as all goods are purchased on the most advantageous terms.

Mantles, Jackets and Capes. We have always made this a LEADING DEPARTMENT, and this year we are showing a larger assortment than ever. We have already received TWO SHIPMENTS and will continue to receive shipments from time to time as the LATEST NOVELTIES appear. SHOWROOM ON SECOND FLOOR.

DRESS - GOODS. Special attention is called to our range of SPRING DRESS GOODS which is now complete and comprises a large and varied assortment. We are not showing any extravagant designs this year, the NEWEST and MOST FASHIONABLE GOODS being plain undecided patterns. The range includes the following:—Plain Henriettas, Serges, Beges, Cashmeres, Bedford Cords, Nuns' Cloths, Crepon Cloth, Tweeds and Fancy Dress Goods. A large assortment in costume pieces—NO TWO ALIKE.

SILKS, :: BLACK. In Gro Grains, Cachemne, Faille, Francais, Bengaline, Ottoman, Georia, Surah, Moire, Satin Duchesse, Broche, Pongee, Pongor, etc.

SILKS, COLORED. All the NEWEST SHADES for evening wear, in Surah, Bengaline, China, Satins, Figured Pongees, Pongor, Crepe, etc., etc.

DRESS : TRIMMINGS. A special importation direct from PARIS, in Passementeries and Cheffons—a beautiful assortment, imported specially for our DRESSMAKING DEPARTMENT.

LADIES FASHIONABLE WATERPROOFS AND DUST CLOAKS. Newmarkets, Empress Fredericks, Imperials and many other styles.

BLOUSES and VASSAR SHIRTS. THE LATEST STYLES.

STAPLE : DEP'T. Seven cases just opened. Towels, Towelling, Sideboard Covers, Tray Cloths, Table Cloths, Napkins, Doylies, Bath Blankets, Flannels, and everything required in this Department.

CHALLIES, SATEENS, &c. Prints, Albert Twills, Cheviot Suitings, Printed Flannelettes, Teazles, Challies, Printed Sateens, Princess Cloths, Zephyrs.

TOURISTS' WRAPS. Heavy Steamer Wraps, Ladakh Shawls and Shawls of every description.

Dressmaking :: Department. MISS MORRISON, of Montreal, has charge of this Department, and will maintain our reputation for HIGH CLASS WORK.

Sunshades, Parasols and Umbrellas. A Large consignment just to hand, will be opened on MONDAY.

Laces, Frillings, Embroidery, Veiling, Ribbons, Gloves, Hosiery, Etc., Etc.

Every Department fully assorted with Goods for the Spring and Summer Seasons.

J. HUTCHESON & CO.

J. HUTCHESON & CO.
J. HUTCHESON & CO.
J. HUTCHESON & CO.
J. HUTCHESON & CO.
J. HUTCHESON & CO.
J. HUTCHESON & CO.
J. HUTCHESON & CO.
J. HUTCHESON & CO.
J. HUTCHESON & CO.
J. HUTCHESON & CO.
J. HUTCHESON & CO.
J. HUTCHESON & CO.

M'GEE AND M'GAW.

Billy McGaw he was foolish and free,
But wise and exclusive was Billy McGee;
Bill McGee was a fellow of law,
But a child of disorder was Billy McGaw;
And there rolled a social impassable sea
Twixt poor Billy McGaw and wise Billy McGee.

But they were both born by the same human law.
Were wise Billy McGee and poor Billy McGaw;
Poor old Billy McGaw the one used to be,
And the other the Honorable William McGee;
Billy McGee was without fleck or flaw,
While a bundle of follies was Billy McGaw.

Let us pity them both. By fate's merciless laws.
All are Billy McGees and Billy McGaws;
'Tis a toss at our birth which one we shall be,
Poor Billy McGaw or wise Billy McGee;
And often through life there's perpetual war
'Twixt one's Billy McGee and one's Billy McGaw.

SCOTTISH INDUSTRIAL ART ASSOCIATION.

Last night, the Scottish Industrial Art Association entered into possession of its new room in the National Portrait Gallery, Queen Street, and the occasion was marked by a very successful meeting. Mr. Peter Morrison, president of the Association, occupied the chair, and there was a numerous attendance of ladies and gentlemen. In opening the proceedings, the Chairman said a very high honour and privilege had been conferred on the Association by the trustees of the National Portrait Gallery in granting the members that beautiful lecture-room in which to hold their meetings. He did not think the Association could repay the trustees in a better way for their kindness than by increasing the membership and by extending the objects the Association had in view. He was sure the trustees of the Gallery would be pleased to think that by granting the Association the use of one of their rooms, they would be the means of promoting industry, art, and invention. (Applause.) A great honor had also been conferred on the Association by the Town Council, which had voted to it £10 out of the grant in their hands for the promotion of technical education. The Secretary (Mr. W. B. Keddie) having intimated a number of apologies, Mr. J. H. Ford, Holyrood Glass Works, was called upon to present diplomas of honor to a number of ladies and gentlemen who had assisted in the promotion of the objects of the Association, and diplomas to members for work done during the past year. Before doing so, Mr. Ford expressed regret that Lord M'Laren had not been able to be present to deliver an address as had been expected, and took occasion to congratulate the Association upon the display of work which had been brought together that night. Among those who received the diploma of honor were—Mrs. Saxby, Mrs. Burnett Smith, ("Annie S. Swan"). Mr. Edward Mather, Mr. R. E. Wallace, Miss E. A. M'Hardy, Miss Ancrum, and Mr. E. S. Shaw. The diploma of honorary membership was conferred upon Miss Mary M'Hardy, Professor Dyer, Glasgow, and Sheriff Campbell Smith. Mrs. Saxby afterwards handed to the successful competitors several prizes given by herself and Mrs. Brunett Smith for original essays on subjects connected with the objects of the Association. In presenting these prizes, Mrs. Saxby said she was a member of a great many Associations, and none of them interested her more than the Scottish Industrial Art Association. The Association seemed to have been formed for the express purpose of finding the beauty that lay in hard work. Applause. Miss Burton and several others addressed the meeting, at the close of which those present had an opportunity of inspecting the specimens of members' work with which the room was decorated. These were very numerous, and they made a most interesting display.

BADLY SOLD.

Dr. Brunton, in an address lately reported in the London Lancet, was cautioning his hearers—the members of a medical society—against hastily expressed opinions as to the nature of patients' diseases, and emphasized his warning by two professional anecdotes. He was once present at a clinic, the subject of which was a man evidently suffering from some disease of the heart. An unnatural murmuring sound could be heard from that organ, and the pupil of one of his eyes was very much dilated. The peculiar appearance of the eye seemed to have some connection with the cardiac affection, but various opinions were expressed by the different students as to what the precise nature of this relation could be. The discussion was just becoming interesting, when the patient remarked that his strange-looking eye was made of glass! At another clinic, the professor in charge was discussing learnedly about the importance of attending to minor symptoms.

"Now, gentlemen," he said, "in case of this woman here, certain things could be confidently affirmed from the condition of her teeth." He was proceeding to particularize, but just then the patient broke in upon him. "Please, sir," she said, as she took out her teeth, "I will hand them round; the young gentlemen might like to look at them closer."

COULD'NT PLACE HIM.

Remarkable stories are told of the gift which many public characters have for remembering the names and faces of comparatively unimportant persons. It may be consoling to persons who lack this pleasant faculty that they have distinguished company. Mr. Joseph Jefferson has difficulty in remembering names. He told this story to a friend: "I was coming down in the elevator of the Stock Exchange building, and, at one of the intermediate floors, a man whose face I knew as well as I know yours got in. He greeted me very warmly at once, said it was a number of years since we had met, and was very gracious and friendly. But I couldn't place him for the life of me. I asked him, as a sort of a feeler, how he happened to be in New York, and he answered, with a touch of surprise, that he had lived there for several years. Finally I told him, in an apologetic, way, that I couldn't recall his name. He looked at me for a moment, and then he said, very quietly, that his name was U. S. Grant." "What did you do, Joe?" his friend asked. "Do?" he replied, with a characteristic smile. "Why, I got out at the next floor, for fear I should be fool enough to ask him if he had ever been in the war!"

THE GERMAN PRESS PROSECUTIONS.

An obliging correspondent at Berlin gives currency to the statement that the German Emperor disapproves of the prosecutions of those seven or eight papers which presumed to comment on his Imperial Majesty's Brandenburg speech. He adds that neither the Chancellor nor the Minister of Justice knew of them beforehand. It only remains to explain that the public prosecutors, in whose names these proceedings were begun, were not personally consulted about them. The law would have been set in motion by their managing clerks, but as all the clerks were just then taking their holidays, the true author of the prosecutions was the office boy, and he has run away and cannot be found. It is not alleged, however, that any of the prosecutions have been quashed. What we are told is that they would be withdrawn if some responsible Minister would say he disapproved of them. The responsible Minister has thus far omitted to make this remark.—N. Y. Tribune.

THE FATHER OF PYTHIANISM.

How he Became Inspired and Organized the Noble Order.

Justus Henry Rathbone, founder and past supreme chancellor of the Knights of Pythias was born in the town of Deerfield, Oneida county, N. Y., October 29, 1839. His father, Justus Hull Rathbone, was a prominent lawyer in the City of Utica, and his mother Sarah Elizabeth Dwight, was a lineal descendant of Jonathan Edwards. In 1857, the future founder of the order went to the copper regions on Lake Superior, and while teaching school at Eagle Harbor, Michigan, during the fall and winter of 1858-59, first conceived the idea of the Knights of Pythias and wrote the ritual, taking as his basis John Banim's play, which had been sent him as stage manager of an amateur dramatic association. He had previously seen the play acted, but was never struck with its peculiar fitness for a fraternal secret society until reading it over alone in the little schoolroom at the Harbor. It was entirely by chance that it reached him he having written for plays that contained the fewest female characters, as talent to take these parts was extremely scarce in the wild and sparsely settled peninsula of Keweemaw. He was but nineteen years of age at this time, and was not a member of any secret society. After completing the three ranks of the ritual he folded the manuscript and laid it away, telling no one what he had done. At the breaking out of the war, he, with others, formed a company of volunteers, but on account of some informality it was not accepted by the governor, and its members subsequently enlisted in other portions of the State. The death of his father about the same time, caused the young pedagogue to return East, and while on a visit to his only sister at Germantown, Pa., he entered the United States service and became clerk of the hospital at that place, Robert Allen Champion being chief stewart of the institution. To him Brother Rathbone first communicated the fact that he had written the Knights of Pythias ritual. Brother Champion thought very well of it, and advised that when a favorable opportunity offered an attempt should be made to organize a new society. This opportunity arrived shortly after both were transferred to Washington. There, on Monday evening, February 15, 1864, in Brother Champion's room, in the house No. 369 F street, near the corner of Ninth, Brother Rathbone first obligated Robert Allen Champion, E. S. Kimball, David L. Burnett and W. H. Burnett, and read to them the ritual. It was decided to form the first lodge exclusively among the clerks in the departments, and an adjournment was taken to Friday evening, February 19, at which time the Arion Glee Club (of which all but Mr. Champion were members) was to have a meeting for rehearsal in one of the lower rooms of Temperance Hall, on E street, between Ninth and Tenth. The rehearsal was held early, and after it was over, those present, by invitation, (all clerks in the department except J. T. K. Plant), were obligated on a small bible given Brother Rathbone by his mother (a book which he presented to the Supreme Lodge in 1876), and formed Washington Lodge No. 1, Knights of Pythias.

We read of knightly deeds of yore
With swelling hearts and kindling eyes.
Though glory's wath was red with gore,
And beauty's hand bestowed the prize.
And every nerve thrills in accord
With valiant knights who bore the cross
So proudly 'gainst the Paynim horde
And counted life as little loss.

But though no more those mail clad forms,
With visors closed, move sternly on
In knightly lists or battle storms,
Till life is lost or victory won;
And gauntlets thrown by heralds gay
No more precede to deadly strife,
As valiant hearts are found to-day,
As ever fought for maid or wife.

We see them scorn the murderous fire
From batteries massed in grim array,
Defy contagion's breath so dire,
Where thousands death's behests obeyed;
Man life boats from a rock ribbed shore
With souls that know no doubt or fear,
And launch them mid the breakers' roar,
When minute guns at night they hear.

Within our castle halls are taught
The lessons ancient knighthood prized;
Friendship, that counted death as nought,
Or tortures tyrants whims devised:
With charity with those who failed
The highest standard to attain,
The giving alms when want assailed;
Or kindly watch by beds of pain.

Skill to avoid all treacherous snares,
By which the unwary oft are bound;
Courage, that deadly danger dares,
And treads as shadows of the pround:
With tender love and watchful care
For faithful wife or children dear;
With patience every ill to bear;
Where craven souls would chill with fear.

Honor, that keeps our shields so bright,
No slanderous tongue can dim their rays;
Faith that our brothers passed from sight,
Still join our kneeling song of praise;
Firm trust, that on the shining shore,
When earthly ordeals are passed,
Each worthy knight, his trials o'er
Shall find eternal rest at last.

—Pythian Advocate.

There is a story told of Grammont, who one day dined in state with Charles the Second of England. Charles bade the count to notice that he was served upon the knee, a mark of respect to guests of the king not common at other courts. "I thank your majesty for the explanation," answered Grammont. "I thought they were begging pardon for giving you so bad a dinner."

Housekeepers, refurnishing in the spring, would not fail to call at Weiler Bros., 51 o 55 Fort street. *

UNITED STATES NAVAL WEAKNESS

The outbreak of war with Chili would have disclosed the weakness of the country. Before an army could have been transported from California to Valparaiso, a fleet of transports would have been required, and owing to the decline of the American commercial marine these would not have been available. No maritime nation can be considered in a proper state of preparation for war, offensive or defensive, unless it has a fleet of fast merchant steamers which can be converted into an auxiliary navy. If hostilities had arisen Chili would have employed the fine vessels of its national line as cruisers and transports, and the United States would have had no merchant vessels on the Pacific seaboard equal to them for war purposes. If there should be a similar emergency on the Atlantic side, there would be no merchant fleet under the American flag available in a war with any European maritime power. If an army, moreover, had been sent to Chili and the American naval resources had been concentrated in that quarter for active operations and blockade duty, the California coast would have been defenceless, San Francisco exposed to attack from the most formidable Chilian warships, and the Atlantic ports without adequate means of resisting long-range fire from such battle-ships as the Prat. Coast defence would become an issue of paramount importance in any foreign war. It has seemed impracticable during the last decade to arouse public interest in this question or to secure wise and comprehensive action from Congress upon it. A great nation, with unprotected cities on three seaboards, invites war by its lack of preparation for it.—New York Tribune.

RUSSIAN FAMINE.

A lady writes as follows concerning the distress in the government of Kazan:—"The distress here is terrible. In the village of Temerifika I found in one hut a family consisting of a mother with four children, all perfectly naked, and in other cottages the occupants were merely draped in a few rags. The scarcity of fuel is so great that the poor wretches cut away the woodwork in their cottages bit by bit for fuel. All the cottages I have visited were completely empty. In the village of Kolokomsky I found seven men so emaciated with hunger that they could not stand on their feet, and when I gave them bread they threw themselves upon it with such avidity that I feared they would choke themselves. Hunger-typhus is spreading everywhere.

THE USE OF GLASSES.

Those persons who find it necessary to hold any object nearer than fourteen inches from their eyes, and who find that their eyes become dry and itching on reading, need glasses.

Persons under forty years of age should not wear glasses until the accommodating power of the eye has been suspended and the exact state of refraction determined by a competent opthalmic surgeon. The spectacle glasses sold by pedlars generally are hurtful to the eyes of those who read much, as the lenses are made of inferior sheet glass, and not systematically ground. No matter how perfectly the lenses may be made, unless they are mounted in a suitable frame and properly placed before the eye discomforts will arise from their prolonged use.

Person holding objects too near the face endanger the safety of their eyes and incur the risk of becoming near sighted.

The near sighted eye is an unsound eye and should be fully corrected with a glass, notwithstanding the fact that it may need no aid for reading. The proper time to begin wearing glasses is just as soon as the eyes tire on being subjected to prolonged use.—Detroit Free Press.

A LADY.

No lady who is rude to her servants, who gets into rages and abuses them, will ever win the mysterious and difficult title. Again, no lady who is hail-fellow-well-met with her servants, who chaffs them, or who makes friends with them too obviously, can obtain it. That sort of lady may be liked, may be loved indeed, but she will not be called perfect. "A very pleasant-spoken lady," "as good-tempered a lady as ever lived," or possibly "a very familiar lady"—a somewhat Malapropian expression in occasional use—but not "a perfect lady."

A perfect lady means, then, a lady who keeps to her own place—or what is considered to be her place by those who use the words. She is a lady who lets it clearly be seen that she is incapable of doing anything for herself that a servant can possibly do for her, whether it be putting on coals or tidying a room, who is always somewhat expensively dressed, who keeps perfectly calm and self-possessed whatever accidents happen, who is coldly polite to her inferiors, and yet never rude, and who, in fact, treats her household as if they were made of a different clay. This is the perfect lady. Truly a not very interesting or amiable figure.—The Spectator.

NOT COMPLIMENTARY.

The following anecdote was told by a New York lady to a Sun reporter: Our butler has an exalted admiration for my husband, and, the other day, he came to me and said: "Mrs. Blank, I do think Mr. Blank is the handsomest man I ever did see. I looked at him a-goin' down the steps this morning, an' I says to myself, 'There ain't a better-lookin' man in New York city than Mr. Blank.' So then I asked him: "James, what do you suppose induced Mr. Blank to marry so homely a woman as I am?" He looked at me for a moment, and then replied, solemnly: "Mrs. Blank, it was God's will!"

In a recent volume of reminiscences, a story is told of Lord Grosvenor, who, while traveling in this country, was asked by a Yankee how he got his living. My lord replied that he did not work, as his father supported him. "What a dear old gentleman," said the Yankee; "how will you ever manage to live when he dies?"

MICROBES AND CARPETS.

In our endeavor to be comfortable in this vale of tears there is a tendency to overlook the elementary laws of hygiene, and in no respect, perhaps, more so than in the superabundance of curtains and carpets—those non-patented contrivances for hindering the free circulation of fresh air and stultifying nature's automatic arrangements for the deodorisation and disinfection of our homes. Carpets are always objectionable when they are not designed to permit of easy removal for cleansing purposes without the necessity of turning a room topsy-turvy. In most houses the houses the carpet only comes up once a year, by which time it is as full of microbes and accumulated filth as its interstices will allow. No wonder, then, if our rooms preserve a musty smell in spite of periodical opening of windows and vigorous sweepings, which only displace a portion of the dust to settle promptly elsewhere in some less accessible spot. Fixed carpets are even more objectionable and unwholesome in bedrooms, for there they absorb the fetid emanations of the night, and soak up various decomposable materials for future use. The ideal would be a polished wooden floor garnished with rugs in sufficient number to give an aspect and feeling of comfort, while admitting of easy exposure to the salutary influence of air and light. Rugs, carpets, and curtains ought to be frequently hung up in the fresh air if they are to remain sweet, not once a month or year, but twice or thrice a week, if not oftener. At this price only can we hope to deprive confined spaces of their native unwholesomeness, and the sooner housewives lay this maxim to their hearts and act upon it the better.—Hospital Gazette.

UNAPPRECIATED.

Lord Lytton was seated one day at dinner next to a lady whose name was Birch, and who, tradition says, was beautiful if not over-intelligent. Said she to his excellency: "Are you acquainted with any of the Birches?" Replied his excellency: "Oh, yes, I knew some of them most intimately while at Eton; indeed, more intimately than I cared to." "Sir," replied the lady, "you forget that the Birches are relatives of mine." "And yet cut me," said the viceroy; "but," and he smiled his wonted smile, "I have never felt more inclined to kiss the rod than I do now." Mrs. Birch, sad to say, did not see the point, and so the gossips have it, told her husband that his excellency had insulted her.

WELL FIXED.

The estate of the late President Grevy of France now proves to be worth $1,400,000. The Paris residence in the Avenue d'Jena, now inhabited by Mme. Grevy and the Wilson family, with the grounds attached, is valued at $400,000. The bulk of the ex-president's money was invested in English consols and Russian, Belgian, and American securities. For many years he was earning from $50,000 to $60,000 a year; but he lived in a modest apartment he had occupied while yet a mere lawyer, and kept no carriage.

Special to THE COLONIST.]

CONQUERING CATS.

M. Quad Tells of a Town That was Dying for Feline Pets.

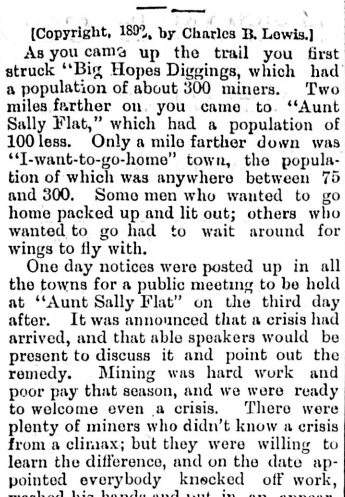
Their Tour Westward and the Adventures that Befell them—The Arizona Kicker.

[Copyright, 1892, by Charles B. Lewis.]

As you came up the trail you first struck "Big Hopes Diggings, which had a population of about 300 miners. Two miles farther on you came to "Aunt Sally Flat," which had a population of 100 less. Only a mile farther down was "I-want-to-go-home" town, the population of which was anywhere between 75 and 300. Some men who wanted to go home packed up and lit out; others who wanted to go had to wait around for wings to fly with.

One day notices were posted up in all the towns for a public meeting to be held at "Aunt Sally Flat" on the third day after. It was announced that a crisis had arrived, and that able speakers would be present to discuss it and point out the remedy. Mining was hard work and poor pay that season, and we were ready to welcome even a crisis. There were plenty of miners who didn't know a crisis from a climax; but they were willing to learn the difference, and on the date appointed everybody knocked off work, washed his hands and put in an appearance. If any one expected to hear that the time had come to declare war against England, march into Mexico or demand that Uncle Sam furnish us fresh butter he was disappointed.

Colonel Bill Taylor was one of the "able speakers," and he began with the landing of the Pilgrims and scaled down to "Aunt Sally Flat," and announced that we must import 500 cats as soon as possible or prepare to abandon the neighborhood. We were not only being overrun by rats and mice, and every man was homesick for the presence of a cat. If 500 women could not be induced to come out and marry us and make our homes happy, then get 500 cats. Women first—cats a good second. A grimalkin on the hearthstone, after the toil of the day, would remind us of home, soften up our hearts and make better men of us. Without the refining influence of cats none of us could hope to reach that better land. Cats—longtailed or bobtailed, striped or spotted—but we must have cats.



PLENTY OF CATS.

He was followed by Judge Hopkins, who acknowledged in a sneaking sort of way that he would rather see the old family cat than his wife and seven children. He wanted a cat to hold on his knee as he sat and looked into the fire and called up recollections of days gone by. He wanted to stroke her fur and hear the p-u-r-r-r-r, which would bring up a vision of an idiot setting out from his farm in Ohio to slash around among the mountains of the west with a pickaxe and a backache. The judge wept as he talked of home; he wept still harder as he talked of cats. Give him a cat and he would live on and not care a cent whether school kept or not. The old oaken bucket, a smokehouse, a pig pen, a barrel of soft soap, any of these would gladden and cheer and encourage, but only temporarily. He didn't want 500 women to come out there, as his wife would be sure to be one of the drove, but he did want cats, and he wouldn't be cautious about the color.

Other speakers followed in the same strain, and it was finally voted to contribute a purse and send a man east for cats. No contribute—no cats. On their arrival each cat was to become currency, representing ten dollars. Any attempt to discount was to be considered the same as murder in the second degree. As I had a broken arm and was laying off, the choice fell upon me to go east, collect the cats and lead them into the promised land. In due time I struck Leavenworth. In two days I cleaned that town up so thoroughly that for six months afterward the owner of a cat was too stuck up to be mayor. Then I went to Atchison and secured everthing down to a kitten which had just got its right eye open. They still insist that I set that town back five years by my fiendish expedition. St. Joe was bed rock. I took 322 cats out of that town behind a two mule team, and was out of range before the terror stricken people had recovered their presence of mind. It is firmly believed in St. Joe to-day that but for me there would have been no Chicago or Kansas City. Real estate had declined 20 per cent. before I got across the Missouri.

When I finally left Topeka I had 606 cats. There was only one left in the state of Kansas, and she was blind in one eye and dying with old age. I had two wagons fitted with cages and had two tender hearted men employed to help me care for the cargo. I started with an emigrant train, but after the first night out the people threatened my life and I had to cut loose. The cats were quiet during the day, but as soon as night fell it seemed as if the front gates of pandemonium had been swung wide open and a prize chromo offered. Strong men turned gray haired that night, and next morning three innocent children were buried in one grave.

When near the Colorado line we were attacked by hostile Indians. They had been hovering about during the afternoon, and as night fell they gathered to reap the harvest of scalps. There seemed to be about 400 of them, all imbued with a great deal of enthusiam, and they had closed in for business when a Leavenworth tomcat happened to look cross-eyed at a chap from St. Joe and a row was the consequence. In one minute after time was called 606 cats, of all ages, sizes and colors, and each with a voice strictly his own, began singing out. It was a calm, still night—just the sort of a night to be scalped by Indians—and the row in the wagons could have been heard five miles. We heard the chief calling out to his warriors not to be alarmed, and not to desert their country in her hour of peril, but he couldn't hold them. They fell over each other in their haste to get away and scalp some tenderfoots camped twelve miles to the north of us, and we were not again molested. These same Indians afterward warning their esteemed contemporaries that we were "bad medicine" and would steal tomahawks off a dead warrior's grave and to have nothing to do with us. It was a mean piece of business, but you can't expect much good of an Indian.

One day we drew near "Big Hopes" diggings. Everybody in the three towns dressed up in his best and came out to welcome the conquering hero and the cats. Every man who had two shirts tied one of them to a pole for a flag. Every one who could yell did so. Only eleven cats had died of grief *en route*, and there was still a cat apiece. Speeches were made and a quartette sang, "I Want to Be an An Angel." Men who had never exhibited the slightest emotion, even when accidentally struck with a pickax, now wiped tears from their eyes. We went into town with men cheering, mules braying, flags waving and cats yowling, and it was unanimously

Resolved, That we celebrate the day; that after the celebration is over we divide up the cats.

We celebrated. There were three barrels of "celebration" rolled out, and no one was excused. Next morning we crawled out to divide up, but there was nothing to divide. Some boozy idiot had opened all the cages during the night, and every cat was gone. Some were making for Pike's peak—others were on their way to Leavenworth to renew old ties. We spent a week tracking one old Tom who was undecided which route to take, but he gave us the dodge and we packed up and abandoned the country. We knew that luck was agin us.

THE ARIZONA KICKER.

WE CHANGED IT.—While we were over at Lone Tree the other day, Steve Watson wanted us to marry him to a girl named Ramson, who has been living in the family of Major Hastings. We knew we couldn't do it as editor, but we were not so certain in our capacity as mayor. We finally agreed to take the chances on it if Steve and the girl would, and the result was that they were made one. We used the regular form followed by clergymen, but put in a proviso that if Steve ever stopped his subscription to our paper the marriage should be considered null and void. Until we have time to look up the law in the case we will marry any and every couple appearing before us for that object, charging only one year's cash subscription to THE KICKER. If it transpires later on that we had no authority the ceremony can be gone through with elsewhere or things left as they stand, but the subscription must be considered a go. Please call at the mayor's office between 2 and 4 in the afternoon.

CARD OF THANKS.—The undersigned takes this method of returning his heartfealt thanks to the fifty or more citizens who gathered on Thursday evening with the intention of pulling him up to a limb, bui who courteously and patiently listened to his explanations and finally decided to give him one more show:

I came to this town under false pretenses, as I hereby publicly admit. I claimed to be a bad man from the Bad Lands, and expected to sort o' run things. I am not a bad man, but only a weak imitation. Instead of having killed five men, as I publicly boasted, I have never even shot at one. As I stated to the vigilance committee, I struck the wrong town, and instead of trying to play bad man any longer I am going to work. I will put in ten hours a day at any sort of labor for six dollars a week, and I trust that I may in time secure the respect and good will of the gentlemen who so kindly refrained from pulling on the other end of the rope. My two guns and my bowie knife are for sale cheap, as I have no further use for them.

HANK SCOTT.
Ex-Bad Man from the Bad Lands.

TALLY AGAIN.—Recognizing the fact that this town has done much for THE KICKER, and feeling deeply grateful and desiring to show our appreciation in a substantial manner, we have purchased in the east and shall present to the town a hand fire engine of latest pattern. At the present date the sole outfit of our fire department consists of a stepladder and an old tin pail, and we are at the mercy of the devouring element. We are no alarmist, but we must confess that our slumbers have been nightly disturbed by visions of red tongued flames licking their



LET HIM SHOOT.

fiendish course up and down Apache avenue—devouring saloon after saloon, wiping out one poker room after another, attacking one edifice after another, until the heavens for miles round were lighted with the baleful glare of a conflagration full of disaster to our appalled and helpless citizens.

Our present will be named after our paper. We are not as thoroughly posted as we hope to be on the subject of fire engines, but we venture the statement that this one is full jeweled, return flues, patent cylidersand copper-bottomed nand that every citizen of the town will be proud of it. We understand that his honor the mayor (who is ourself) will soon issue a call for a public meeting to organize a fire company. We suggest that he be made chief of the fire department, while we hereby announce our readiness to serve as foreman if elected. The engine is expected to arrive in about four weeks.

IT'S OUR WAY.—As our contemporary has only 460 circulation and is often obliged to come out on a half sheet or skip publication altogether, what he says regarding us has no opportunity to reach the public. For this reason, and because we are kind hearted by nature, we permit him to use our columns this week as follows, and make no charge whatever:

We hereby announce to the public, and have documentary evidence to prove our allegations, that the editor of The Kicker followed the traffic of body snatching for more than five years in the state of Ohio, and that he escaped from Joliet while he had yet two years to serve. We further add that we have armed ourself to shoot him on sight.

EDITOR BIG BONANZA.

As to his charges, they are chestnuts two years old, and will only make people smile. As to his shooting us, he has tried it on five different times and miserably failed. We will stand up against a wall and let him shoot six times at us from a distance of ten feet, and if he plants one bullet within twelve inches of any part of us we will denote fifty dollars for a local hospital. He doesn't belong out here at all. His sphere lies in peddling popcorn in the effete east.

GOT LEFT ON HYENA ROAST.

As we drove along over a South Carolina highway we encountered a circus and menagerie on the move, and when clear of it we came upon a dozen men standing around the dead body of a hyena. The animal had died in his cage and been hauled out on the ground. He was old and faded and his fur rubbed off in spots, and the circus people decided that the pelt was not worth taking. The party was about to move on when up rode the proprietor of a country hotel about four miles further down the road.

"Look a-here, gentlemen," he said when the incident had been explained to him, "would yo' hev any objections to my cuttin off a hind quarter of that hyena and takin it home?"

"Of course not; but what can you want of it?"

"Wall, Jedge Ridley, of this circuit, will be along to-day, and he will stop



"I'VE HAD MY MIND MADE UP FOR SOME RHINOCEROS POTPIE."

with me fur dinner. The jedge is a mighty odd man. He'll ride up to the hoss block about half past 11 o'clock and sing out:

"'Hello! the tavern!"

"'Wall, jedge, glad to see yo'.'

"'Kin I hev dinner?'

"'Of co'se.'

"'Kin I hev roast hyena fur dinner?'

"'Yo' kin. Git right down and come in. I was expectin yo', and I've got the nicest piece of hyena yo' ever did put yo'r tooth into in all yo'r bo'n days.'

"That's what I want a hind quarter fur," continued the landlord. "The jedge is odd, and I want to please him."

He was told to take the whole body if he wanted it, but he contented himself with a quarter, and was in a happy frame of mind as he rode on with us. We were booked to stop at his place for dinner, and we got around there just before the judge and his white mule came into view down the dusty road. All were anxiously waiting when his honor rode up at a jog trot, stopped at the horse block and called out:

"Hello! the tavern!"

"Hello, jedge!" replied the landlord, as he stepped out into view.

"Kin I hev dinner yere?"

"Of co'se yo' kin."

"I'm powerful hungry."

"Glad to hear it, jedge—glad to hear it."

"And I'm sorter pertickler about my eatin."

"Yes, I know."

"I've got my mind made up fur—fur"——

"Reckon yo' hev, jedge, an yo' won't be disappointed," put in the landlord as he grinned and rubbed his hands at thought of the roast hyena back in the kitchen.

"As I was sayin," continued his honor as he slowly dismounted, "I've had my mind made up fur some rhinoceros potpie, and bein as you've got it I guess I'll stop with yo' while the mewl takes a rest."

We tried to argue the landlord into the belief that life was worth the living, but it couldn't be done. He sat down and beckoned for death to come and strangle him. M. QUAD.

Cold Weather Trials.

DEAR SIRS,—This fall and winter I suffered from neuralgia in my face, and had the best medical advice without avail. I at last thought of trying B. B. B., and after using one bottle, have not felt any symptoms of neuralgia since. I regard it as a fine family medicine. J. T. DROST, Headslip, Man.

For Over Fifty Years.

MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP has been used for over fifty years by millions of mothers for their children when teething, with perfect success. It soothes the child, softens the gums, allays all pain, cures wind colic, and is the best remedy for Diarrhœa. It will relieve the poor little sufferer immediately. Sold by Druggists in every part of the world. Twenty-five cents a bottle. Be sure and ask for "Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup," and take no other kind
aul-d&w-1y

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

KASLO CITY,
KOOTENAY LAKE, B. C.

POPULATION POURING IN!

Kaslo is the Headquarters of the Great Slocan Mining Region

You Cannot Make a Better Investment
Than by Buying in Kaslo.

PRICES ARE SURE TO RAPIDLY ADVANCE

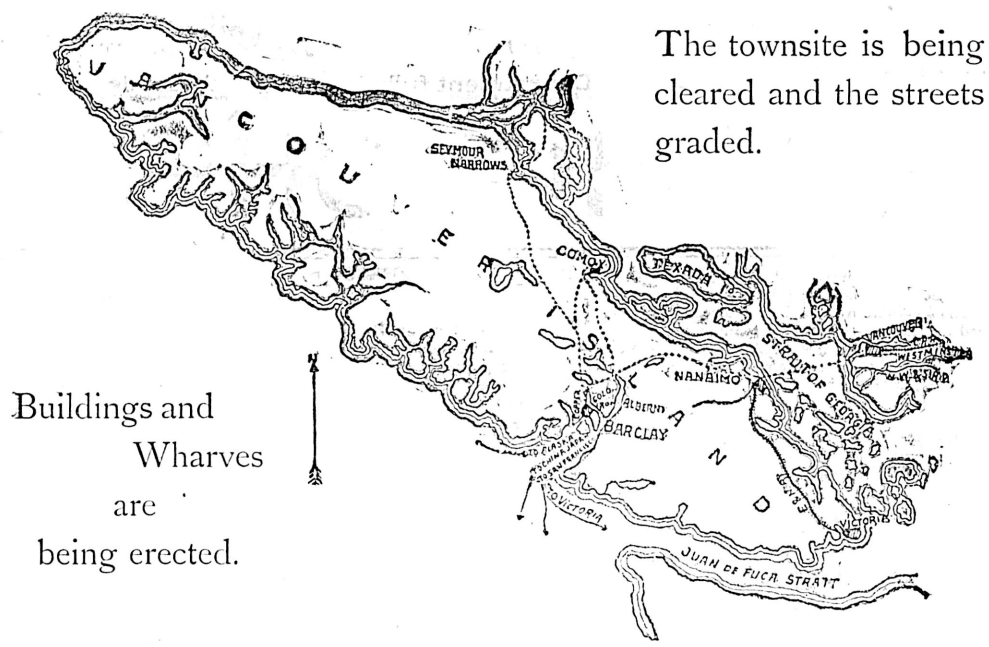
Information may be had from the various agencies in British Columbia, and in Spokane, Butte and Helena, or at the office of

IRVING & HAYWOOD,
General Agents Kaslo-Kootenay Land Co.,
WILLIAMS' BUILDING, - 28½ BROAD ST., VICTORIA, B.C.

Look at the situation of

BARCLAY

As shown on this map, and inquire into its possibilities.



The townsite is being cleared and the streets graded.

Buildings and Wharves are being erected.

Information may be had from the undersigned.

GENERAL AGENTS:
CRANE, McGREGOR & BOGGS,
PAGE & McGREGOR,
YOUNG, BARTLETT & CO,

The Barclay Sound Land and Improvement Co.,
VICTORIA, B. C.

—COAL—

The New Vancouver Coal Mining and Land Co., Ltd.

FORMERLY THE VANCOUVER COAL CO.)

ARE THE LARGEST COAL PRODUCERS ON THE PACIFIC COAST.

THE NANAIMO COAL. (Used principally for Gas and Domestic purposes.)

THE SOUTH FIELD COAL. (Steam Fuel.)

THE NEW WELLINGTON COAL.

(House and Steam Coal.) Are mined by this Company only.

THE "NANAIMO" COAL gives a large percentage of Gas, a high Illuminating power, unequalled by any other Bituminous Gas Coals in the world, and a superior quality of Coke.

THE "SOUTH FIELD" COAL is now used by all the leading Steamship Lines on the Pacific.

THE "NEW WELLINGTON" COAL, which was introduced early in the present year, has already become a favorite fuel for domestic purposes. It is a clean, hard coal, makes a bright and cheerful fire, and its lasting qualities make it the most economical fuel in the market.

The several Mines of the Company are connected with their Wharves at Nanaimo and Departure Bay, where ships of the largest tonnage are loaded at all states of the tide. Special dispatch is given to Mail and Ocean Steamers.

SAMUEL M. ROBINS,
Superintendent.

NORTH BRITISH AND MERCANTILE
INSURANCE COMPANY.

SPECIAL NOTICE.

Messrs. TURNER, BEETON & CO. are authorized to collect all renewal premiums upon policies covering property in the Island of Vancouver, to issue policies and generally to transact all necessary business in connection with the Company's Agency.

THOMAS DAVIDSON,
Managing Director in Canada.
oc30-6 m

IT IS AN ADMITTED FACT
—THAT—
THOUSANDS OF DOLLARS
are annually wasted by advertisers in not using enough
BRAINS
in the preparation of advertising matter.

Address M. H. R., Colonist Office
fe12-tf

SHIPS AND STEAMERS.

CANADIAN PACIFIC RY.
Royal Mail Steamship Line,
—THE—
IMPERIAL SHORT ROUTE
—TO—
CHINA AND JAPAN.

TABLE OF SAILING,
Subject to change and individual postponement

Steamship.	Arrive Victoria About.	Leave Victoria
Empress of Japan	April 19	April 27
Empress of China	May 7	May 15
Empress of India	May 28	June 5
Empress of Japan	June 18	June 26
Empress of China	July 9	July 17
Empress of India	July 30	August 7

Round trip tickets a reduced rates on sale at Company's office. Also through tickets to all principal points on American, European and Asiatic Continents.
Tickets from Victoria **Around the World, good to go in either direction,** together with pamphlets, guide books, time tables and full information. Call on or address

ALLAN CAMERON, Agent, Government St., Victoria, B.C.
D. E. BROWN, Asst. Gen'l Pass. Ag't, Vancouver, B.C.
fe23

HO! FOR THE EAST!

THE UPTON LINE
OF STEAMSHIPS.

Good Passenger Accommodation!

$300! $300! $300!

Round trip to Yokohama, Kobe and Hongkong, good for six months, only $300, including all stop-over privileges. Sailing monthly from Victoria.

THE SS. "ZAMBESI,"
Due 1st April, via Honolulu.
THE SS. "BATAVIA,"
Due 15th April.

Passengers are assured of every attention, comfort and civility while on board.
For further particulars and every information apply to
F. C. DAVIDGE & CO., Agents.
131 Government St.
ily7

PACIFIC COAST S. S. CO.

DESPATCH A STEAMER EVERY SEVEN days for San Francisco, carrying Her Majesty's mails, from Outer Wharf at 11 a.m.
WALLA WALLA - APRIL 13
R. P. RITHET & CO., Agents.
mar28

UNION : STEAMSHIP
COMPANY, B. C., L'D.
Head Office and Wharf - Vancouver, B C
VANCOUVER AND NANAIMO
SS. CUTCH

LEAVES C. P. R. Wharf daily at 1:00 p. m.
RETURNING from Nanaimo at 7:00 a. m.
Cargo at company's wharf until noon.

Steamers and scows always available for excursion, towing and freighting business. Ample storage accommodation on company's wharf. Particulars on application to office.
WM. WEBSTER, Manager.
Telephone 91. P. O. Box 217.
fe14-1m

ESQUIMALT AND NANAIMO RAILWAY



Steamer ISABEL
J. E. BUTLER, Master.

On and after November 19th, 1889,
UNTIL FURTHER NOTICE,
The Steamer ISABEL will sail as follow
CALLING AT WAY PORTS:
Leave Victoria for Nanaimo, Tuesdays, 5.00 a.m.
" Nanaimo " Comox, Wed'days, 7.00 "
" Comox " Nanaimo, Fridays, 7.00 "
" Nanaimo " Victoria, Saturdays, 7.00 "
For freight or passage apply on board. feb5

CANADIAN PACIFIC
NAVIGATION
COMPANY, (Limited.)

Time Table No. 17, takes effect April 1, 1892.

Vancouver Route:
Victoria to Vancouver—Daily, except Monday at 2 o'clock, a.m.
Vancouver to Victoria—Daily, except Monday at 13 o'clock or on arrival of C. P. R. No. 1 train.

New Westminster Route:
LEAVE VICTORIA for New Westminster Ladner's Land'g and Lulu Island—Sunday at 23 clock. Wednesdays and Fridays at o'clock. (Sunday's steamer to New Westminster connects with C. P. R train No. 2 going east Monday.)
For Plumper Pass—Wednesdays and Fridays at 7 o'clock.
For Moresby Island—Friday at 7 o'clock.
LEAVE NEW WESTMINSTER for Victoria—Monday at 13 o'clock; Thursday and Saturday at 7 o'clock.
For Plumper Pass—Thursday and Saturda at 7 o'clock.

Northern Route:
Steamships of this Co. will leave for Fort Simpson and intermediate ports on the FIRST and FIFTEENTH of each month When sufficient inducements offer will extend trips to West Coast points and Queen Charlotte Islands

Barclay Sound Route:
Steamer MAUDE leaves Victoria for Alberni and Sound ports the 1st and 15th of each month.
The Company reserves the right of changing this Time Table at any time without notification.
JOHN IRVING, Manager.
G. A. CARLETON, General Agent. ap1

REMOVAL.

JNO. TEAGUE,
ARCHITECT.

Has removed to new offices corner of Broad Street and Trounce Avenue. ab20tf